INSURANCE
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The Bombay Chronicle

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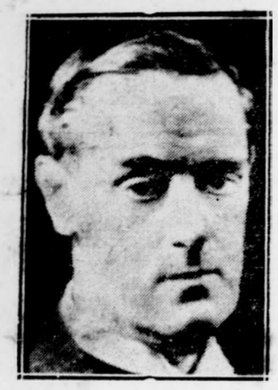
VOL. XXV NO. 63 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, MARCH 16, 1937 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Viceroy Avoids Clear Answer To Mahatma



Lord Linlithgow, the Viceroy, who avoided a straight answer to the question of a clear assurance about use of speical Powers and safeguards if Congress accepted offices.

SURPLUS FOR UNION GOVT.

Havenga's Prosperity Budget Presented To Parliament

CAPE TOWN, March 15.

A surplus of five million pounds sterling was announced by the Finance Minister, the Hon. N. C. Havenga, introducing the budget in the Assembly.

The revised estimate of receipts for the current year amounted to 42,550,000, sterling, an increase of 4,750,000 compared with the original estimate. On the other hand revised estimate of expenditure, at 37,550,000 represented a saving of a million.

The New Mining Taxation scheme produced 9,390,000 and this year it was estimated to raise 9,500,000.

Mr. Havenga anticipates increases of 2,300,000 and 1,250,000 in revenue and expenditure respectively in the coming financial year.

He concluded by pointing out that the present gold mining source of taxation was transient and that it was accompanied by increasing impoverishment of the Union's natural resources. He, therefore, urged the use of the present favourable position to strengthen the country's permanent assets.—Reuter.

"SPAIN'S LENT"

Primate's Pastoral Letter On Civil War

SALAMANCA, March 15.

The Spanish Primate, Cardinal Isildo Goma, in a 40 page pastoral letter entitled "Spain's lent" estimates that the Civil War will have cost one million lives before the end.

He declares that the war is a tribulation visited upon Spain by God so that she may expiate her sins.

The insurgents claim to have penetrated further two miles on the Jarania Sector, capturing the Butanon heights.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS.

CONGRESS CABINET.

NEW DELHI, March 15.

The Working Committee which met for the third time in the course of the day at 8-30 p.m. adjourned at 10-30 p.m. to re-assemble to-morrow morning at 9 a.m. without coming to any decision on the question of office acceptance which engaged the attention of the Working Committee during the whole day.—United Press.

Special Powers And Popular Fears

But Assures Representatives Of Crown Will Work In Co-operative Spirit

"The opportunities for useful and honourable service to the communiity which now lie before Governments and Legislatures in the provincial sphere are indeed very great. I have faith in the zeal and public spirit of those into whose hands the electorates' have entrusted those opportunities declared Lord Linlithgow, the Viceroy in a post-prandial speech in Delhi.

Duty And Privilege

"It will be both the duty and the privilege of the Governors of Provinces and of the Governor-General, in his proper sphere, to collaborate with the several provincial Ministries in their most responsible tasks in a spirit of sympathy, helpfulness and co-operation.

Those Apprehensions

"If all concerned will approach in faith and courage, the great charge which is laid upon them, determined to do their utmost faithfully to serve the highest interest of the people, then I am very confident that those apprehensions and doubts, sincerely held I know, which now trouble many minds will disappear like the mists of morning before the rising sun."

NEW DELHI, March 15.

(Viceroy's Camp.)

The following is His Excellency the Viceroy's speech at a dinner given by Sir Maneckji Dadabhoy on Monday, the 15th March, 1937.

"You have reminded us that India stands at this moment upon the threshold of a profound constitutional change. The great provincial electorates have made their choice and upon the first day of the next month Provincial Autonomy becomes an accomplished fact. From that moment the unitary system of Government, which has for so long a period of time obtained in this country, comes to an end and the eleven provinces of British India adventure forth upon their several ways. It is indeed a moment of the highest political significance and one in which it behoves all public men most anxiously to measure their words.

DOUBLE DUTY

"It is at a time such as this that the representative of the Crown, be he the Governor-General or the Governor of a province, must needs remind himself that it is his bounden duty to stand above party interests and party differences and to keep steadily before his mind his obligations, not only to those whose cause has triumphed, but also to those who have tasted the bitterness of defeat. Let me assure you that in anything I may say this evening that double duty is very present to my mind and again I am bound at this time to remember the fundamental nature of the change that is about to take place as between the Centre and the Provinces. Indeed, it is of the essence of the system of Government upon which we are embarking that it provides for each province free play, within the limits of its domestic policy, to develop in the manner best suited to the circumstances, political and economic, of those who dwell within its bounds.

PROPER LIMITS.

It is most necessary that those of us who approach this question from the view point of the Central Government, whatever the sphere of our responsibility, should keep steadily before us the proper limits of our action towards the provinces and that we should respect scrupulously those limits from the moment that provincial autonomy becomes effective. It is of course inevitable that the advent of constitutional changes should be accompanied by the appearance in the political life of the country of some degrees of stress and difficulty. Indeed, it would be unreasonable to expect that the process of adjustment to the new conditions upon which the country is about to enter will be immediately completed, but I am quite confident that that adjustment will be made and I believe that it will come much sooner and with a good deal less difficulty than many appear to expect.

PRIVILEGES OF GOVERNORS.

The opportunities for useful and honourable service to the community which now lie before Governments and legislatures in the provincial sphere are indeed very great. I have faith in the zeal and public spirit of those into whose hands the electorates have entrusted those opportunities. It will be both the duty and the privilege of the Governors of Provinces and of the Governor-General, in his proper sphere, to collaborate with the several Provincial Ministries in their most responsible tasks in a spirit of sympathy, helpfulness and co-operation. That indeed is the spirit in which this Constitution, constructed after great and prolonged labours by the joint endeavours of the representatives of both races, is offered to the Indian people. If all concerned will approach in faith and courage the great charge which is laid upon them, determined to do their utmost faithfully to serve the highest interest of the people, then I am very confident that those apprehensions and doubts, sincerely held I know, which now trouble many minds will disappear like the mists of morning before the rising sun.

NOT ENOUGH ASSURANCE

How Viceroy's Speech Is Viewed

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, March 15.

Lord Linlithgow has made a political statement in which he has declared that the apprehensions sincerely felt by certain sections, namely, the Congress, regarding, Governors' Powers and other safeguards would disappear as Governors would tackle the problems in consultation with the Ministers with all sympathy.

It is too early to say what would be the reaction to this in Congress circles, but it is felt that, though the pronouncement may be construed as a step in the right direction, it is not enough assurance.

COMBINE AGAINST CONGRESS

U. Move For Strong Party In Opposition In Joint Meeting Of 2 Houses

LUCKNOW, March 15.

Talks with a responsible Muslim member of the National Agriculturist Party reveal that with the merger of the Independent and National Agriculturist Party Muslim members of the Assembly into the Muslim League, the N.A.P. will be dissolved, since out of the 18 N.A.P. members elected to the Assembly ten are Muslim and, consequent upon last night's agreement with the League, they might along with the Independent Muslims, join the League and in case they do they will have, according to the League resolution to resign their N.I.P. membership.

COME BACK TO LEAGUE FOLD

It is understood that non-Leaguers will join the League 'en masse' sometime in April next. Interest is centred on the fact that some of those now joining the League will be those who resigned the League membership previous to the recent elections, but it is stated that they are taking this step with a view to achieve solidarity in the Muslim ranks and to form a comparatively strong Opposition in the Assembly in which they expect that non-Congress Hindus will also join them.

COMBINE AGAINST CONGRESS

It is further stated that non-Leaguers, who are numerically more than the Leaguers in the Assembly, will join the League Party and the name of the Party might be changed. The gentleman interviewed by the Associated Press stated that this was a step towards making sure an Opposition majority in a combined sitting of the two Houses.—A. P.

CENTRAL PARLIAMENTARY BOARD

Tribute To Sirdar Vallabhbhai

NEW DELHI, March 15.

The All-India Central Congress Parliamentary Board held its last meeting at the Congress Assembly Party's Office at New Delhi, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel presiding. The meeting reviewed the Congress election success and adopted the report of the General Secretaries which will be placed before the Working Committee to-morrow.

COUNTRY CONGRATULATED.

The meeting passed the following resolutions congratulating the country:—

"This Committee offers its most cordial congratulations to all Congress organisations and workers on the striking success of the Congress Election Campaign and places on record its grateful appreciation of the unqualified expression of confidence in the Congress and its policy and programme by the people in general and electorates in particular, in all parts of the country.

"This Committee places on record its appreciation of the ability, resourcefulness and energy with which the President guided the affairs of the Committee and organised the stupendous work of elections in the country with such unique success."

COMMITTEE DISSOLVED.

The Committee approved the nomination of Mr. Rafi Ahmad Kidwai for the bye-election from Bahrachi (U.P.) and Mr. Nurul Hasan from Champaran (Bihar) for the Provincial Assemblies.

It was also resolved that the names of the members of the Central Legislature elected to the Provincial Legislatures be reported to the Working Committee so that necessary steps may be taken to fill up the vacancies.

The Committee referred all pending questions to the Working Committee and also requested the Working Committee to arrange for the bye-elections to the Central Assembly wherever necessary.

Finally the Committee resolved to dissolve itself as it had completed its task.—A.P.

Search For Agreed Formula

CONGRESS CABINET AND OFFICE QUESTION

Members Scrutinise Special Powers And Safeguards In India Act

NEW DELHI, March 15.

The Working Committee held another inconclusive sitting from two to half-past-five in the afternoon when Mahatma Gandhi joined the deliberations.

The Committee is understood to have tackled the question of office acceptance.

The General Secretary merely announced that there was no statement for the Press and that the Committee would resume discussions again at 8-30 to-night.

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, March 15.

Though the Working Committee had not come to a final decision when, they rose this evening after three and a half hours' full-dress debate on the "pros and cons" of office acceptance with the assistance of Mahatmaji, it had covered a good deal of ground and the members of the Committee now know what exactly will be the wording of the resolution on the question.

The committee which had met in Prof. Malkani's place in the morning shifted in the afternoon to the building where Gandhiji is staying. Real discussion on the office question is stated to have taken place in the afternoon. Perfect understanding and cordiality prevailed among the members of conflicting views on the question and either section seemed anxious to evolve a formula acceptable to both. Pandit Jawaharlal had with him the views of the Provincial Congress Committees, Mr. K. T. Shah's book on Provincial Autonomy as also Dr. A. Ahmad's book on the Government of India Act.

The Committee is stated to have gone through the Sections of the Act regarding Safeguards and Special Powers with a view to see how far they helped to achieve the Congress objective in ending the Act.

Besides two dozen press representatives, there were many Congressmen eagerly waiting at the Harijan Colony eight miles away from the City in order to hear about the decision. They only heard the loud laughter of all the members emanating from the first story of the building where the Working Committee was meeting. When the meeting adjourned at 5-30 to meet at 8130 members came out all together Pandit cutting jokes.

Sardar Vallabhbahi, Mr. Bhulabhai, Pandit Govind Ballagh Pant, Narendra Dev and Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar drove to Phirozsha Road to meet the members of the Central Parliamentary Board and discuss with them about the work in the legislatures.

Members of the Working Committee were informed by the Congress President that details of the discussions were leaking out and appearing in the press in spite of strict warning and reminded the members of his circular warning against any leakage. Hence the leaders literally avoided the press representatives.

HEAVY AGENDA FOR A. I. C. C

Important Question To Come For Discussion

NEW DELHI, March 15

The Associated Press understands that the Working Committee, besides discussing the office question and taking a final decision on the matter, has a heavy programme.

In the first instance, the Committee has to arrange details of the convention and the form of the oath to be taken by Congress legislators who will assemble in large numbers here during the coming three or four days. The Committee has also to draw up programmes, and organise the speakers for the All-India Congress Commtitee meeting.

VARIED AGENDA

The appointment of a permanent organising secretary, the method of election to the All-India Congress Committee from Bengal, consideration of the question of the establishment of a Department of Congress Service, the appointment of a Labour Committee, fixing up the time table for the next Congress elections, consideration of the Bengal elections to the legislatures, and arranging a programme for national week in April are among some of the important items that will come up before the Committee during this session.

Another important and difficult question with which the Committee will have to deal is the definition of the exact relations of Provincial Congress Parliamentary parties with Provincial Congress Committees, with particular reference to composite Congress provinces. This, for instance, will involve consideration of the situation created in the Central Provinces by the formation of separate groups of Congress legislators elected from Mahakoshal Congress Province to the Central Provinces Legislative Assembly.

RESOLUTIONS

The Committee has also to go through a large number of resolutions notice of which has been given by private members of the A.I.C.C., and to see how many of them overlap each other, how many of them are covered either by the A.I.C.C. or the Congress resolutions, and how many of them could be taken up during the forthcoming session of the A.I.C.C.

With regard to the office question, the members present here do not expect that a final decision on the matter will be reached before to-morrow evening.—A. P.

SOCIALIST SUPPORT TO MAHATMA?

NEW DELHI, March 15.

Talks with a prominent office-bearer of the Congress Socialist Party by a "United Press" representative to-day reveal that, although as a Party they would oppose office acceptance by Congressmen, as a matter of tactics they may at the last moment lend support at the A. I. C. C. meeting to Mahatma Gandhi's formula of conditional acceptance as they feel that a written assurance by Governors not to make use of Special Powers which Mahatmaji is reported to have insisted on, would eventually result in non-acceptance of office by Congressmen.

Mahatma Gandhi, who is stated to insist on a written assurance that Governor's powers will not be used, as condition precedent to Congress forming ministries.

HOSTILITY TO INDIA ACT

Butler Doesn't Attach Undue Significance To Hartal On April 1

LONDON, March, 15.

In the House of Commons replying to Mr. Sorensen, Mr. Butler said that he was aware that Congress had declared Hartal on April 1, as an expression of hostility towards the New Constitution, but he had no statement to make.

Mr. Sorensen: "Does Mr. Butler realise that in view of the fact that Congress candidates have been returned with a majority, the decision of the Congress will be implemented on that day?"

Mr. Butler: "One day Hartal is a common form of demonstration and I do not think undue significance need be attached to this decision".—Reuter.

AKOLA MUNICIPALITY GIVES LEAD

To Close All Offices And Schools On April 1

AKOLA: March 14.

The Akola Municipal Committee in its general meeting held yesterday evening unanimously decided to close all Municipal offices and schools on 1st of April, 1937, in response to the resolution of the Indian National Congress. —A. P.

SUPPORT TO NARIMAN

Move For Special Meeting Of Corporation

The following requisition has been sent by Mr. E. R. Hirjibehdin to the Mayor regarding Mr. K. F. Nariman to convene a Special Meeting of the Corporation. The following among others are also the signatories: Mr. A P. Sabawala, Mr. Meyer Nissim, Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Mr. D. S. Babreker and Mr. Sultan Chinoy.

We the undersigned members of the Municipal Corporation request your honour to call a special meeting of the corporation at an early date in order to enable them to give expression to their feelings of appreciation to the attitude taken up by Mr. K. F. Nariman regarding leadership of the Congress party in the Legislative Assembly.

SEE PAGE 7

Malaviya For Delhi

BENARES, March 15

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya left to-day for Delhi to attend the All-India Congress Committee and the All-India Convention.—A. P.

THE BEST WAY

to

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To-day's Opportunities

is to scan through the short advertisements in The People's Own Paper—"The Bombay Chronicle."

TABULATED ADLETS

Low-Cost Advertisements

INFORMATION

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS under the heading "Automobile", "Bicycles and Motorcycles", "Books and Magazines", "Cameras and Optical Goods," "Dressmaking", "Employment Agencies", "Educational", "Household Furnishings", "Jewellery", "Machinery and Equipment", "Musical Instrument", "Miscellaneous", "Patents", "Radio" "Real Estate", "Situation Vacant" "To Rent", "Travel", "Typewriter", "Wanted Items", etc. are inserted at the rate of ONE ANNA per word and the minimum charge being Re. 1 for 16 words. When special heading is desired Annas four extra will be charged per line.

REDUCTION: Until further notice for all bona-fide tabulated adlets advertisers, the following concession is allowed, provided the total number of insertion required in one week is ordered at a time and cash payment is made with the order:

Once in a week ..... Full rate
Thrice and over in a week..25 per cent

HOW TO REMIT MONEY: All postal orders should be made payable to "The Bombay Chronicle" and crossed. The advertiser should send the Receipt Coupon, with the letter containing Tabulated Adlet advertisement All money orders should bear the signature of issuing officer and the stamp of issuing office Crossed cheques are accepted and should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" but insertion of the advertisement will be withheld until cashed Registered post should be used when urrency notes and stamps are sent for payment

NAME AND ADDRESS: Every bona fide advertisement should bear the name and address of the advertiser in spite of not being necessary for publication.

HOW TO SEND REPLIES: Replies to advertisements should be addressed carefully as follows: "Advt Box No ... "The Bombay Chronicle". Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. To prevent mistakes and to avoid misdelivery the Box No ... should be written very distinctly and as the specimen shown above

BOX NO When Box No is given to the advertisements of private nature the five words "Box No. ..... "Bombay Chronicle" will be charged for

REDIRECTING REPLIES For redirecting replies to our Mofussil advertisers no extra charge is made

LOCAL ADVERTISERS: Can collect replies addressed to their Box No .... by producing Cash Receipt at the "Bombay Chronicle" office during working hours, between 11 a.m to 6 p.m

RESERVED RIGHTS: The management reserves the right to revise any advertisement or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

UNCLAIMED REPLIES: After 30 days all unclaimed replies will be destroyed.

LOSS IN TRANSIT: "The Chronicle" does not assume any responsibility for replies lost or mislaid in transit.

REPETITION IN "SENTINEL": Tabulated Adlets appearing in "The Chronicle" will be charged at half the price if inserted in the "Sentinel" same day.

To ensure prompt publication of your Tabulated Adlets, cash payment strictly in advance is necessary.

8. MATRIMONIAL.

Wanted Suitable Bride (Caste immaterial) for a Rajput Bachelor Taluqdar—Ph. D. of an European University. Correspond with: H. P. Singh, C|o Tata Iron & Steel Co., Ltd. Cawnpore. 7916.

Wanted Immediately Match for Extremely handsome young Kumar, educated and brought up in England, belonging to most influential multi-millionaire Brahmin family of Assembly member. Only Chiefs, Rajas, Prominent Zamindars, Biggest class people apply: Madanmohan Khanna, Advocate, Delhi. (4924).

9. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Immediately Expert Soap Manufacture Glycerine process also experienced Radio Mechanics, Turbine Engineer. Apply Box 7921, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Managers, Cashiers, Clerks Accountants, & Organizers fo. branches to be opened. Decent Salaries. Apply to Standard Industrial Bank Ltd., Lahore. 7919.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted—Englishman or England returned Indian possessing academic qualifications and coaching experience for the training of a young prince. Apply stating lowest terms with copies of testimonials, age, other qualifications etc. to Box 5076, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Lecturers in (1) English, (2) History, (3) Geography and History, each at Rs. 120 p.m. A degree of M.A. or better is a necessary qualification. Apply stating age, academic qualifications and teaching experience not later than 4th April to the Principal, Baroda College. 5070.

Wanted—Fresh M. Sc. with Chemistry to serve in Bombay on scale Rs. 60 to Rs. 110 for three years. Apply Box No. 7903, "Bombay Chronicle."

TO
ALL THOSE WHO
ARE UNEMPLOYED

"Chronicle" in order to assist all those who are without employment requiring full time or part-time positions, offers to insert an advertisement in the Tabulated adlets columns, FREE OF CHARGE provided the unemployed are married, have been out of job for one full year, and have experience at anyone trade or profession for five continuous years. Only three names will be accepted for free advertisement in any one class of work.

The management reserves the right to revise or refuse any advertisement without assigning any reason for doing so.

Wanted an experienced second class Mechanical Engineer for our Pottery Works at Jubbulpore. Pay according to qualifications with good future prospects. Apply at once with copies of testimonials stating qualifications, age, past experience etc., to The Managing Agent, Perfect Pottery Co., Limited, Jubbulpore. (5055).

Wanted: A capable man, in Modern designs in Architect's office. Apply Box No. 7887, "Bombay Chronicle."

10 SITUATIONS WANTED

Competent, energetic young man of seven years experience in Engineering outdoor and office works seeks employment in any construction engineering concern. Write to Box No. 2574, "Bombay Chronicle."

Trained librarian, knowing typing, publicity work, salesmanship seeks situation in any capacity. Twenty years of experience. Excellent references furnished Will accept living wage. Please write to Box No. 2669, "Bombay Chronicle."

Read Attractive Offers in "Chronicle"

Ayurvedic doctor with twelve years' experience in the profession seeks any position. Prefer to act as family doctor to some influential families in Bombay or work in any charitable institution. Apply to Box No. 2616 "Bombay Chronicle."

Gentleman with 25 years thorough experience as General Manager of well-known firms located in various parts of India and Ceylon seeks position of shop or assistant or branch manager in any reputable commercial or industrial concern. Possess excellent testimonials. Please write to Box No. 2643 "Bombay Chronicle."

First-Class qualified Mechanical Engineer seeks employment in any part of India, Burmah, Assam or East Africa having sound experience of 15 years as a Chief Engineer can best stand for the posts of Boiler Inspector Weights and Measures Warden Power House Engineer, Water Works Engineer, Mill Engineer, Sugar Mill Engineer, Cement Factory Engineer, Ginning and Pressing Factory Engineer. Can immediately join. Please apply to Box No. 2617, "Bombay Chronicle."

10. SITUATIONS WANTED.

Typist—Clerk with 15 years' experience seeks situation in any Solicitor's office. Passed London Chamber of Commerce course. Will accept any reasonable salary. Write to Box No. 2651, "Bombay Chronicle."

Efficient typist, general clerk with ten years' experience in Bombay Solicitors and Commercial firms seeks situation. Willing to accept any reasonable salary. Apply Box No. 2630. "Bombay Chronicle."

14. HOUSES & FLATS TO LET

TO BE LET: Behind Wilson College Chawpaty, one decent airy flat on second floor rent Rs. 125 for vegetarian Hindus, apply there to Mr. Banker. No. 45, Chawpaty. (7892).

31. MOTOR CARS FOR SALE.

Immediate Sale, Fiat seven seater saloon tiptop condition, reasonable offer accepted. Apply Post Box 542, Bombay. 7917.

68. PARTNERSHIPS

Expert requires financing partner. who can invest immediately Rs. 10,000 for Profitable Business. Write Box No. 7920, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Financing Partner for very profitable industry sure profits guaranteed. Please write to Box No. 7899, "Bombay Chronicle."

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted—Agents to sell silk sarees etc. samples Free. Jagannath Chananram, Ludhiana. 7857

Exclusive Right:—Wanted by an old Life Office intending Intensive Organisation organising Agents with exclusive rights over areas comprising several districts. Highly remunerative terms. Please apply immediately Box 5048, "Bombay Chronicle".

99. MACHINERY WANTED.

Wanted a Second hand single Cotton Bailing Press box 18 feet one Boiler 30 x 8 or 30 x 7 1|2 pressure lbs. 160 or 180. Reply Messrs. Bishakhiram Bishandass Sangla (Distt. Sheikhupura) (Punjab) 7900.

103. LIVE STOCK.

Ionic—Bay Country Bred Mare has played one season, should make good tournament pony. Good mouth, bold fast and very handy. A very good looking pony, has won in the show-ring. Believed sound and passed as charger. Price Rs. 1,500. Apply Box No. 2636, "Bombay Chronicle."

Chestnut half bred Australian mare, Good mouth, extremely handy, very easy to play, reasonably fast, absolutely bold. Has played in many tournaments. Would make an ideal mount for a keen beginner. Has a delightful disposition and has won in the showring with a child up. Also good across country, pigsticking and carries a side saddle. Believed sound. Price Rs. 1.000 reasonable offer. Apply Box No. 2637, "Bombay Chronicle."

Liver chestnut stud bred mare exceptionally easy to play. Would be perfect for beginner. Also good across country. Believed sound and passed as charger. Apply Box No 2638, "Bombay Chronicle."

TYPEWRITER

Walida Typewriter in good condition apply Box No. 7906, "Bombay Chronicle."

DEALERS WANTED

To handle tea consignment. Best quality tea in original packing at very reasonable price Only dealers should write for supply straight from the plantations. Write to Box No. 2679 "Bombay Chronicle."

WIRELESS APPARATUS

"Skyscraper" lissen 4 valve Wireless Set without batteries for sale Rs. 300. or nearest offer. Apply Box No. 2657, "Bombay Chronicle".

BIRDS, ETC.

For Sale—Rs. 50 each two good whistling mimicking Shamas with real cages. Apply Box No. 2663. "Bombay Chronicle."

TOOLS & MACHINERY

Bargains—55|60 H. P. Crossby Suction Gas Engine with Producer; Deutz 20 H. P. Diesel Engine with 10 Kw 110 Volt Dynamo, fifty 110 Volt Fans, Engines, Boilers, Pumps. Apply Box No. 2652

12 Cwts. Steam Hammer at Jubbulpore, 25 and 30 N.H.P. Locotype Boilers, Steam Tractor and Portable Steam Engines, all 150 lbs. pressure. Milling Machine Apply Box No. 2569.

STAMP, ETC.

Wanted—Indian States stamps very old. Will pay cash. Send list and price asked to Box No. 2653 "Bombay Chronicle."

AUTOMOBILE

1933 Standard Big 9, 30 Miles per gallon, Insured and taxed June, selfdriven, sound, tourer, maroon 1,250. Apply Box No. 2631, "Bombay Chronicle."

BEAUTY REQUISITFS

Wanted—A Eugene permanent wave machine in good working condition. Apply Box No 2671, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion
1st Insertion	.. Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	.. Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	.. Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	.. Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE.

THE EASTERN BANK LIMITED
(Incorporated in England)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be CLOSED from 19th March to 3rd April, 1937, both days inclusive.

5064.

WANTED FOR THE PHYSICS DEPARTMENT OF THE ALLAHABAD UNIVERSITY.

A temporary READER in Physics on Rs. 350 p.m. for about two years from July 1937. The post is likely to be made permanent in the grade of Rs 350-15-380-20-500-25-600. Candidates should possess sufficient experience of teaching and research and should have a good knowledge of modern developments in Physics. The selected candidate will also have to guide research students.

Applications stating age, academic qualifications, (degrees with the name of the University and the Division secured) research and teaching experience accompanied by copies of testimonials (which will not be returned) should reach the Registrar by the 3rd of April 1937.

Any attempt to exercise unfair influence either personally or through friends will be considered a disqualification.

J. M. DAVID.
Registrar.
Allahabad University.
Senate House Allahabad:
Dated 12th March, 1937.

5079.

Public Notices.

THE INDIAN IRON AND STEEL CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS to enable the Company to proceed with the issuing of New Scrip, Shareholders are requested to return immediately all Old Share Scrips in their possession, or the Deposit Letter given in exchange for Old Scrips already deposited with the Company.

By Order of the Board,
BURN & CO.,
Managing Agents.
Calcutta, 12th March. 1937.

5077.

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. F. E. DINSHAW LIMITED have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client, Seth Jamnalal Bajaj.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at No. 80, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same if any will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground in the village of (Juhu Tara) or Jutara Juven near Andheri in the Registration Sub-district of Bandra, District Bombay, Suburban, bearing Entry No. 140, Survey No. 36, Pot No. 2 and believed to admeasure twenty-four thousand three hundred and seventy-four (24374) square yards or thereabouts and bounded on the east by a Road on the west by the property of Francis Manoo Gomes and on the South partly by the property of Asoot Dooming Cross and partly by the property of Inamdar.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground being the part called Khengachi wari, bearing Entry No. 139, Survey No. 36, Pot No. 1, admeasuring nine thousand eight hundred and forty-five square yards or thereabouts the assessment payable thereon being Rupees thirty-one (Rs. 31) and situated in the village of Juven Tara in the Registration Sub-division of Bandra, District Bombay Suburban Taluka Salsette Zilla Thana and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the North by the land, bearing pot No. 2 of Survey No. 36, on or towards the South by the land, bearing Pot No. 3, Survey No. 35, belonging to Narottam Morarjee, on or towards the East by Public Passage and beyond that by the land, bearing Survey No. 52 on or towards the West by the land bearing Survey No. 55, belonging to Manekji Sorabji Captain.

THIRDLY:—All that piece or parcel of land, situate at Juhu in the Registration Sub-district of Bandra District of Bombay Suburban lying between Survey No. 36 pot No. 1 and 2 and the foreshore admeasuring thirteen thousand one hundred and seventy three and one-third square yards the unwashed and intact portion whereof admeasure 5301-61 square yards or thereabouts and being part of Survey Nos. 55 and 56 and bounded on or towards the East by Survey No. 36 pot No. 1 and 2 on or towards the West by the foreshore and on or towards the North and South by portions of the said Survey Nos. 56 and 65 respectively.

FOURTHLY:—All those pieces or parcels of land being a cocoanut part, situate at Juhu Tara, in the Bombay Suburban District, Sub-District Bandra, admeasuring together 41 and 5/8 Gunthas or thereabouts be the same a little more or less, on the said pieces bearing Entry No. 157, Survey No. 40 Pot No. 1, Hissa No. 1 and admeasuring 11½ Gunthas and the second piece bearing Entry No. 159, Survey No. 40, Pot No. 2 Hissa No. 1, admeasuring 29 Gunthas and the third piece bearing Survey No. 40 pot No. 2 Hissa No. 2 forming part of the estate of the late Thomas D'Monte on which Narotam Morarji had once made a claim but which claim he has subsequently withdrawn and which piece of land, admeasures 1 1/8th Gunthas and which said three pieces are bounded, on or towards the North by Pot No. 3 of Survey No. 40, on or towards the South by pot No. 1 and Hissa No. 2 of Survey No. 40 and belonging to I. A. Creado, on or towards the East by pot Nos. 4 and 5 of Survey No. 5 belonging to Narsing Bhau Thacker and on or towards the west by Survey No. 56 Pot No. 2.

Dated this 10th day of March, 1937.

MANILAL [illegible] AMBALAL,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

5084.

Public Notices

DELHI MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for supply of Drugs and Sundries etc., for the civil Hospital and branch Dispensaries Delhi for the Year 1937-38.

List of requirements and conditions, etc., can be obtained from this office on payment of Rs. 2.

Tenders should reach the undersigned not later than 10th April, 1937, together with an earnest money of Rs. 500 without which no tender will be entertained.

(Sd.) SOHAN LAL,
R.B., M.B.E. P.C.S. (Retired),
Secretary, Municipal Committee, Delhi.

5075.

THE INDIAN IRON & STEEL CO., LTD.

4 P. C. CONVERTIBLE SECOND MORTGAGE DEBENTURE STOCK

Holders of Stock may now convert into Ordinary Shares. Forms of Notice, etc. may be obtained from the Registered Office, 12, Mission Row, Calcutta.

By Order of the Board
BURN & CO.,
Managing Agents.
Calcutta, 12th March, 1937.

5078.

S.S. "KOSHIN MARU"

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per the above steamer are hereby informed of her arrival here on 14th March, 1937, from Japan via ports en route and requested to present Bills of Lading for counter-signature without delay. Applications for survey should be made in writing to the undersigned within 7 days after discharging and prior to removal of cargo from the Landing Shed. Consignments of Tallow shipped per M. S. "Brisbane Maru" from New Zealand Ports have also arrived per this steamer.

N. MATSURA.
Manager,
Osaka Shosen Kaisha.

Legal Notices

SUMMONS TO DEFENDANT.

IN THE COURT OF THE FIRST CLASS SUBORDINATE JUDGE AT NASIK.

Small Cause Civil Suit No. 2249 of 1936.

G. K. DATE, Proprietor of G. K. Date and Sons, residing in Bombay and Nasik...Plaintiff.

vs.

WAMANRAO BAPUJI MAHANT, Manager Malegaon Electric Supply Company, Malegaon ..... Defendant.

TAKE NOTICE that the plaintiff aforesaid has filed the civil suit against you for Rs. 450 with costs due from you on balance of account. You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person or through duly instructed pleader who is able to answer all material questions relating to the suit on the 6th day of April 1937; at 11 a.m. failing which the said suit will be heard and decided in your absence.

Y. K. SULE,
Clerk of the Court,
First Class Sub-Judge's Court, Nasik.

5080.

Public Notices.

THE MANMAR MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the above Company will be held on WEDNESDAY, the 31st day of March, 1937, at 12 Noon (S. T.) at the Registered Office of the Company at 41A, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, to consider what steps should be taken by the Board of Directors regarding disputes which have arisen between the Board of Directors and Messrs. Nensey Shivjee & Co., the Agency Firm and to pass the necessary resolutions.

MAGANLAL D. KHAKHAR,
Chairman.
Dated 15th March, 1937.

5081.

Auction Sales

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO PROVISION MERCHANTS

SALE ON SATURDAY THE 20TH INSTANT AT 11 O'CLOCK IN THE MORNING.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., will under instructions from Messrs. Damkewalla & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees-in-possession and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagors Bai Shirinbai Merwan Irani and Bai Motibai Behram Irani trading under the name and style of B. K. Irani sell by Public Auction as above at No. 4 to 6 Shop of B. K. Irani, E Block, Sitaram Building, Market Road, (near Crawford Market) a large stock of cold storage provision comprising:—

Fish, small and big games, meat, cheese ham, bacon, fruits, etc.

Cash will be required at the time of knocking the lot to the purchaser and goods removed immediately after the sale is over

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF TIMBER SHOP SITUATE AT VICTORIA ROAD, BYCULLA.

Under instructions from the Official Assignee of Bombay and Assignee of estate and effects of insolvent Ismail Alimahomed Patanwala, Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., Auctioneers will sell by public auction the above Timber shop on THURSDAY, 18th March, 1937, at 3-0 P. M. (S.T.) on site.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Govt. Auctioneers

BENNETT & Co.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE DIAMOND ORNAMENTS.

Under instruction from Seth Dahyabhai Chagganlal and on account and at the risk of the party concerned, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will (TO-DAY) TUESDAY, the 16th March, 1937, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their Room:—

4 Diamond Bangles.
1 Pair Diamond Ear-rings.
1 Diamond mangal sutra.
1 Diamond Collar of 4 strings.

The above is on view. A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.

BOX NUMBER ADS

Reply by letter to the "Chronicle" Office will be placed at once in the Box of the Advertiser.

For Mofussil and Local, see the information on Tabulated Adlets.

Rs. 100 REWARD

Will be paid by the "Chronicle" for information leading to the arrest and conviction of anyone obtaining money fraudulently through Tabulated Adlets published in its columns.

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"Chronicle" maintains an Ad-writing Department to help you word your Tabulated Adlets to secure the best results

There is NO CHARGE for service.
Time: 11-30 a.m. to 1-30 p.m.

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A Tabulated Adlets Ad-Viser is near you as your telephone. If not and if you prefer, a "Chronicle" man will call at your home or office in the Fort Area only or advice will be given by Post.

IMPORTANT

All Tabulated Adlets from our Mofussil patrons should reach our Office at least one day prior to the date of publication. And in order to correctly insert the advertisement "Chronicle" requests that the matter should either be typewritten or written in block-letters to avoid mistakes.

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NO GRANT FOR PRIMARY SCHOOL

But Vile Parle Municipality Appreciates Services Of G. K. Mandal

(From Our Own Correspondent).
VILE PARLE, Monday.

The question whether the Municipality should give a special grant to a particular primary school in municipal area was decided in the negative at yesterday's meeting of the Vile Parle Municipality on the recommendation of a Special Sub-Committee appointed at the previous meeting.

While appreciating the work of the Vile Parle Gujerati Kelavani Mandal in spreading primary education in Vile Parle, the Sub-Committee did not think it advisable to create any precedent by allowing a special grant to any particular school, however efficient it might be

In doing so, the Committee reviewed the entire financial liability of the Municipality towards primary education and showed that the total amount payable to the District Local Board as Municipal contribution for the year ending 31st March 1937 was no less than Rs. 17,000. Added to this, the contribution for next year was nearly Rs. 13,000 and the Municipality was bound to budget for this provision early next month. Taking into account the other pressing needs like sanitation and roads, the Sub-Committee was of opinion that a further increase in their educational expenditure was unbearable.

For Suburban Board

The Committee, however, recommended that the Suburban School Board be requested to make a suitable grant to the Goklibai High School (Primary Section) as the Municipality was unable to make a special grant to that school.

Mr. G. W. L. Gomes, Chairman of the Committee, moved that the Sub-Committee's report be approved and adopted and that the Suburban School Board be requested immediately to take over primary education of Gujerati children in Vile Parle area and that pending establishment of such a school, the Municipality was of opinion that the Goklibai School should receive an adequate grant-in-aid at the hands of the School Board.

Mr. Gokulbhai Bhatt pleaded for a grant of at least Rs. 500 for 1936-37 and moved an amendment accordingly. But it was defeated only two voting in support of it. Mr. Gomes' resolution was then put to the vote and carried by 7 against 2.

Earlier in the day, the President read a letter received from the Collector, Bombay Suburban District, inviting the attention of the Municipality to their resolution passed last year repudiating a liability of Rs. 10,000 being the amount of balance due to Government in connection with the preparation of Scheme No. V in Andheri which had to be abandoned later. In his letter, the Collector intimated that the said resolution of the Board was not a correct one and asked for the reconsideration of the same. As members wanted more time for consideration of this letter, it was decided to place the letter before the next meeting of the Board.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Monday.

Following up the recent raid at Gunpowder Road, Mazagaon, enquiries were pursued to trace the other members of the gang at work in the city.

On receipt of further information this morning Inspector Mr. Hudson and Rao Saheb Shete of Excise Police accompanied by a pose of constables proceeded to Babula Tank, Umarkhadi and raided Hafiz Manzil where the raiding party, it is alleged, met with obstruction of some Pathans who were the associates of the accused and they objected to the search being made, but with the timely arrival of the City Police on the scene the Pathans made themselves scarce on seeing the approach of the police.

The premises on the second floor was then entered and in the room was found Marshal. He was detained. On entering the second room was found, it is alleged, a miniature distillery actually working and liquor was being drawn off. In the room were found 35 gallons of fermented waste ready for distillation and jars and bottles of illicit liquor.

At this stage Veigas was traced and arrested and all the articles were seized. The case is under enquiry to trace the remaining bootleggers.

A series of gambling raids were launched by Sgt. Glandenning of the Bhoiwada Police and Prevention of Gambling Squad at the week-end, in the north of the City.

All the accused persons were placed before the Dadar Police Court to-day and ordered to be released on bail.

After giving a jerk, Abdul Rahman Kasam was stated to have elbowed his way through girls walking side by side on Gokhale Road, Dadar, on the night of Friday last.

Following the impact, Miss Kassum Shankerrao Mhutkar, fell on the ground, while Miss Indumati Salvi was stated to have been looking at Abdul Rahman Kasam, who had brushed passed them.

Before the girl could get up, a victoria ambled from the opposite direction and ran over the irl causing injuries to her.

Abdul Rahman was put under arrest and was placed before Mr M. A.F. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate, Dadar, to-day on a charge of committing an act endangering human life. He was ordered to be released on bail in the sum of Rs. 100 for a period of ten days, pending further enquiries.

A mechanic in the employ of a dental surgeon at Charni Road was found by a Police Constable lying on the road and vomitting on January 6 last.

He was removed to the hospital and it was subsequently found that he had taken carbolic acid with the intention, as the letter found on his person revealed, to commit suicide.

Naja Becha (18) the dental mechanic was placed before Mr. I. N. Mehta Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum, to-day, and ordered to be enlarged on bail.

An inquest was held to-day, on the body of one Rakhmabai (70) yesterday. She was found dead in her room.

Maruti Govind giving evidence said that, she had become deranged in mind. Police came there and removed her to the morgue.

The jury returned a verdict of death by shock from extensive burns accidentally sustained.

The Coroner's jury returned a verdict of death by acid poisoning, voluntarily administered, at the inquest on Abdulla Dawood (20) a hotel servant.

On Saturday he returned home at midnight and went to bed. His brother giving evidence said that; at about 3 a.m. he began to cry out. He lighted a lamp and found him very restless. The deceased was removed to the J. J. Hospital, where he died on Sunday.

The City Coroner held an inquest to-day on the body of an aged woman named Rajibai Gangia, residing at Fattar Bunder.

On the 27th February, she was going along Frere Road from North to South, when she was knocked down by a tram car. She sustained serious injuries on her head. She was removed to the G. T. Hospital, where she died on Saturday.

The jury returned a verdict of death by being accidentally knocked down by a tram-car at Frere Road.

UTHOL tablets will help you to retain the effervescent energy of youth.

Have that bubbling—ever feeling again feel, as if you could push a brick wall.

A daily tablet will give you a new lease of life; a firmer grip on things—a healthier body and a clearer mind.

Get a box from any good chemists, to-day.

UTHOL tablets kill all which tries to kill the energy of youth.

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Glands Made Active and Youthful Vigour Restored In 24 Hours

American Doctor's Discovery Strengthens Blood, Nerves, Body, Memory, Brain, Muscles, and Endurance—Better Than Gland Operations.

Thanks to the discovery of an American Doctor, it is now possible for those who feel prematurely old, Run-down and Worn-out, to experience again the thrill of Youthful Vigour, Ambition, and Vitality. This great discovery, which is a simple home treatment and can be used secretly by anyone, quickly brings a surplus of vitality and an ability to enjoy the pleasures of life.

No longer is it necessary for you to suffer from Loss of Vigour and Manhood, Weak Memory and Body, Nervousness, Impure Blood, Sickly Skin, Depression and Poor Sleep. Instead you merely take this simple home treatment a few days and you will find that your vigour is restored. No matter what your age, you will find that your gland activity and nerve force is increased and restored. You will find youthful physical power in this discovery, which builds rich, pure blood and literally makes your body tingle with new energy and vitality. This simple home treatment is in pleasant easy-to-take tablet form and thousands who have used it say that it is far better than any other method.

Works in 24 Hours

This new medical discovery, known as Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, has been tested by thousands in America and has achieved results that seem almost miraculous. It has conquered obstinate cases that had defied all other treatment. It has rescued the young from premature old age and debility. It has made older men as good as new. It has brought happiness beyond all price to thousands who believed that they were old, worn-out, and finished with the joys of life. And the beauty of this remarkable discovery is that it brings results so quickly. In 24 hours you can see and feel a tremendous improvement and within one week it will literally make you a new man.

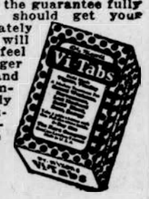
Doctors Praise Vi-Tabs

Doctors in America, and in many other countries too, say that the Vi-Tabs formula is marvelous for those who are old before their time, Run-down, and Worn-out. For instance Dr. T. A. Ellis, of Canada, recently wrote: "Not only does this formula enrich the blood supply of red corpuscles, but it likewise activates the gland system. This is followed by renewed energy and ambition, particularly gratifying to men and women in middle or older ages." And a widely known Italian doctor, Dr. N. G. Giannini, recently wrote: "Tired-out, Frail and Shrunken bodies sorely need the established system building influence of this formula, which works its splendid effects upon the blood, glands, nerves and liver—improves appetite and brings greater strength to weak, nervous, run-down people."

Dr. T. A. Ellis

Guaranteed To Work

Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs are not an experiment. This simple home treatment, which can be used with absolute secrecy, is the prescription of an American doctor. It is amazingly successful and is giving new youth, vitality, and energy to millions in America. Because of its remarkable success, Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs are now distributed by chemists here under a guarantee of complete satisfaction. For this reason you should not experiment with questionable drugs which may be drastic and irritating to the delicate gland and nervous system. Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs not only have proved their sterling worth by helping millions of sufferers, but are guaranteed in your own particular case. Put Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs to the test. See for yourself how much younger, stronger, and more vigourous you can feel with this doctor's prescription. Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs must bring you a new feeling of energy, and vitality, and be entirely satisfactory or you simply return the empty package and it costs nothing under the guarantee. You are the sole judge of your own satisfaction. A special, double-strength bottle of 48 Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs costs only Rs. 4, and lasts eight days. As the guarantee fully protects you, you should get your treatment immediately so that you too will know what it is to feel 10 to 20 years younger and full of vigour and vitality. If your chemist fails to supply you with the genuine Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, do not take chances with any imitation or substitute.



Concert By Hirabai In Aid Of Tondavli Village School Building

In aid of Shree Vageshwar Seva Mandal, Mrs. Hirabai Barodekar, the well-known talented musician, gave a benefit concert last week at the "Blavatsky Lodge". Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, Mayor of Bombay who was to have presided on the occasion was unable to attend owing to indisposition.

The proceeds of the concert will be devoted towards the school building fund of the Mandal.

GOLD AND SILVER WORKERS' UNION

A meeting of the Managing Committee of this Union was held on the 11th instant at the office of the Union when it was resolved (1) to demand additional holiday on every full moon day. (2) to observe 'Hartal' on April 1st to mark the national protest against the inauguration of the new Constitution, (3) to support the programme of the Bombay Tenants' Central Committee and demand the enactment of a rent restricting law for the city of Bombay, and (4) to observe the May Day in co-operation with other Unions.

MASALAWALAS CO-OP

How a co-operative society started on a small scale seven years ago proved a blessing to the small traders was narrated before Prince Aly Khan and Princess Aly Khan on Thur-day morning, when an address was presented to them on behalf of Ismaili Masalawala Co-operative Society at Hasanabad The society was started with a capital of Rs. 10,000 in 1929. It has now a reserve fund of Rs. 2,221 and has advanced loans to the extent of Rs. 17,000. It has a fixed deposit of Rs. 6,000. About 338 petty dealers trading in "masala" are the members of the Society. Prince Aly Khan congratulated the Managing Committee of the Society on the success achieved so far.

Three Jewish settlers were ambushed in the hills of Tiberias District yesterday morning. They were returning home after attending a meeting at Yavnial Settlement, when a fusillade of shots rang out.

One man dropped dead, and his companions were so badly wounded that they died later.

Society Of Textile Chemists For Bombay

A Society of Textile Chemists was formally established in Bombay when about 75 Textile Chemists registered themselves as members at a meeting held at the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Matunga on March 10.

The meeting was convened by Prof. P. N. Joshi of the V. J. T. Institute.

The gathering was representative of the Textile Mills and colour firms and Technological Institutions in Bombay.

A managing Council was then elected and it was decided in the meeting to invite three members on the Council from Textile Centres outside Bombay.

The list of foundation members is to be kept open till the 1st official meeting of the Society. Further particulars may be obtained from the Hon. Secretary, Prof. P. N. Joshi c/o V. J. T. Institute. Matunga, Bombay.

BABY DIES BY MISADVENTURE

It Cried, So Mother Gave It Opium And Saw Stomach Swollen

BOMBAY, Monday.

The inquest on the body of a baby Indirabai, daughter of Kashinath, aged about 8 months, residing at Chawpatty was held to-day.

Her mother stated, that on Friday last the baby cried whole night and gave her a lot of trouble. She was in the habit of giving it a small quantity of opium daily for the past 5 months. That day she gave her the usual pill at about 7 p.m. At midnight the abdomen was seen to be swollen.

The baby was removed to the B. J. Hospital where it died on Saturday.

The jury returned a verdict of death by opium poisoning, the usual Balgoli having proved to be too strong a dose. Deaths was by misadventure.

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(KULVADHU)
WITH
MOTILAL, PESSI PATEL & PANDE
SAGAR MOVIETONE'S GREAT SOCIAL CLASSIC
at
IMPERIAL
TALKIES
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Matinee Sat. & Sun. at 3 P. M.

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.. they do only ½ the job
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JOINT FOUNDER OF EMPIRE OF INDIA INSURANCE CO.

Staff's Tribute To Mr. E. F. Allum For Forty Years' Service

BIMBAY, Monday.

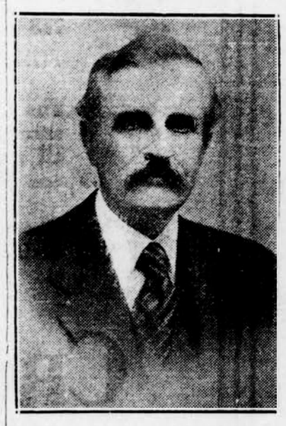
Mr. E. F. Allum, joint Founder and Manager of the Empire of India Life Assurance Co., Ltd. was the recipient this morning of a Memorial presented by the Organising Inspector and the Branch Secretaries of the Company to commemorate his 40 years' connection with the Company since its inception.

Mr. F. E. Allum first came to India in 1888 in the service of an English firm, who were agents for an English Life Assurance Company. His work soon led him to see the great possibilities of Life Assurance in India, and in co-operation with Mr. Rustom E. Bharucha, who was also then connected with insurance, he drew up plans for starting the 'Empire of India.' Mr. Allum and Mr. Bharucha bore the brunt of the work in establishing the Company, and it was due to their active thought and unceasing labour that the Company had so firm a foundation and such immediate success.

Small Beginning

The Company began business on the 1st March, 1897, and for two years its office was in a small room at 29 Esplanade Road. All the work was done by Mr. Allum and Mr. Bharucha and it was not till some months had passed that the first clerk was engaged. All the preliminary expenses were paid for in the first year of the Company's working—a noteworthy feature indicative of careful finance.

The Company has always had a reputation for conservatism in finance, and its present strong financial position is the fruit of such a policy. Starting with a modest paid-up capital of about half a lac, it has today assets exceeding Rs. 4 3/4 crores—a fact


Mr. E. F. ALLUM

Late Mr. R. E. BHARUCHA

which speaks volumes for what can be achieved in a comparatively short period.

Mr. Bharucha's Services

Mr. E. F. Allum and Mr. R. E. Bharucha were respectively the General and Assistant Managers of the Company until 1911, but in that year they joined in partnership and the firms of Messrs. Allum, Bharucha & Co. was appointed Managers of the 'Empire of India.' In 1920 Mr. R. E. Bharucha died after 23 years' unremitting toil and invaluable help on the Company's behalf, and his son Mr. Minocher Bharucha has filled in the vacancy. Since then two sons of Mr. E. F. Allum have also joined the firm and are ably conducting the management of the Company.

With each year the Company is attaining a stronger position as can be evinced from the following figures:—

In 1907, 8,035 polices with a value of Rs. 1,28,90,157 were in force, new assurances were Rs. 35,81,000 total annual income Rs. 3,84,679 and Assets Rs. 17,87,157.

In 1936 there figures had grown to 64,159, Rs. 11,97,99,775, Rs. 1,57,08,922, Rs. 74,63,167 and Rs. 4,64,08,594.

Company's Progress

In making the presentation Mr. J. N. Cooper, the Organising Inspector, said:

I feel exceedingly proud this morning to be called upon by the Branch Secretaries of our Company as their Representative to voice their sincere appreciation for their Manager Mr. E. F. Allum. It was in June 1936 after completing a tour of over 5,000 miles of our Branches in Northern and Central India in the company of our Manager Mr. E. F. Allum that the idea of presenting a suitable Memorial to commemorate Mr. E. F. Allum's 40 years' connections with the Company first occurred to me. I communicated my ideas to our Branch Secretaries who unanimously responded to the suggestion and supplemented their willing support with handsome donations.

Branch Secretaries' Tribute

The memorial consists of a handsomely bound brochure containing letters of appreciation from all the branch secretaries. In his introductory letter Mr J. N. Cooper wrote:—

"You have now had forty years' experience as head of the Company, but from the very first you have correctly gauged the character of all with whom you have come into contact and have shown the qualities necessary for the Founder and Manager of a large Company, to wit, Dignity, Urbanity, Impartiality, Courage and above all Firmness. You have shown us how to be patient and and courteous without being lax, strict and severe without being unfair; in fact, you have demonstrated in a way that few could, how gentleness can rule and persuasiveness subdue. Not only this, Sir, but you have also had that rare patience that has successfully tided over any difficulties that may have arisen. At the risk of repetition I must again say that your greatest assets has been your understanding of human nature and that your uniform tact and kindness has won you the respect and esteem not only of all your Branch Secretaries, whom I am happy to represent to-day, but of all who have had occasion to meet you.

The memorial was accompanied by a handsomely mounted Silver globe.

BRYTOL
METAL POLISH
&
PASTE
For
ALL METALWARES
&
UTENSILS
Imparts lasting lustre
at
Minimum Cost & Labour
THE LILY CHEMICAL WORKS,
Mangaldas Market, Bombay 2.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

GSH 21.47 Mc/s (13.97m.)
GSF 14.14 Mc/s (19.82m.)
GSB 9.51 Mc/s (31.55m.)

7-30 p.m. Big Ben 'Word Affars'. A talk by H. Wickham Steed. 7-50 p.m. 'Hall Marks'. To-day you will hear the first performances given by Henry Hall and the BBC Dance Orchestra on entering their sixth year with the BBC. Henry Hall will talk to you and introduce artists you have often heard performing with the BBC Dance Orchestra. 8-35 p.m. The Torquay Municipal Orchestra. 9-30 p.m. A commentary on a boxing match. 10 p.m The news and announcements. 10-20 p.m. Dance music.

Bombay Programme

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s.

8-0 a.m. Sarangi. A Vub Artist. 8-15 a.m. Shoze and Nowha. Sarfaz and his Party 8-30 a.m. Talk (Hindi): "Climbing the Himalayas" By G. D. Joshi. 8-45 a.m. Light Classical Music. Prof. R. V. Ashtekar "Ja ja re patikava" Todi (Adachautal) "Ka kariya jina maro" Todi Titala. "Kamha Karat batiya" Sinhendramadhyama (With Sarangi, Harmonium and Tabla). 1-0 p.m. Market Rates and Announcements. Leo Goutkin's Stall Russian Trio. Leo Goutkin Violin. R. Kougel Cello. Michael Beno Piano. Overture "L'Italienne in Alger" Rossini. Suite II "L'Arlesienne" Bizet. Opera "La Juive" Halevy. "Dance Espagnole" Sarasote. Popular Hungarian Tunes. 2-0 p.m. Talk "Co-operation and the Village." By Rev. W. E. Wilkie Brown. From the Rotary Club. 5-30 p.m. Fifteen Minutes with the Qawwals. 5-45 p.m. Dhrupad and Khayal (Bhimplasi). Prof. R. C. Chakravarty. "Kunjan me vakho raas." "Pritam ke pat." (With Tambora, Sarangi & Tabla.) 6-30 p.m. "For Children." Aunty Marion. The State Crown of "Queen Mary." Letter from "Sandy and Bobs." The story of a gorgeous moth. (The Polyphemus). Poetry. "The Kaneroo." "The Snail." Songs By members of the "Birthday Club." 7-0 p.m. "About the Home." A real Cook's tour. "Sweet Dishes: America." By Hilda Flanders. 7-15 p.m. In Between. Richard Crooks. "Serenade. "Student Prince." Japanese Lantern Dance. Chinese Street Serenade. "Love Everlasting." 7-30 p.m. The Cocktail Hour. Leon Abbey and his Dance Band. From the Taj Mahal Hotel. 8-30 p.m. Commercial News and the News in Hindi. 9-0 p.m. Talk (English): "Behind the Wheel." Driving in Traffic. By Pilot Ray. 8-15 p.m. The News. 9-30 p.m. An After-Dinner Concert. Classical and Light Music. Bai Laxmibai of Baroda (Accompaniments: Organ, Sarangi, Violin & Tabla).

Delhi Programme

VUD 340.13 metres, 882 kc/s.

8-0 a.m. Shrimad Bhagwad Geeta. (Text and Translation). By Pandit Brij Bhushan Joshi. 8-15 a.m. Gowardhan Das of Jaipur. "Matware nainan banke"—Bhajan Bhairvin. "Jidhar teri zalim nazar jaegi Chhuri ban ke dil men utar Jaegi." "Kis ne chitwan se mara nazara mujhe" Dadra. 8-45 a.m. Jaltarang. 8-50 a.m. Pandit Brij Bhushan Joshi. Dhurpad Asa. 9-0 a.m. Talk (Hindustani): "Hayatijaveed." By Dr. Hafeez Suyyed. 9-15 a.m. Mrs. B. C. Verma. Thumri and Bhajan. 9-35 a.m. Pandit Brij Bhushan Joshi "Isht Dev Bhole Nath." Dhurpad Todi Mign Khan. "Janam akarat Jaiyo." Bhajan Bhairvin. 9-55 a.m. Gowardhan Das of Jaipur. "Jan--imariz men dam ka shumar baqi hai Na jaen ap abhi Jan-i-zar baqi hai." 10-5 a.m. Sarod 10-10 a.m. Mrs. B. C. Verma Light Music 1-0 p.m. "Classical Favourites." (A Recorded Programme.) 1-55 p.m. 1st News and Weather Report (English). 2-0 p.m. 1st News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 2-5 p.m. Indian Music (Recorded). Rati Lal Mehta of Jharia Bhajan and Ghazal Mushtari of Agra Bhajans. Kamla (Jharia) Ghazals. Janki Bai Darbari Kandra and Ram Kali. Santa Apte. From "Amrit Manthan." Indubala Dadra and Thumri Khammaj. Miss Patal. (China) Dadras. Chhotey Khan Sarangi Sarang and Bihag. 5-30 p.m. Air Orchestra. 5-40 Pandit Brij Bhushan Joshi. Dhurpad Bhimplasi. Bhajan. Ghazal. 6-10 p.m Kedara On Violin. 6-20 p.m. Mrs. B. C. Verma. Classical and Light Music. 6-40 p.m. Gowardhan Das. "Fana ho kar ada kia khak rasm-i-ashqi hogi Tumhin jam maut ban baithe to kiunkar zindagi hogi." 6-55 p.m. Banjo By P. S. Mukarji 7-0 p.m. "For Villagers Only." (Time Signal and Delhi Market Rates at 7-30 p.m.) 8-0 p.m. Talk (Hindustani): "The Rainy Season in Eastern Poetry." By Sayyed Zahoor Ahmed. 8-15 p.m Mrs. B. C. Verma. Classical and Light Music. 8-35 p.m. Pandit Brij Bhushan Joshi. "Naiya an pari manjdhar," Khayal Desh. "Bansi ki ter suna hai Natwar Lala." Bhajan. 8-55 p.m. Gowardhan Das of Jaipur. 'Arsa-i-mahshar bhi duniya-i-gharaz se kam nahin Sab ko gham hai apna apna dusre ka gham nahin. 9-5 p.m. Mrs. B. C. Verma. Thumri. 9-15 p.m. 2nd News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 9-30 p.m. 2nd News and Weather Report (English). 9-45 p.m Talk (English): "Who Stand and Wait." No. 1: Vocational Training and Selection By R. K. Innes. 10-0 p.m. Hotel Marina Viennese Orchestra. Leader: Erwin Klein. Overture 'Orpheus in the underworld' J. Offenbach Fantasie "Auberiana." O Ruffin. Waltz "I want to dance" E Halman. "By the Swanee River" H. Myddleton. Potpourri 'Lilac time" F. Schubert. March "Cadetes" P. Sousa.

Calcutta Programme

VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc/s 49.10 metres, 6.109 kc/s.

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)

12-36 p.m. A Short Vocal Recital. Cicely courtneidge and Jack Hulbert. "Our greatest successes." The girls of the Golden West. "Started out from Texas." "Colorado blues." 12-51 p.m. Francisco Casanova and his Spanish Orchestra. From "Firpo's" Restaurant. Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Ocean and Rivercraft. 1-36 p.m. Religious Talk: "Brindaban Lila." No. 3. By Raghunath Bhattacharya. 2-6 p.m. Modern Bengali Song. Dwijen Choudhury. 2-11 p.m. Instrumental Duet. Violin and Piano. Sachibilash Mittra and Dwijen Choudhury. 2-36 p.m. Modern Bengali Song. Narayan Ch Choudhury. 2-51 p.m. Talk: "Popular Beliefs and Superstitions." Common Belief about the Weather. By Mrs. M. L. Mittra 5-6 p.m. Letters and Answers to Queries. "Ganak Thakur" or "The Fortune-Teller." (Musical Extravaganza). Artists: Bibhuti Chatterjee, Anima Ghose, Reena Roy, Kartic Roy, Sunil Bose, Sheila Halder, Anima Bose, Shanta Roy, Kirit Roy, A Sketch "When the World was Young: By Mejdidi. "Strange Creatures of Present Day." Conducted by Mejdidi. 6-6 p.m. Music Lessons. By P. K. Mullick. 6-36 p.m. The Betar Orchestra. Conducted by Tarak Nath Dey. 6-51 p.m. 'Mathur-Biraha'. Pala-Kirtan. Under the direction of Sm. Indira Devi Artists: Sm. Ahalya Ghose. Sm. Labanya Ghose. Sm. Hiranmoyee Ghose. Km. Shamali Rakhsit. Kumari Anima Das Gupta, Kumari Juthika Mukherjee. Kumari Uma Sen Gupta. Music by Rataneswar Mukherjee. 8-0 p.m. Talk: 'As I Knew Her'. No. 3. Sister Nivedita. By Saralabala Devi. 8-21 p.m. Sanai Concert. By Ali Hossain and party. 8-41 p.m. Commercial news and weather report (in Bengal). 8-46 p.m. The news and announcements. 9-1 p.m. Commercial news and weather report (in English). 9-6 p.m. The news and announcements. 9-21 p.m. Talk (English): 'Statistics in social service'. No. 1. By Prof. P. C. Mahalanobis, Presidency College, Calcutta. 9-36 p.m. An operatic programme. Madame Clinova Lunati. of International Operatic fame. (Contralto)

Continued from Column 6.

A. R. O. Mallock, Commander of the 12th Infantry Brigade gave away the trophies, the winners receiving the Gold Cup and the runners-up a silver cup; while the players of both sides received miniature cups.

ALL CUP FOOTBALL TOURNEY

HYDERABAD (Dn.), March 15.

The 1st Battalion of the West Yorkshire Regiment won the final of the All-India All Gold Cup Football Tournament yesterday by beating a detachment of the Third Field Brigade of the Royal Artillery by 5 goals to nil.

The Yorks began well and scored thrice in the first half, but faded away in the second half, when the Gunners did the bulk of the attack. Yorks' defence outcame of game with credit. Cole, their goal-keeper was at the top of form and brought off a number of spectacular saves. Ward, Flowers and Delaney also played very well in defence

Godwin's Great Play

Quinn scored for the Yorks in the 15th minute, beating Beech from a close range after a clever scramble. Godwin increased their lead five minutes later with solo effort and, at the closing stages of first half, Godwin again came into picture when he further increased their lead at interval, the Yorks having a commanding lead of 3 to 0.

Ten minutes after resumption, the Gunners, who were playing a better game, should have scored a bout of combination by inside-forward, saw Brown making tracks for the goal with only Cole to beat. Cole ran out and Thompson shot straight to him. The ball came back to Croucher, who in turn, sent it to Brown and the latter shot over.

The rest of the game was a spell of attacks and counter-attacks but scoring there was none.

At the conclusion Brigadier

(Continued in Col 5)

THE EMPIRE
Daily 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m
Edna Ferber's
Best Selling Novel ..... now a lusty, warm-blooded passionate film ..... produced by the great SAMUEL GOLDWYN!
"COME & GET IT"
"COME & GET IT"
With
EDWARD ARNOLD
JOEL McCREA
FRANCES FARMER
ALSO SHOWING NEW MICKEY MOUSE COLOUR CARTOON "DONALD AND PLUTO"
NEXT SATURDAY
The Gayest Comedy Hit of the Whole Year!
JOAN CRAWFORD
CLARK GABLE
FRANCHOT TONE
In
Metro-Goldwyn's
"LOVE ON THE RUN"
Plans Open! Phone: 20286

The cycle that never lets you down.
No road is too long or too rough for a RALEIGH. Strongly built, it will never let you down, and its easy-running makes riding it a real pleasure.
Of all Good Dealers.
PRICE REDUCED
HIGHEST QUALITY MAINTAINED
RALEIGH
THE ALL-STEEL BICYCLE
You can always rely on Raleigh

New Treatment for Stomach Troubles
"Alkalizing" brings instant relief for Indigestion, Wind, Flatulence and Acidity — Stops Headaches, Colds, Neuralgia, etc.
When you suffer from Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Wind or Flatulence; when you have a Headache or Neuralgia or a Cold, even when Rheumatism gets you down, it is almost certain you are suffering from Excess Acidity. Scientists tell us that to keep well and healthy our systems must be slightly more alkaline than acid.
But modern food and living all lead to Excess Acidity and then we get ill. Indigestion in all its forms is the commonest result. The simple, safe, sure way to cure Indigestion is to neutralize the excess acidity of the stomach with "Alka-Seltzer."
"Alka-Seltzer" Tablets provide something new. In "Alka-Seltzer" Tablets science has at last discovered how to combine the three essential ingredients doctors have used separately for so long. Drop an "Alka-Seltzer" Tablet in a glass of water and it makes a sparkling, refreshing, alkalizing drink that neutralizes the excess acid and gives almost instant relief from your pain.
Don't confuse this new effervescing alkalizing tablet with the ordinary type of remedy. "Alka-Seltzer" is a scientific product—a corrective alkalizing drink which first relieves the pain and then removes the cause. There is nothing so good as "Alka-Seltzer"—nothing to equal it. It is not harmful and not a laxative.
If you have Indigestion, Wind or Sour Stomach, if you feel pain and discomfort after eating; "Alka-Seltzer" will bring you relief when all else has failed.
If you have a Headache, a glass of this pleasant, sparkling "Alka-Seltzer" will end it at once. If you suffer from Colds, Neuralgia or Rheumatic Pains, this new treatment is exactly what you need. Try "Alka-Seltzer" today. Prove how wonderful it is yourself, how pleasant to take, how rapid the results. Discover for yourself that here at last is the remedy you have sought so long.
Any chemist can supply you with "Alka-Seltzer" Brand Tablets.

I HATE TO KEEP BLOWING AND SNEEZING ALL DAY
I TAKE 'ALKA-SELTZER' TO KEEP COLDS AWAY
COLDS
MY HEAD-ACHE'S GONE! MY HEAD IS CLEAR!
MUST BE YOUR 'ALKA-SELTZER' DEAR.
HEAD ACHE
'ALKA-SELTZER' YOU'RE A BLESSING
FIXED ME UP WHILE I WAS DRESSING
MORNING AFTER
Be Wise—Alkalize
"Alka-Seltzer" Tablets make a sparkling alkalizing drink. They give prompt, pleasant relief from Headaches, Sour Stomach, Wind, Distress after Meals, Colds and other everyday Aches and Pains
Alkalize with "Alka-Seltzer" BRAND TABLETS AT ALL CHEMISTS
Sole Representatives for India, Burma, Ceylon: Dodge & Seymour Ltd., 3 Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay

NEVER TAKE CHANCES WITH STOMACH TROUBLE!

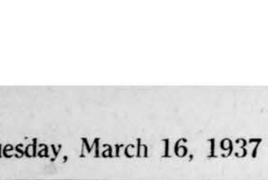
Few complaints are serious *in the beginning*. The most common trouble to-day—stomach disorder—usually starts in a small way. It may attack you as HEARTBURN, BILIOUSNESS, FLATULENCE or INDIGESTION, but its meaning is always the same *and so is its remedy*. It is Nature's warning of a bad stomach—a stomach which is turning the very food you eat into painful, destructive acid. That is why you must never think lightly of stomach pain, no matter how slight it may be. Nature does not warn you for nothing. Waste no time. Take no chances. Act to-day and drive those pains away. Cleanse that bad stomach with the famous proven remedy—Maclean Brand Stomach Powder—and banish for good the shadow of the hospital and of the operating theatre.

Owing to the enormous success of Maclean Brand Stomach Powder in the last few years a host of imitations has sprung up to seize a share of this popularity. If you are not very careful you may find yourself buying something with a very similar name and outward appearance in place of the genuine Maclean Brand. You may be tempted by its cheapness to purchase some useless substitute. But if you want the definite, soothing relief of genuine Maclean Brand, you must avoid all imitations. Look for the signature "ALEX. C. MACLEAN" on the bottle and the red seal on the carton. Every bottle of genuine Maclean Brand bears this signature—it is your safeguard against substitution and consequent disappointment. Sold in bottles in cartons. Never sold loose. Also in tablet form.

If you have any difficulty in obtaining it from your local chemist or store, write to Martin & Harris, Ltd., 119, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.

PATHE

2ND GRAND WEEK! FINAL PERFORMANCES



3-30, 6-30 and 10 P.M.

"BEST GOLD DIGGERS YET!"

DICK POWELL · JOAN BLONDELL

GOLD DIGGERS OF 1937

VICTOR MOORE · GLENDA FARRELL · LEE DIXON · OSGOOD PERKINS · ROSALIND MARQUIS

Warner Bros' Super Special

DON'T MISS IT!

TO-MORROW

A BLIZZARD OF BLONDES hits a snowbound husband and starts a landslide of laughs!

SNOWED UNDER
GEORGE BRENT · GENEVIEVE TOBIN
GLENDA FARRELL · PATRICIA ELLIS
FRANK McHUGH · JOHN ELDREDGE
A First National Hit

BOOK EARLY PH' 41561

REGAL

Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

Help Kidneys

Clean Out Poisonous Acids

Your Kidneys have nine million tiny tubes or filters which are endangered by cheap, irritating drugs or neglect. Unknown to you, weak Kidneys may be the real cause of your Getting Up Nights, Nervousness, Dizziness, Swollen Ankles, Bladder Trouble, Headaches, Backache, Rheumatism, Leg Pains, Circles Under Eyes, Dry, muddy Skin, Acidity, Burning, Smarting or Lost Vigour. Don't take chances. Your life may be in danger. Get the Doctor's guaranteed prescription Cystex (Siss-tex). £1,000 deposited with Westminster Bank, London, backs up Cystex Guarantee to bring new health and vitality in 48 hours, make you feel 10 years younger and to end troubles in 8 days or money back on return of empty package. Ask your chemist for Cystex.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-Day

Hindu: Fagan Vad 4, 1993
Muslim: Moharrum 2, 1305
Parsi: Meher 11, 1306
Hightide: 1-50 14-37
Lowtide: 8-05 20-27
Sunrise: 6h. 47m.
Sunset: 6h 49m.

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH

RAO—Jothari Mangesh Rao, died at Udipi on Sunday, March 14 at 12 noon. Deeply mourned by his sons, daughters and wife and other relatives.

ELPHINSTONE SOCIETY

A meeting of the Elphinstone Society will meet on Wednesday at 5-30 p.m. in the College premises.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The O S K steamer 'Borneo Maru' left Singapore on March 14 and is due to arrive in Bombay on March 27 via Penang and Colombo.

ENGLISH MAILS

The outward P and O mail steamer 'Rajputana' with the mails from London of 4th instant arrived at Aden at 9 a.m. on the 14th idem and left there at noon the same day.

In ordinary course she should arrive in Bombay at 6 p.m. on Thursday, the 18th instant.

The 'Rajputana' will sail from Ballard Pier for China and Japan at 11 p.m. the same day.

HINDI PRACHARAK TRAINING INSTITUTE

The Secretary, All-India Hindi Prachar Samiti, Wardha, writes: The opening of the Hindi Pracharak Training Institute has been postponed to 15th June, 1937. The date of sending applications also has been extended to the 30th April, 1937. Particulars regarding the Institute may be had by sending one-anna stamp from the Secretary, All-India Hindi Prachar Samiti, Wardha, C. P.

POSTAL NOTICE

Registered and unregistered Mails for Colombo, the Straits Settlements, Hongkong, Shanghai and Japan per S. S. "Rajputana" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Thursday the 18th instant.

Superscribed registered and unregister. Mails for Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai per "M. V. Victoria" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 to 6-30 p.m. respectively on Tuesday the 16th instant instead of as previously notified.

BOMBAY HINDI-BHASHI.

With a view to taking stock of the situation, the meeting of the members of the Reception Committee of the All-Bombay Hindi-Bhashi Parshad 1937—designed to be held during the National week next month, took place on Sunday night at the premises of Sri Mathura Vaish Yuvak Hindi Vidyalaya. Gulalwadi, Sjt. Gajendranath Sherman presiding, at the very outset reviewed the current topic of the city engaging attention of everybody claiming right for the citizenship. The members present unanimously urged for Mr. K. F. Nariman's superiority and hence his leadership, depricated the methods of the Congress High Command adopted in this connection. They wished that the wrong would be righted in time and at the earliest. Proceeding further, they resolved to enroll more members of the Reception Committee and appointed the following Sub-Committees to look after the arrangements:

The Finance Committee to consist of Sjts. Chhedilal B. Gupta, Babulal K. Sharma and Ramjidas Damodar Shah.

The Publicity and the Propaganda Committee to consist of Sjts. Y. N. P. Chaturvedi, Rajbhadur Singh and B. Nigam.

The site and the Accommodation Committee to consist of Sjts. Hariprasad Garg, Rajaram Pandev and Jawaharlal Barai.

The meeting terminated late in the night.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Charlie Chan at the Opera". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram." Daily at 5-15 8 and 10-45 p.m.
EMPIRE—"Come and Get it." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Juggernaut" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
GLOBE—"Jat-e-Shariff". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Daughter-in-Law". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Maya." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Jungle Queen". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Devdas." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Izzat". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
PATHE—"Gold Diggers of 1937." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Pharmaveer". Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
REGAL—"That Girl from Paris." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Sonhera Sansar." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
WEST-END—"Flower Girl." Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

'F' WARD C. S. PARTY

A meeting of the members of the 'F' Ward Congress Socialist Party will be held on Wednesday the 17th instant at 7-30 p.m. at the Party Labour Centre, Lal Baug.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY.

Under the auspices of the Blavatsky Lodge, Theosophical Society, Dr. Irach J. S. Taraporevala, will lecture in English at the "Besant Hall," Blavatsky Lodge Building French Bridge, Chowpatty, on Wednesday, the 17th inst. at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.) Subject:—"The Plan for Religion."

SAFETY FIRST.

Secretary, Safety First Association, writes:—

Artificial respiration by manual methods is not always effective solely because the human operator is unable to carry out the prescribed movements for the very long and continuous time often demanded. Thus it is that there are more deaths than there should be from drowning, electric shock, gas poisoning, and other accidents of all asphyxiative nature.

Recently a mechanical resuscitation apparatus, superior to human effort has been invented and my Association, having found out that there is a need for such apparatus in Bombay, have decided to purchase a "Novox" Inhalation apparatus and an Eve-Riley stretcher, both of which were ordered early in February. This apparatus will be available to doctors and first aider workers on a 24-hour basis for a small charge to cover transport and refilling of gas.

When the apparatus arrives, medical and first aiders will be given the opportunity of seeing its use demonstrated and, if that is considered necessary, a list of trained operators will be maintained.

Further, my Association propose to issue a list of the artificial respiration apparatus that is already existing in factories, so that in the case of an general emergency the position of such apparatus may be known. We should therefore appreciate such organisations' advising us of their possession of such apparatus and of its location.

The life saving apparatus will be available to medical members of this Association. The small annual subscription is therefore a good professional investment.

PATHARE KSHATRIYA RESEARCH COMMITTEE

A meeting of the members of the P. K. Historical Research Committee was held on Saturday the 13th instant, at 4-30 p.m. in the Committee's Office at 20, Hamman Street Fort, Mr. B. J. Mhatre presided. The meeting "inter alia" considered the letter from the Board of Trustees of Worli Gopchar and Bhoye Samsthan Charity intimating to the Historical Committee that with the object of removing the causes of disagreement between the members of the Board, the grant given to the Committee will not be given hereafter. The Committee was grieved to note this, and having regard to the utility and importance of the historical work done by the Committee from the point of view of instructing and educating the members of the Caste in matters of the History of the Pathare Kshatriya Caste, the Committee resolved to send a memorial to the Hon'ble the Advocate General of Bombay appealing to him to direct the Trustees of Worli Gopchar and Bhoye Samsthan to grant at least Rs. 1,000 per year out of the income of the trust which amounts to about Rs. 45,000 and out of which about Rs. 10,000 are to be spent for the promotion and advancement and imparting of education and training general vocational and physical of every kind and all purposes ancillary thereto under clause 53 sub clause (1) of the Scheme for the administration of the affairs of the said Charity. The Committee also resolved to request the Pathare Kshatriya Educational Board to direct the Historical Committee of that Board to work in co-operation of P. K. Historical Research Committee which has been functioning since 1934. The said Educational Board in their meeting held on the 14th inst. have complied with the request of this Committee by passing a resolution as desired by this Committee.

CAPITOL

Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

Warner OLAND
vs.
Boris KARLOFF
IN
CHARLIE CHAN AT THE OPERA
(20th Century-Fox Picture)
Thrills—Excitement
Laughter—Suspense!

"BOMBAY'S LOSS IS BENGAL'S GAIN"

Ghaznavi Welcomes Brabourne's Appointment

BOMAY, March 15.

Sir A. H. Ghuznavi, M.L.A., who is passing through Bombay on his way to Delhi in a statement to the Associated Press said he considered Lord Brabourne's appointment as successor to Sir John Anderson was the best possible appointment that could be made and that Bombay's loss would be Bengal's gain. In the selection of successor to a man like Sir John Anderson, the British Government were faced with a problem which could not have been solved in a more satisfactory manner. Lord Brabourne possesses the qualities of personality and intellect that are required for Bengal's special problems.—A. P.

DEMONSTRATE OUR WILL TO FREEDOM

Students' Federation Secretary's Message To Comrades

The General Secretary of the Bombay Presidency Students Federation has addressed the following statement to all students:—

The 1st of April has been proverbially the day on which the folly of men and of nations is exposed to the world. It shall be so in India for on that day the Indian Nation shall demonstrate to the world the folly of British Imperialism in attempting to perpetuate its hold on India by a reactionary constitution. On that day the unwanted constitution is to be imposed upon the people and on that day they shall unmistakably demonstrate their will to freedom.

Friends, we shall be second to none in making the first general strike against the New Constitution a success. Let us gather in our thousands at the meetings and processions organised in the city by the Congress or any other organisation. We should see that the whole of the city suspends its normal life and concentrates on an effective general strike.

We invite the representatives of the various students and youth organisations in the city to a preliminary informal meeting at its office in the Servants of India Society on Thursday, at 6 p.m. (S. T.) to devise ways and means for an effective participation on the part of students in the Nation wide hartal on the 1st of April.

BOMBAY HOCKEY LEAGUE

Texaco Force Police To A Draw

Monday's game, in the senior division of the Bombay Hockey League, which was played between the City Armed Police and the Texaco Club resulted in a goalless draw, neither side being able to score.

The Hot pace set in the start gave promise of a good game, but the players soon, resorted to unsporting tactics of hitting into the men, and the spectators had to go back disappointed.

A feature of the match was the poor finishing of the forwards of both the teams.

Towards the end of the first half, Abbas, the Police left-wing worked his way into the Texaco ring but failed to give the finishing touch having hit wide.

The second half was a replica of the first and Aziz, the Police outside-right had a good try but the Texaco goalie brought about a brilliant save.

The teams retired on level

RESULT:—

Texaco	Nil.
Police	Nil.

THE TEAMS WERE:—

TEXACO: Netcher; Murray, Fonseca; Wilson, Spilling, Morrison; Robertson, Brown, Blake, Wilkins and Lewis.

POLICE: Scott; Babu, Jameson; Hamid II, Kader, Mahmood; Aziz, Hamid I, Shanker, Roane and Abbas.

Demonstrate The Will To Resist New Constitution

B. P. C. C. Secretaries' Appeal To Citizens To Observe Hartal On April 1

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee have issued the following appeal in regard to the Hartal on April 1, 1937.

In pursuance of the resolution passed by the Indian National Congress at its Faizpur Session calling upon the nation to observe a nation-wide hartal on April 1, the day on which the New Constitution is to be inaugurated, we have to appeal to the citizens of Bombay, one and all, to respond to the nation's call in full measure, thereby demonstrating the will of the Indian people to resist the imposition of the New Constitution. We are absolutely certain that the citizens of Bombay, who have ever shown themselves ready to obey every command of the Congress, will not fail on this occasion to demonstrate their love and loyalty to the Indian National Congress.

APPEAL TO EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

We have to make a special appeal to all commercial and business associations to keep their doors closed on the day of the Hartal to enable hundreds and thousands of their employees to effectively participate in the day's function. We have also to appeal to the school and college authorities to keep their institutions closed on that day and line up with the lovers of liberty.

CO-OPERATION WITH OTHER ORGANIZATIONS.

With a view to make the Hartal as comprehensive and complete as we can, the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee has decided to invite the co-operation of all political associations, trade unions and other labour organisations and public bodies. We earnestly appeal to all such public bodies in the City to give their unstinted co-operation to the B.P.C.C. in making the Hartal a triumphant success.

It is proposed to call an informal meeting of the representatives of the public associations wanting to join in this great national Hartal This meeting will take place at the Congress House, on Wednesday, the 24th March, at 6 p.m. (S.T.) The Associations desiring to co-operate with the B.P.C.C will please immediately intimate to the Office of the B.P.C.C. and send their representatives to the joint meeting to be held on the 24th.

The resolution to be passed at the public meeting which will be held on the day of Hartal, will be drafted by the Working Committee of the Congress.

WELL-KNOWN MUSICIAN HONOURED

Reception To Mr. Mangeshrao Telang At Kanara Brotherhood

A public reception in honour of Mr. Mangeshrao R. Telang, the noted "Been" player of Kanara, was organised by the Kanara Brotherhood, Bombay, at the Forbes Gujerati Hall, Vithalbhai Patel Road, on Sunday evening. A large number of members of the Brotherhood and other leading Kanarites were present on the occasion.

Mr. R. K. Prabhu, president of the Brotherhood, in welcoming the distinguished guest of the evening, observed that Mr. Telang, who was now in his 78th year, was undoubtedly the greatest living Kanarite and had shed lustre on his native district by his unique attainments in the fields of classical music and Sanskrit scholarship. In the circles of the elect among the musical fraternity of India, he was regarded as one of the greatest exponents of the art of playing on the "Been" or "Veena," which was, perhaps, the most difficult of all the musical instruments known to the musicians of this country. Living masters of this art could be counted on one's fingers to-day and they too were fast disappearing. Mr. Telang's devotion to classical music commenced over sixty years ago when, after matriculating, he drifted to Bombay in search of livelihood and grew steadily during his 30 years of Government service on the Appelate Side of the High Court, where he rose to be the Head Sheristedar. When he retired from service in 1914 his name as an expert "Beenkar" had already spread far and wide. Mr. Telang's devotion to the muse was of an all-consuming kind and he had consecrated all his time, energies and his earnings to the worship of the goddess of learning, Saraswati during the past sixty decades, travelling all over India to gather knowledge from both living exponents of the ancient art and from classical works on the subject. His single-minded devotion had made him one of the greatest musicians of the day and he had been honoured everywhere by "Gavayyas" as well as princes and the public.

A PROFOUND SCHOLAR.

But, Mr. Telang was not only a master-musician, he was also a profound Sanskrit scholar and philosopher. He had edited a number of highly philosophical works on Vedanta and Nyaya, in the Anandashrama and Gaekwad's Oriental Series. He had also edited classical works on Music like "Sangeetaratnakara" and "Sangeetamakaranda." Even today, in his old age, he was as zealous a student of philosophy as he in his youth. He was also something besides, namely an artist and could be seen quietly sketching with pencil or point and brush for his own personal delectation. He was also an expert chess player and had edited a classical Sanskrit work on the subject. The versatility of his talent combined with the purity and simplicity of his private life had made him a shining model for all Kanarans to follow and had endeared him to every one. On behalf of the Brotherhood, which was a cosmopolitan organisation of Kanarans of Bombay, Mr. Prabhu extended a warm welcome to him and prayed that he might be blessed with many years of happy life in the service of the cause he had made his own and of the country of his birth.

After being garlanded, Mr Telang spoke, thanking the Brotherhood for the honour done to him and for giving him the opportunity to meet its members. He then entertained the gathering with exquisite music from the "Veena". His grandson, Mr. Prabhakar Telang, also gave an exhibition of the consummate skill which he has acquired on both the "Veena" and "Sitar" and drew enthusiastic applause from the audience.

After Mr. R. S. Padbidri has warmly thanked Mr. Telang for kindly responding to the invitation of the Brotherhood and for entertaining them with his delicious music, the gathering dispersed.

PARSI GENERAL HOSPITAL

To-day's Concert At Cowasji Jehangir Hall

There will be a concert at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall at 6-30 p.m. to-day in aid of the Silver Jubilee Fund of the Bomanji Dinshaw Parsi General Hospital. The public are requested to attend the function in large numbers with a view to swell the fund. Tickets will be available at the gate.

REZA SHAH'S BIRTHDAY

Reception At Iran Consulate

To celebrate the birthday of His Imperial Majesty Reza Shah Phalavi the Consul of Iran and Madame Keyvaah held a reception at the Imperial Consulate of Iran on Monday. A large gathering of prominent citizens of Bombay had responded to the invitation.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, MARCH 16, 1937

WORKING COMMITTEE'S TASKS

The Congress Working Committee has spent a whole day discussing the question of office acceptance but has not yet arrived at any definite decision thereon. Though most of its members are known to be in favour of acceptance and though they are aware that the majority in the A.I.C.C. and among subordinate Congress Committees are on their side, they have refrained from arriving at a hasty decision as they are striving as far as possible to devise a "via media" acceptable to all. And it is reported that there is every possibility of one being devised. Most probably it will be on the basis of stringent conditions on acceptance, one of them being a demand from the Governor of a promise in writing that he will not use his special powers so as to thwart the Congress programme. If the demand is conceded, one main argument against acceptance of office vanishes, and if it is not, a deadlock must follow much sooner than one now expects.

In addition to the question about office the Working Committee has to tackle various questions of an administrative character, particularly about the relations between provincial Congress Committees, Parliamentary Committees and the Congress Parties in the legislatures. This last question is of special importance to a province like Bombay which includes four Provincial Congress Committees. A fresh point of some constitutional importance has arisen in the Central Provinces by the Mahakoshal Congress Province forming a separate group of elected members in the C. P. Legislative Assembly to safeguard Mahakoshal interests with its own leader and deputy leader. Seth Govind Das disapprovers of the separate group for Mahakoshal, and he recalls the happenings of 1924 when the Swarajist Party in C. P. & Berar, after being returned by a thumping majority, "brought shame to the province when Mr. Tambe, the leader of the Berar group, became Home Member." On the other hand the Congress Mahakoshal members in the C. P. Legislature declare that they have no desire to strain discipline "by creating a State within a State" and that they have formed a separate group "in pursuance of a circular of the A.I.C.C. which required the Congress groups to maintain close touch with their provincial Congress Committees and to submit reports of them from time to time with a view to ensuring close connection between the work inside the legislature and outside activities." The formation of sectional groups in a composite province like C. P. Bombay and Madras is not necessarily objectionable, but the constitutional relations between those groups and the parent bodies should be carefully defined by a co-ordinating authority like the Working Committee.

Injustice To Nariman

It appears that the Working Committee will have to consider important election disputes and that among these will be the election of the Bombay Congress Party Leader. In his statement on this subject Mr. Nariman significantly observes that "the Working Committee is the highest authority and tribunal to deal with all internal issues" and that "all ultimate decisions must rest with them". We trust the Working Committee will intervene in the matter of the Bombay election wherein there has been too much of haste and hustle and where in any case great injustice has been done to a prominent Congress leader. There is also strong indignation all over the Presidency at his supersession and that is hardly a good start for the Congress Party in its new venture. It also appears that the Congress M.L.A.'s and those who gave them a lead were themselves influenced by certain vague allegations against Mr. Nariman, which ought not to have received any credence or consideration behind his back. In these circumstances a strong 'prima facie' case has been made out for a reconsideration of the whole matter either by the Working Committee or any body appointed by it. Mr. B. G. Kher, himself, will, we are sure, be but too happy to be relieved of a heavy responsibility which he did not covet but which was thrust upon him most unexpectedly. We agree, as does Mr. Nariman, that once the question is finally decided, all Congressmen should loyally accept the decision. But the present election need not be regarded as the last irrevocable word on the episode.

The Dictator Explains

It is very difficult to account for Mr. Jinnah's contradictions except on the ground that they are absolutely immaterial to him, that, in fact, he must perforce revel in them since he is desperately fighting to maintain an impossible position for himself. In a recent speech at Delhi he announced that there was no "substantial difference between the policy of the Muslim League and the Congress" and simultaneously announced that "we have fundamental differences with the Congress". "Fundamental differences" there certainly are between the Congress and his League. Mr. Jinnah has a horror of direct action which he seeks to conceal behind the verbiage, to use his own word, of "under the present conditions". Mr. Jinnah has also a horror of complete Independence, even, we suggest, of Dominion Status. And finally Mr. Jinnah wants to 'work' the new Constitution in the literal and real meaning of the word 'work'. For, when he openly—and "fundamentally" fights shy of "wrecking" the Constitution, his assurances in the same breath that he detests it and would 'seek' the earliest opportunity of replacing it are mere "verbiage and slogans". Mr. Jinnah talks complacently of "deadlocks", of "pledges" and of the desirability of "honouring" them. He can easily talk for the simple reason that even if Mr. Jinnah were installed in the seat of power, his different manifestoes are too carefully worded to involve him even in the possibility of a deadlock with the Governor. Lastly we are quite delighted to be told that "I shall be glad if the Muslim League is not included in the Ministries in the provinces where the majority does not want to seek its help." We are inevitably reminded by a classical story about the sourness of a certain otherwise very delicious fruit.

By the way, Mr. Jinnah, who has just visited Lucknow and discussed with his followers the question of letting the M.L.A's of the Chhatari's group—the men whom he and his colleagues fought as "reactionaries"—join the League is reported to have come to some sort of understanding with that group. If this is a true, he has evidently adopted the reactionaries inspite of protests and opposition by many of the U. P. Leaguers. But such a course would be characteristic of Mr. Jinnah. For, 'minus-verbiage and slogans" there is no "fundamental differences" between him and the Chhatari's whether of U. P. or of Bengal or of Bombay.

SHOULD CONGRESSMEN ACCEPT MINISTRIES?

'Chronicle' Readers Discuss Pros And Cons

We published during the past few days selections of letters from among those received by us on the subject of acceptance of office by Congressmen, in connection with the Prize Competition announced by this journal. We publish to-day further batch of letters on the same subject. The result of the Competition will be announced in our issue of Sunday 21st March, 1937.

Copy De Valera's Example

The answer is "Yes" and for the following reasons:—

(1) "Attack is the best method of defence" Its all important positions must be captured.

(2) The constructive work outside the Council can get a good stimulus by accepting offices.

(3) Congress wants to come in closer contact with the masses. Ministers and other officers get ample opportunities for such contact.

(4) In a poor country like India, it is always a problem to raise funds. Party funds should be raised from the Ministers' salaries so that propaganda may be carried on.

(5) The best way to kill opposition is neglect. Opposition will get no publicity at all if the majority party is in power.

(6) Presidents have been easily defeated; but Ministers have generally been successful in their constituencies. This proves that they did some good to the constituency.

(7) Administration has its own problems. Laymen can understand them better only if they get an opportunity to administrate. This is possible if offices are accepted. It will be a good training.

(8) Acceptance of offices is the sure way of testing the mettle of the members. If they are true, they will never be tempted and will never desert the party; if they are not, they will leave the party and so much the better.

(9) Vague political theories do no good; an opportunity to try some of our theories is there; such theories and ideals can rightly be weighed and polished, only by acceptance of offices.

(10) The best instance—De Valera accepted offices. He is still there; so office acceptance is good.

S. A. RANADE.

Visnagar (Baroda).

Don't Allow Reactionaries To Come Into Power

Taking into consideration the present day conditions in India and brushing aside all question of theory, I am of opinion that Congress should accept office under the new constitution.

The declared policy of this great national organisation is to wreck this new scheme which perpetuates all the old shackles and this would be done more effectively by accepting office than allowing the responsible posts to be filled by its reactionary opponents.

Experience has taught us what to expect from the so-called 'Co-operators'. With tried and tested patriots in their place we shall have fewer garden parties, greater pressure brought to bear on Government in matters of legislation, and more solid progress, though genuine freedom may not be possible for some years to come.

A change in the existing conditions requires a much greater unity amongst the Indian people than there is at the present day. And, therefore, what is true of Ireland would not be true of India, which, being a bigger country with greater diversity of races and religions, must in ordinary course of events take a longer time to achieve and enjoy that freedom which is to-day enjoyed by Ireland.

Further, few Congressmen are millionaires. They have spent considerable money on the elections and they will be obliged to neglect their regular business considerably if they are to serve their country well and truly. And as the best work political or otherwise is done by the man who has not to toil and slave for the bare necessities of life and as even the most ardent patriot cannot subsist on patriotism alone, the handsome remuneration which the Congress will be receiving will aid it considerably to put forward its best for the country, and to devote its whole time to it that would otherwise be possible.

M. P. BAHADURJI.

Bombay.

Ignore The Governor's Power

The British, universally known as past masters in the art of camouflage are trying to palm off in India Provincial Autocracy under the guise of Provincial Autonomy. The splendid success of the Congress candidates has given a rude shock to these constitution-mongers.

Hedged in as the present Con-

(Continued on page 8)

India's Challenge To Britain

Doom Of New Constitution

By H. N. BRAILSFORD

The people of India have just recorded their votes for the first first time under the new Constitution. A few inconspicuous paragraphs record the result in the daily papers.

To be sure, we have much else to think about—the future of London for three years to come, the Fascist invasion of Spain, the epidemic madness of rearmament.

That, among other reasons, is why we have no right to assume responsibility for India. A pre-occupied democracy cannot discharge its duties as a self-appointed trustee. The result is that the interests rule

This was, none the less, an interesting, indeed, a startling, election. The National Congress Party—the party of Mr. Gandhi and Jawaharlal Nehru—has won a remarkable victory against great odds.

Down from the Himalayas to Cape Comorin it has swept the peninsula, whose solid mass belongs to it. The extreme North-East and the North-West stand outside this Congress block, but even in these it has an influence.

Here are the facts:—

In six provinces—Bombay, Madras, Bihar, Orissa, United and Central Provinces—Congress has an absolute majority.

In three—Bengal, Assam and the Frontier—it has a relative majority.

In two—Punjab and Sind—there is a moderate Moslem majority.

Limited Franchise

There is no doubt that the figures would yield a majority of the votes cast for Congress over India as a whole. This result is the more remarkable, because the scales are heavily weighted against any popular party.

The francise rests on a property qualification, which excludes the poorer workers, rural and urban. Minorities grouped in separate constituencies enjoy disproportionate representation. For property, through chambers of commerce and landlords' members, there is additional and plural representation, which far outweighs that allowed to Labour.

Further, Congress had to conduct its campaign without the protection of the liberties that belong to civilisation. The Press is strangled by coercive ordinances; few peasants' leagues are tolerated; in the concentration camps hundreds of prisoners are interned without trial.

Finally, many leaders were disqualified as candidates because they had served a term in prison for a political offence. And yet Congress won.

What does it mean? Bluntly, it means that by a popular vote Indians have rejected the Constitution imposed on them by a foreign Parliament at Westminster.

Congress in its manifesto stood for its total rejection, repudiated any suggestion of co-operation, and proposed the calling in India of a Constituent Assembly, based on adult franchise, to draft a new Constitution.

This, then, is India's will. Sir Samuel Hoare's Constitution is a straight-jacket fastened on this people by its armed warders.

One must add that none of the other parties accepted this Constitution as it stands. All of them criticised it, but bowed to superior force.

Right To Freedom

The sequel we shall know before the month is out. In six provinces, if it refuses itself to form a Ministry, Congress can make the Constitution unworkable. Will it do so?

Such is the advice of its Socialist President, Nehru, but there are men in its ranks who urge that by taking office they may further constructive social reform.

That is doubtful. The provinces depend for finance largely on the Federal Centre, and it is dominated by the princes and by property.

In some provinces there is a plutocratic Upper House. It is not clear whether in the provinces a genuine system of Cabinet responsibility is contemplated.

Finally, the Governor is armed with the most formidable powers of veto.

The temptation to try a gradualist policy of co-operation is not exactly dazzling. Nehru advocates, therefore, a policy of uncompromising struggle to wrest from the Empire the right of India to self-determination.

It is for Indians to decide their tactics for themselves. We are pledged to support their demand.

Why Britain Arms

Parliament, meanwhile, has accepted the programme of rearmament, and heard from Mr. Eden a defence of the policy behind it.

The Labour Party in the decisive division falls back on the weak policy of abstention—a confession of its own divided mind.

One could understand this reluctance to vote against these colosal armaments if the record and professions of the Government suggested that the ships and the planes are designed to check the aggressions of the Fascist Powers.

Its record disposes of any such delusion, and to do the spokesmen of the Government justice they make no such claim.

We all know its record—complacency over Manchuria; a show of half-hearted opposition over Abyssinia until our General Election was over, and then retreat: neutrality in Spain. Then will it go better in the future? Is that why Labour hesitates?

This time there is not so much as electioneering pledge to delude those who wish to be deluded. These armaments are for the defence of what this Empire holds. They are not for the maintenance of the law of civilisation; they are not to shield our sister-democracies against the Fascist flood.

They are to keep within our grip the colonies, filched from Germany in the last war, with all the fields for investment and preferential trade on which the sun never sets. They are the panoply with whicn the mightiest of the "Haves" faces the "Have-nots."

Pledge To France

This is not quite the whole truth. The Empire does pledge itself to defend France and Belgium—this was Mr. Eden's single concession to the idea of collective security—against unprovoked aggression. The difficulty is to interpret this pledge.

When, last August, the French Government asked whether the pledge would be honoured if France should suffer aggression from Germany or Italy as a consequence of such lawful and customary services as she might render to Spain, the answer was No. This M. Delbos disclosed to the League's Assembly.

The precedent may be followed in future cases. Indeed, Lord Lothian, who spoke as a supporter of Mr. Eden's policy, argued that his Spanish policy is a model for future crises.

Let us take an example. Suppose that the Germans in Czechoslovakia rebel; Hitler's totalitarian volunteers rush to their aid, with tanks and planes. Will that be another occasion for neutrality?

The Czechs have a treaty of alliance with France, who, before she acts on it, may look around her.

If the armies of the Dictators are still in Spain, dare she move with Fascist bombing squadrons waiting behind the Rhine, the Alps and the Pyrenees, and Italian submarines based on Spanish ports.

Again, France asks in London if she may reckon on British support. If again the answer is No, what then? Another democracy will go under, and thereafter will come Russia's turn.

If you think this an improbable forecast, read Mr. Garvin in last Sunday's "Observer". He argued for leaving the Czechs to their fate. It is Mr. Garvin's function to blurt out with Celtic exuberance what tight-lipped Anglo-Saxons silently think.

These armaments serve a policy of betrayal in a land of indecision, where Governments are neutral and Oppositions abstain. Ours is not to-day the bravest of all possible islands.

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FRANKLY SPEAKING

TROUBLE IN PALESTINE

All is not well in Palestine. In fact there is nothing that is well with that unfortunate country since the advent of the Mandate. It was expected, however, that the Peel Commission which is yet to issue its reports and recommendations would bring in comparative peace and quiet. But that was not to be. Trouble restarted a few weeks ago and Arab-Jew clashes have been occurring sporadically ever since. What is this due to? So far as the Arabs are concerned, they accepted the advice and assurance of the Arab rulers and are giving that assurance a trial. Is it the extremist Jews who are offering provocations for reasons of their own? Or is it that these incidents are isolated ones and of very minor importance but they are being given international publicity to prepare a background for another characteristically British report by the Peel Commission?

LORD BRABOURNE'S TRANSFER.

It has been officially announced that Lord Brabourne will soon leave our Presidency to succeed Sir John Anderson as Governor of Bengal. Indians feel that while Governors come and Governors go, the bureaucratic regime goes on undisturbed, nor do they believe things will be much better under the new Constitution under which the Governor has far more autocratic powers than he has had hitherto. The best that can be said of Lord Brabourne is that he has not been a bad Governor and he has certainly proved himself to be a better Governor than his predecessor. We trust his transfer to Bengal means that there is to be a complete reversal of the policy of firm rule initiated by Sir John Anderson in Bengal. But nothing can convince the people of Bengal that there is a genuine change unless all detenus are released. And Indians in general will continue to protest against a system of government under which non-Indians, can become Governors and Governors-General.

A NECESSARY WARNING.

The speech of M. Maisky, the Soviet Ambassador in London, on the danger of war is not a wild and irresponsible threat but a very timely and necessary warning. "Our two frontiers" he declared, "have been made well nigh impregnable by great fortifications, armies and a huge air force. I say with full responsibility for every word that we are strong enough to repel, single-named, any attack by any foreign power or any combination of powers." The German-Japanese Pact, which, of course means a brazenly anti-Soviet military alliance, is not the only proof of the war danger with which Soviet Russia is threatened. Germany—and to a lesser extent Italy also—has been talking openly in provocative terms of a crusade against communism and Russia and it is now an open secret that the Nazis have long had designs upon Czecho-Slovakia. The danger on the Russian border is therefore obvious and M. Maisky's warning was eminently called for. And it has, we note, succeeded in evoking a response from Germany. It is something that, owing to the warning, a German paper has been compelled to disclaim, on behalf of Nazi Germany, any desire to seek a free hand in the East. But European Powers would be guilty of suicidal folly if they attached any serious importance to such a disclaimer. Nazism makes and unmakes its professions according to the dictates of the moment. And it is, in fact, fairly obvious that pacifism in the East is professed because Germany desires a favourable Western Pact. Britain, and particularly France ought to beware.

A CONTINUING SCANDAL

Replying to a question in the Legislative Assembly, the Army Secretary stated that the annual amount spent from the Army Estimates on the children of British soldiers was about Rs. 11 lakhs, while that on the children of many more Indian soldiers was only a little over 2 lakhs.. Some other similar figures cited by him show that still the expenditure on the British soldier in India is unconscionably more than on the Indian soldier. And the injustice is aggravated by the fact that the former expenditure is wanted far less for India's benefit than that of Britain. The British Army is also a humiliation, being practically an army of occupation in India.

GOVERNMENT AND MAYOR

We are glad the Corporation has not allowed itself to forget the incident of the then Sheriff's dinner to the South African Delegation when the host thought fit to insult Bombay's First Citizen by allotting him a place much below the dignity and status of a Mayor. The Corporation is now to make a representation to the Government on the subject. The draft of the representation is a reasoned claim for what is rightly due to the Mayor and the Government will do well for their own sake to satisfy that claim. The Sheriff's apologia was, of course, a worthless after-thought and, as the draft representation points out, self-contradictory. But since he raised the question of the Warrant of Precedence it should be settled once for all as to what, according to Government, is the position of the Mayor. The issue is very clear and simple. What comparative status do Government allot to the elected civic head of Bombay, what importance in fact do they attach to democracy?

WITHOUT COMMENT.

Amraoti: The prosecutions against Dr. S. W. Deshpande and Mr. J. S. Akarte, Congress workers, for sedition were withdrawn today by a Government order. All other political prosecutions pending in Berar were also withdrawn —A. P.

* * * *

A pre-occupied democracy cannot discharge its duties as a self-appointed trustee, writes Mr. H. N. Brailsford.

May be. But a pre-occupied "trustee" can and does discharge its—sorry, his duties as a self-appointed "democracy," e.g. Mr. M. A. Jinnah.

* * * *

Mr. Jinnah's visit to Lucknow has borne luscious and juicy fruit A compromise is reported to have been arrived at between the Muslim Leaguers and the "reactionary" National Agriculturist Muslim M.L.A.'s like the Nawab of Chhatari and Nawab Sir Mahomed Yusuf.

No, don't say "so that's that" in an interrogative voice. Their differences were never fundamental and now they are not even substantial.

* * * *

These Be Our "Trustees"!

Here is a very interesting and instructive extract from the "Sunday Times" of London: "Parliamentary Government being assured in Bengal, Madras and probably Bombay, the Congress cannot afford to penalise its strongholds elsewhere by depriving them of it."

How all knowing and well-informed the Britisher always is!

* * * *

Thus the precocious Bori Bunder Minor: 'Bombay learned the news of Lord Brabourne's transfer to the Government of Bengal with a shock of surprise and regret, for never did Bombay need her Governor's services more than in the period that lies immediately ahead."

Now where is "Bombay?"

* * * *

British Lion Waking Up.

Stirring Call To Youth.
Anglo-Indian Hearlines.
To look out?

* * * *

A speaker urged the other day that Indians should demonstrate to the world that they would not touch the new constitution with a pair of tongs.

A better demonstration would be to capture ministries and go at the constitution hammer and tongs.

* * * *

Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru's "attention being drawn to the news about Mr. Birla's having seen Mahatma Gandhi and then meeting the Viceroy, said that he had read it only this morning."—United Press.

The Junior colleague understands that Mr. M. R. Jayakar had not read it at all.

* * * *

A protest against the presence of Italian Regulars in Spain has been received by the League from the Spanish Foreign Minister.

The League had better apologise to Italy voluntarily.

* * * *

"Mr. Tottenham replying said that the expenditure per British soldier is roughly something over Rs. 8 and per Indian soldier something over Rs. 4. The annual amount spent from Army Estimates on children of the British soldiers is in the region of 11 lakhs and on children of the Indian soldiers something over two lakhs."

—Assembly Proceedings.

Any comment on the above would be —er—er against "public interest."

* * * *

BRITAIN ARMING FOR PEACE.

Defence Minister On Govt.'s Policy.
Headlines.

Is there any country or even an individual who is arming for war or has ever done so?

* * * *

Exasperated Teacher (to dull class): 'Now, boys, if the donkey's head points to the north, where does his tail point."

Small Boy: 'To the ground, sir."

INJUSTICE TO NARIMAN

Will Working Committee Rectify The Blunder?

OUR READERS' VIEWS

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The decision to elect Mr B. G. Kher as the leader of the opposition has taken the whole of the city of Bombay by surprise.

It is no exaggeration to say that Mr. Nariman is the Tiger of Bombay. The laurels he won in the last Reclamation Ground fight are still fresh and are still remembered by the people. Beside this his activities as a Congressman are manifold and it is quite impossible for anyone to forget so easily his hard work for the improvement and welfare of his city's people. He has won the heart of each and everybody, even the beggar in the street, and moreover he is a well-seasoned and worthy soldier of the Congress fighting front.

As for Mr. Kher, no doubt he is a staunch worker of the Congress, but he does not find the same favour with the people like beloved Nariman—the tiger as he is truly called.

By bringing Mr. Nariman at the top of the polls, the public of Bombay-even his co-religionists, expected much from him as the leader of the opposition. But the well-grounded hope was shattered to pieces and this action has not only injured the Congress cause, but also blackened the fair name of Bombay which has proudly kept aloft its tri-coloured flag flying till now.

If this decision is not reconsidered and set aright, its evil fruits will certainly have a bitter effect in this cosmopolitan atmosphere of Bombay and may prove detrimental to the Congress cause.

As only the brave deserve the fair, so Mr. Nariman is only the fittest man to be the head of the Congress opposition party in the Provincial Assembly, and it is the wish and prayer of the people of this city to elect him and him alone in place of Mr. B. G. Kher.—Yours, etc.

S. N. BHANDARKAR.

Bombay, March 14.

II

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The exclusion of that loyal Congressman, the idol of the Bombay Presidency, from the position of the leadership of Congress Party in legislature:—the position of confidence, and the selection of Mr. B. G. Kher, has really literally staggered the sympathisers, admirers and followers of the Congress and non-Congressmen alike; the selection itself has shocked the people of the Presidency. Not because Mr Kher has been elected, but the unexpected has happened. I have nothing to say against Mr. Kher. He is the most deserving person next to Mr. Nariman. I have nothing but praise and admiration for him. But what gives me pain to observe is that Mr. Nariman has been superseded. Is there any man in the presidency who commands the complete confidence of the people as does Mr. Nariman? Can it be denied that Mr. Nariman is the only person who, by his merit, his public service, his loyalty to the Congress and country's cause by his sacrifices is meant for the leadership? And this leadership has been snatched from him. An unpardonable injustice has been done to the most faithful and loyal Congressman.—Yours, etc.

MUKUND RAJADHIYAKSHA.

III.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Bombay City and Presidency experienced a rude shock on Saturday morning—was it due to any eruption in the vicinity? Or was it a shock from the "Emden"? Or was it air raid via Aden? If, not, why was there so much commotion in the whole city on Saturday morning when Parsis, Hindus, Mahomedans and Christions accosing each other, all seemed perplexed as to why the very first meeting of a highly democratic party like the Congress should have taken a course of action which was opposed to the very principle of democracy? Here were the Congress members of the Legislative Assembly and Council elected on the widest possible franchise when the humblest voter could exercise his vote; whilst the very elected members 88 in number were denied the opportunity of discussin freely and openly before the open forum, the question of the leadership in the Assembly. Why should two Congressmen however exalted in position have taken upon themselves the task of determining as to who was the most eligible leader of the Congress? Why was a meeting of the elected members at all convened?

One wonders why such an honest unassuming and inoffensive member like Mr. Kher has at all agreed to stand as a candidate for leadership, when he knew in his heart of hearts that the claim of a stalwart like Vir Nariman were ignored so unjustly?

In know Mr. Kher intimately, and I also know how responsive he is to the people.

It is not even too late in the day to repair the wrong. The moment the A.I.C.C. decides upon office acceptance, it will be chivalrous for Mr. Kher to stand aside and ask Mr. Nariman to form the first cabinet and be the first Premier of Bombay.

Will Mr. Kher respond to the clarion call of duty towards his leader and senior Vir Nariman?—Yours ,etc.

BAPOOBHAI B. DESAI.

BOMBAY, March 14.

IV

An Open Questionnaire To Congress M.L.A's. M.L.C's

The election of Mr. B. G. Kher to the leadership of the Congress Party in the Legislative Assembly has been considered unanimously as a unique exhibition of political short-sightedness on the part of you all. Your first move in electing in the most undemocratic way your leader has enabled the Bombay public to fathom your competence to guard the interest of the Presidency from being wrecked on the rocks and shoals of the coming constitution. Will you reply to the following questions and thereby enlighten the electorate on matters of public interest:—

(1) Did you all elect Mr. B. G Kher to the leadership of the party, of your free choice?

(2) Was Mr. Kher elected by record of your individual votes?

(3) Is it true that to the last minute you were kept in entire darkness about the leader you were to vote for?

(4) Is it true that the decision as regards thrusting the leadership of the Congress Party in the Assembly and the consequent premiership on Mr. Kher was arrived at without your knowledge?

(5) Did you suffer from loss of independent judgment or feel diffident about your own power of discrimination, when you entrusted Mr. Deshpande, Mr. Deo and the lion of Gujerat who also fathers the leaderless M.L.A.'s elected on the Congress ticket in Bombay and suburbs, with the task of finding out a leader for you?

(6) Was the procedure adopted in the election of Mr. B. G. Kher, a valid one; if not, why do you withhold yourself, behind a false veil of discipline from protesting against the most undemocratic of elections?

(7) Will you come out, with a clean expression of your desires and decisions in this matter and declare your choice openly?—Yours etc.

T. A. KAMAT.

BOMBAY, March 15.

V

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I was amused to read in the report of the proceedings at Friday's meetings that Mr. Munshi had to go to Gujerat to find a leader for the City, while Mr. Patil could easily secure one in a couple of minutes if he cared to. Bombay is not a leaderless city nor has it a dozen leaders. The public of Bombay have for the past 10 years and more looked up to Vir Nariman as their only and accredited leader.

Though we were being prepared for it, the election result has surprised and bewildered us. The leadership of the Bombay Congress Party was Mr. Nariman's by right, earned by his long and useful career of selfless public service and sacrifice. As you have rightly pointed out in yesterday's leading article the injustice done to him is as much an injustice to the Congress and the Party. The next election, which all expect within a year or two, will have a different tale to tell if the Congress Working Committee does not look into the Bombay incident, the ousting of Mr. Nariman has not harmed him at all but it reflects badly on the fair name of the Congress. As a Hindu I say that in one Province where by sheer right and merit a member of the minority

(Continued on Page 9.)

Grand National Sweep

Luck Favours Bulsar And Bombay Men

(SPECIAL CABLE)

MANSION HOUSE,

DUBLIN, March, 15.

The total of the Prize Fund of the Grand National Sweepstake amounts to 1,662,000 sterling, divided into 16 units of 100,000 sterling each.

The drawer of the winning horse will receive £30,000 of the second horse £15,000 and of the third horse £10,000.

The drawers of the 57 other horses will receive 614 sterling each. There are 1600 prizes of 100 sterling each.

The balance will be divided into ten cash prizes of 6,223 sterling each.

BAGATELLE: Second DH 31537, Cod, Village Ghar, Bulsar;

SEA ROVER: BQ 87162, Tay Grace C/o Shekhsaria Building, Sandhurst Road, Bombay, Uncle Batt, Samaratmalji Panachandji, Baker Padive, P.O. Sirohi.

READY CASH: BB 70947, Opat, Clifton, Karachi. BT 89650, Luck Zilandar Ikauna, Bahraich, United Provinces.

SUGAR LOAF: M. R. 40647 Lucky ,Pinjar Street, Navsari, Bombay

BLAZE: Mq23327 Punjatani, c/o Gulab Abbas Kikibhoy, 107 Abdul Rehman Street, Bombay.

GRAND NATIONAL CALLOVER

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, March 15.

9|1 Golden Mileer; 100|9 Royal Mail (taken and offered); 100|9 Ego offered; 100|8 taken; 100|7 Didoric Puckabelle offered; 15|1 taken; 100|6 De la Chance (taken and offered); 18|1 Don Bradman offered; 20|1 taken; 25|1 Misdemeanour (taken and offered); 25|1 Pencraik De la Neige offered; 25|1 taken; 33|1 Ready Cash (taken and offered).

His trainer says that Ready Cash's leg is improving and the decision whether he will run will probably be made on Wednesday Rimmell rides De la Chance, Danny Morgan rides Golden Miller.

EARLY SCHOOL SCRATCHED FROM DERBY

LONDON, March 15.

Early School has been scratched from the Derby at 09-00 to-day. Lord Astor is still represented by Pot Boiler and Cashbook, but Early School's leg trouble seems once again to prevent Lord Astor and Gordon Richards from winning for the first time the much coveted event.—Reuter.

Famous Philologist Dead

BERLIN: March 15.

The death has occurred of Dr. Arthur Huebner, famous philologist.—Reuter.

Victoria Win Over South Australia

ADELAIDE: March 15.

In the Sheffield Shield match between South Australia and Victoria, Victoria won by nine wickets.

South Australia: 182 and 79.

Victoria: 293 and 41 for one.—Reuter.

Roumanian Queen Better

BUCHAREST: March 15.

There was an important improvement during the night in the condition of Queen Marie of Roumania.—Reuter

Soviet Gold Reserve

MOSCOW: March 15.

Contrary to earlier reports, more reliable estimates of Soviet gold reserve place it between 250 and 300 million.—Reuter.

ENGLISH FOXHOUNDS FOR INDIA

LIVERPOOL: (By Air Mail).

Twenty of the Duke of Buccleuch's Foxhounds have been despatched from Hawick, Roxburghshire, to India.

They will there be trained to hunt wild boers and jackals.

The hounds, which were shipped from here, were bred at the Kennels at St. Boswells, near Melrose, Roxburghshire.—Reuter

INDO-JAPANESE TRADE TALKS

Indian Advisers To Meet Govt. Officials To-day

NEW DELHI, March, 15.

It is understood that the non-official advisers, who had been called to Delhi to advise the Government of India on the Indo-Japanese trade negotiations will meet the Government of India officials to-morrow at 12-30 p.m. The Delegation will consist of Sir H. P. Mody, Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas, Sir Chunilal Mehta, Lala Shriram, Seth Kasturbh Lalbhai, Sir Rahimtoolah Chinoy, Mr Carnegie and Mr. Maloney.—A.P.

WOMEN WORKERS BURNED TO DEATH

Sequel To Explosion In Fire, Works Factory

MANILA, March, 15.

At least 22 women employees of a Chinese-owned fireworks factory on the outskirts of the town were burned to death when a fire followed an explosion. Many others saved their lives by jumping from the windows into a swamp on which the factory was situated.—Reuter's Special.

AKOLA PROSECUTIONS WITHDRAWN

AKOLA, March, 15.

According to instructions from the local Government the prosecution to-day withdrew the cases of sedition against the Hon. Brijlal Biyani and Mrs. Durgabai Joshi, a newly elected member of the Provincial Assembly, and also the case against Dr. Khedkar.—A.P.

DECISION TO DROP PROSECUTIONS

NAGPUR, March, 15.

Although no official announcement has yet been made, it is stated that Government passed orders on the latter part of last week directing district authorities to withdraw prosecutions launched in most cases against Congressmen in connection with election campaign speeches.

In all, proceedings have been instituted against 13 persons, all of them in Berar, but now in pursuance of the Government decision they will be dropped.—A.P.

VICTIMISATION ON B. N. R.

Nagpur Workers Protest Against Withdrawal Of Union Recognition

NAGPUR, March, 15.

At a large meeting this afternoon the Bengal Nagpur Railway workers recorded a protest against withdrawal of the recognition of the B. N. Railway Indian Labour Union, of which Mr. V. V. Giri is President, by the Railway Administration, the discharge of K. Suryanarayana and the transfers of some other active Union workers, which the meeting considered as "a measure of victimisation" A similar meeting was held on Saturday last with a view to recording the dissatisfaction of the workers.—A.P.

Pope To Attend Pontifical Mass

VATICAN CITY, March, 15.

The Pope will attend the Pontifical High Mass in Saint Peter's on Easter Sunday. He will be carried thither in Sede Gestatoria and if the weather and his health permit will bless the crowd from the balcony.—Reuter's Special.

QUEEN OF RUMANIA DANGEROUSLY ILL

BELGRADE: March 15.

Queen Marie of Roumania is dangerously ill in Bucharest after influenza complications.

The Royal family has been summoned to her bedside. King Carol is already present.

French Defence Loan To Be Spent Before December

PARIS: March 15.

The whole of the new defence loan would be spent before December, said M. Daladier in a broadcast.

Twentysix per cent would be spent on aviation, 28 per cent on the navy and 46 per cent on the land forces.—Reuter

U. S. STEEL PRODUCTION

Increase Of 47.6 Per Cent.

NEW YORK, March, 15.

The annual report of the United States Steel Corporation shows that the 1936 production of rolled and finished products amounted to 11,029,616 tons representing an increase of 47.6 per cent. over that of 1935.—Reuter's Special.

Air Pact Hope Not Abandand

"We Have No Choice, But To Proceed With Our Plans," Says Sir P. Sassoon

LONDON, March 15.

"We have not abandone hope of securing an Air Pact and general stabilization of air armaments", declared Sir Philip Sassoon, introducing the air estimates in the House of Commons.

"We regard the realisation of the Pact as of paramount importance and we are eager to seize the first opportunity to achieve it. Until such an opportunity offers we have no choice but to proceed with our plans.

"We believe that a British Air Force, strong, ready, well-equipped, is one of the best contributions the country can make to world peace."—Reuter.

INFORMATION THAT CAN'T BE DIVULGED

As regards the adequacy of Government's programme, they had many sources of information which could not be divulged upon which the programme was based. He assured the House that the supply of personnel was entirely satisfactory. During the coming year it was intended to train 1175 pilots. The Air Force were getting the right type of recruit. Except for larger aircraft fleet, air arm monoplane had almost entirely replaced the biplane. The net result was that the striking power of the new types far surpassed that of the corresponding types two years ago.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.

Active research and development were continually striving to obtain machines of even greater speed, range and load capacity. Two new guns had been introduced, one new type Vickers and the other Browning gun which would be manufactured in Britain.

Sir Philip Sassoon disclosed that large scale production had more than halved the time of manufacture of new machines. Compared with 53 Home squadrons in 1935 they will have 124 squadrons in few months' time. A satisfactory programme was being made with Empire Air Mail Scheme. It was hoped to start on the Durban Service early in summer and the Singapore route at the end of the year.

FLYING BOAT SERVICES.

A complete scheme provided flying boat services to Africa, India and Australia assisted by additional land plane services to India,—all operated by the new Empire aircraft. Flying boat services would be thrice weekly to Kisimu, two of which would be proceeding to Durban, and thrice weekly services to Singapore, two of which would be proceeding to Sydney. There would probably be thrice weekly service to Egypt, two of which would be going to India, giving five weekly services to India.

FEEDER SERVICES.

Arrangements were being made for feeder services in connection with all routes. Three main lines of Trans-Atlantic services were being considered and it is hoped to operate an experimental service before the end of the year with four engined high-speed land machines which were on point of completion. A fleet of specially designed flying boats should be available in 1930. Meanwhile they had every reason to be proud of the experimental trials in long range flights begun with two flying boats.—Reuter.

Supersession Of Nariman

GRAIN DEALERS' VOICE PROTEST

Association Demands Reconsideration Of Decision

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I beg to send herewith copies of the letters addressed by my Association to the Hon. Secretaries, Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, Bombay, and the President, All-India Congress Working Committee, Delhi, dated 14th and 15th inst. respectively, for publication in your well esteemed daily paper.—

Thanking in anticipation.—Yours, etc.,

VELJI KHIMJI,

Hon. Managing Secretary.

Bombay Grain Dealers' Association.

To,

The President,

All-India Congress Working Committee, Delhi.

Sir,—I am directed by my Association to forward herewith a copy of the letter dated 14th instant addressed by my Association to the Hon. Secretaries, Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, Bombay with regard to the election of the Leader of the Congress Party in the Bombay Council and Assembly with instructions to request you and the Working Committee to do the needful in the matter.

Awaiting for the decision of the Working Committee in this connection.—Yours, sincerely.

VELJI KHIMJI,

Hon. Managing Secretary.

To,

The Honorary Secretaries,

Bombay Provincial Congress Committee,

Congress House, Bombay.

Dear Sirs,

I am directed by my Committee to address you as under:—

That the Committee of this Association have been aggrieved at and surprised to learn that Sjt. Veer Nariman who having worked for years together and given great sacrifices for the Congress and the country and thus achieved entire affection and confidence of the citizens of Bombay and the Presidency has not been elected as the Leader of the Congressmen in the Assembly and Council. Not only that but the leading papers of the city have also protested against the said decision and have commented that it was only a trick played by some of the Congressmen with a view to baffle Sjt. Nariman. If this be true, it is ardently necessary that the said decision requires to be reconsidered in order to acquire confidence of the public as it has aroused great agitation in the public mind.

It is, therefore, requested that you will please place this opinion of my Association at the proper place without delay and do your best to have the matter re-considered by the persons concerned.

It is not necessary to remind you that this Association and its members have often helped and worked for the Congress to their mite and even in the last elections the members of my Association numbering about 3,000 have voted for the Congress candidates only and my Committee, therefore, hope that you will do the necessary in this connection at the earliest moment without fail.—Yours, truly,

VELJI KHIMJI,

Hon. Managing Secretary.

Bombay Grain Dealers' Association.

Bombay, March 14.

Free Gift To King George Memorial Committee

7 ACRES LAND FOR BEGGARS CAMP AND INFIRMARY

A plot of municipal land admeasuring seven acres and valued at Rs. 2,17,800 situate at Haines Road will be given away free to the King George V. Jubilee and Memorial Committee to build an Infirmary and Beggars Camp for the destitutes of Bombay irrespective of caste and creed. The Beggars Camp will accommodate 240 inmates, but it is proposed to make a start at present with 150.

On Monday when this matter came before the Municipal Corporation, Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai moved for the approval of the same to which Dr. J. N. Choksy moved an amendemnt to refer the matter back to the Medical Relief Committee for report.

Dr. Choksy thought that the site for Beggars Camp and Infirmary at Haines Road was very unsuitable, as there was a storm water drain just opposite.

Sir J. B. Boman Behram opposed the amendment.

The Municipal Commissioner said that the King George V. Jubilee and Memorial Committee had selected the site and they were quite aware of the storm water drain.

Mr Mathradas Tricumji wanted to know whether the Christian missionaries will have access to the Home and Infirmary.

The Mayor as well as Mr. Mohanlal Desai said that was the matter to be settled while drafting the agreement with the committee.

The amendment of Dr. Choksy was thrown out and the original proposition was carried.

The house then agreed to the reports of the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee regarding the question of licensing money lenders and or regulating money lending transactions within the Town and Island of Bombay and also regarding the rank of His Worship the Mayor in the Warrant of Precedence. Both these reports were published in these columns on Monday.

The corporation then adjourned till Thursday.

MAYOR'S PARTY

About five hundred guests responded to the invitation of Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, the Mayor at the Tea Party on the lawns of the Municipal Sports Club on Monday evening. Among those present were also Judges of the Bombay High Court, the Chief Judge and judges of the Small Causes Court, Presidency Magistrates, Municipal Corporators and other well-known citizens. The Mayor moved round among the guests and conversed with them till the function was over. A string band was in attendance to please the guests.

HEALTH WEEK AT AURANGABAD

(From A Correspondent.)

The Health Week of Aurangabad which has kept the Medical profession here busy for over a month and has roused a feeling of responsibility in the public for the maintenance of health has drawn to a close with tremendous success.

On the last day, a lenthy programme was gone through, and one of the most interesting events was the baby show in which Dr. Young of Jalna was one of the judges. Prizes were awarded to the best babies under one, two, and three years.

SWASTIKAS BLAZONED ON SYNAGOGUE

Nazi Outrage On Eve Of American Jewish Congress

NEW YORK: March 15.

Eleven orange swastikas, each measuring three feet, were blazoned on the wall of the Jewish Rodelph Sholem Synagogue during the night. The synagogue lies on the opposite side of Central Park to the German quarter of the city and has been the subject of nine similar outrages during the last three years. The latest afront comes on the eve of anti-Nazi meeting of the American Jewish Congress and the Jewish Labour Committee, which is being held to-night.—Reuter's Special Cable.

Stock Exchange Observes Hartal

STORM OVER MORISON PLAN

Will Not Be Party To Bond Of Slavery, Says President

BOMBAY, Monday.

The recommendations of the Stock Exchange Enquiry Committee and particularly amendments proposed to the Bombay Securities Contracts Control Act 1925, created considerable resentment on the 'Change circles and brokers refused to do any business to-day.

These amendments which aim at taking away from the Association power to frame rules and appoint new Directors, in case the Board is found incapable of discharging its functions with a due sense of responsibility, are a subject matter of vital consideration.

ALLEGED INTERFERENCE

It is generally believed that these powers, if at all assumed by the Government after legislative sanction, will amount to interference in the business of our Association. In 1925, when the Act was passed, there was considerable protest and we have to await and watch what the attitude of the members of the legislatures will be.

"BOND OF SLAVERY"

Mr. K. R. P. Shroff, President of the Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association in an interview said:—

There are no effective measures in the Morison Committee report to stop speculation. Mr. Morison was not fully aware of local conditions, and some of the recommendations are based on the practice in London Market.

Mr. Shroff protested against giving more powers to the Government in para 72 which is of a vital interest. This clause is a bond of slavery. The Government intends to take direct control of the Stock Exchange just in the same way, as it supersedes municipalities.

He failed to understand what fault the Exchange had committed, which necessitated such a drastic recommendation.

NO PARTY TO SLAVERY

In reply to further enquiry, the President said that at present, they were studying the recommendations and would consider them at the meeting of the Board, but under no circumstances they would be a party to the bond of slavery.

After going through the whole report, the President promised to issue a special statement.

INCOMPLETE AND UNSATISFACTORY

R. E. M. Patel On Morison Report

In an interview to the "Chronicle" representative Mr. R. E. M. Patel, a prominent businessman and a director of the Stock Exchange said:—

"I have gone through the Stock Exchange Committee's recommendations, and from that, it appears that Committee has taken considerable pains to arrive at a decision, but which is rather in the opinion of our market and the members of the association not acceptable, as it impinges on the rights of our association.

TOO DRASTIC.

There are very many things worthy of consideration, but on the surface it appears that the report is rather drastic. We hear from all sides that the sub-brokers have also clamoured that they should not be called down to place a deposit margin of Rs. 5,000 with the association and ought to be allowed to work without such restrictions. They do not seem to understand that by placing a deposit margin with the association and becoming registered brokers or remiciers, they enhance their prestige in the eyes of general public, who have always been saying something or the other against sub-brokers.

In my opinion, the sub-brokers, are the real link between the certified brokers and their clients and they are a necessity to the market. Many sub-brokers have become certified brokers after some lapse of time and general public is not right when it usually speaks disparagingly of the sub-brokers in general.

Upto now the Stock Exchange authorities have been very vigorously watching the destinies of our association. There are few complaints against the association, and even if there are any, they have not been brought to the notice of the association, but remedies have been sought by disgruntled people through the Government without putting anything on the charge-sheet. It is always very easy to criticise, but in absence of concrete proposals, the authorities are helpless. The authorities have done their best to do the greatest good to the greatest number, but there would be some who would find it hard to swallow the pill. Even in a Court of Law, a judge cannot please both sides and similar is our case

DEPOSIT MARGIN.

As regards the deposit margin scheme, there is a considerable murmur. It is not only the brokers, who murmur, but also the general public. In this connection I think one has to consider things from all sides. For the present, it appears that the consensus of opinion is against it. As regards the alternative of making fortnightly settlement, opinion is equally against.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

As regards the Directors' Board the Committee suggests that three members must resign every year. I think we are doing a bit better at present. All the sixteen members of the Board vacate their seats every two years but they are eligible for re-election. The election of the Stock Exchange Board, on Thursday, the 16th inst. and 15 old members and nine new are competing for 16 seats. I think the old system is quite good.

As regards the Committee's recommendations about "blank transfer," there is a general clamour against it and it is very hard to put such things in practice.

As regards the Committee's recommendations of removing the existing restrictions against the Bear raids as well as, the new rules asked for by us for corners, we are sorry to find that the Committee thinks that such rules are not necessary and are stimulating speculation. In my humble opinion the removal of these restrictions should one day bring about an unparalleled chaos, which I am afraid to think.

WELCOME STEP.

As regards the minimum scale of brokerage, I think, it is a welcome step.

As regards the tightening of the rules against defaulters, I think, our past system of making settlement by commercial diplomacy was not coming in the way of general public. Up till now, the Stock Exchange has settled these affairs amicably.

INCOMPLETE INQUIRY.

In my opinion, I can honestly say that in spite of the Committee trying to be very impartial, the inquiry is very incomplete for the simple reason that there was no definite charge-sheet against us and we were not called upon to defend ourselves. In my humble opinion, it would have been better if the Exchange authorities were allowed to hear every bit of evidence given by the different bodies as well as the members of the general public only then the Stock Exchange authorities could have defended our association.

I must say that this is my personal opinion as an ordinary member of the Exchange, not as a director of Exchange.

PROTEST AGAINST DRASTIC MEASURES.

Then our representative inquired as to why the Stock Exchange was closed on Monday? In reply, Mr. Patel said that the Stock Exchange was closed as a protest against the Morrison Committee's Report, particularly because the Committee seems to have interfered with the domestic management of the Association. Their recommendation on page 33 of the Report, in para 72, is very much resented by one and all on our Stock Exchange. As if the Board of Directors had upto now not been acting honestly according to their conscience, and as if something was proved against them, the Inquiry Committee suggested some drastic measures not known to a Stock Exchange in any part of the world.

The Committee has recommended and put in a threat of withdrawing the recognition of the Stock Exchange by the Government, if the rules are not followed very minutely and are evaded in some way or the other. Not only that, the Committee goes further and says that the Government should have powers to appoint its own directors whenever necessary to work with the Board, if possible, or independently of the Board, if necessary, till such time as the Association is prepared itself to elect a new board imbued with a more adequate sense of responsibilities. This is, in my opinion, very unfair to the Board of the Stock Exchange which has always been giving its best and doing its work very consciously. This is, to say the least, is very libelous. There has nothing been proved against the Stock Exchange Authorities, and I am sorry that the Inquiry Committee should have stated such a thing in their report. Our market, therefore, naturally and rightly should and will resent to such uncalled for remarks. I entirely go with their opinion.

PROGRAMME FOR APRIL 1

Rajen Babu Issues Circular To Bihar Congress Committee

PATNA. (By Mail)

The following letter over the signature of Babu Rajendra Prasad issued by the Bihar Provincial Congress Committee in connection with observance of Hartal on April 1 by the Congress, has been circularised to the District Congress Committees in the province:—

"I beg to draw your attention to the following resolution adopted by the All-India Congress Working Committee at Wardha on the 6th instant: 'The Working Committee draws the attention of the nation to the resolution of the Faizpur Congress calling for a nation-wide hartal or general strike on April 1, the day on which the new constitution is to be inaugurated. The Committee trusts that the nation will respond to this call in full measure in order to demonstrate the will of the Indian people to resist the imposition of this constitution. It calls upon the Provincial and local committees to work to this end and to invite their co-operation for the purpose of other organizations and groups."

"In this connection it is suggested that (a) there should be a voluntary hartal in suspension of all business whatever on April 1 next; (b) meeting in the evening at 5 p.m. of the residents of the locality at which there should be flag salutation and the utterly unsatisfactory nature of the new constitution should be explained Besides this, the resolutions No. 4, 5 and 6 adopted by the Wardha Working Committee meeting, copies of which are enclosed herewith, should be read out and explained so that the people be kept in mind of the full import of the Congress policy in the legislatures and then be ready to extend full sympathy, co-operation and help in enabling the legislatures and Congress workers to keep up to the ideal and themselves be ready for constitutional emergencies.

"In organising the hartal, co-operation of all persons of all professions or occupations and all other parties and groups should be taken and ladies should be invited to fully participate in the propaganda and in the meeting. Particular care should be taken that no pressure or violence in any and every form, in speech or action, should be completely eschewed. The occasion should be fully utilised, for a countrywide propaganda (for however a short time) to acquaint the people of the nature and implications of the present constitution and of the necessity of changing it for a better constitution fully responsible to the Indian people."—A. P.

HINDU GROUP IN SIND ASSEMBLY

KARACHI: March 15.

The week-end saw the consolidation of the Hindu Assembly group under the leadership of Mukhi Gobindram who has been elected leader of the party. A committee of four has been formed including Mukhi Gobindram to carry on negotiations with other minority groups for enlisting support to their minority pact. The question of the presidentship of the Assembly, which has been threatening disruption of the Muslim parties has since receded into the background in view of the fact that it has to be decided by a joint vote of the House and, as the Assembly is not likely to meet before June or July it would be premature to discuss the question at this stage.—A. P.

SHOULD CONGRESSMEN ACCEPT MINISTRIES?

(Continued from Page 6.)

stitution is, by safe-guards, Vetos and Certificates, it cannot, admittedly, be worked by any democratic assembly The question of questions, however, is whether we shall succeed quicker in wrecking this wretched piece of Constitution by accepting offices or rejecting them In my opinion, Congress will be well advised to put the Constitution to its ecrucial test by accepting Ministerships in accordance with the constitutional usage. Our Ministers shall, thus ignoring all safe-guards, votes and certificates, introduced such beneficial measures as reduction of revenue, reduction of salaries, removal of illiteracy and prohibition of liquor, etc If the Governor chooses to go against the advice of his Ministers, they shall forthwith tender resignations and thus compel him to dissolve the Assembly and hold fresh elections or suspend the Constitution

If fresh elections are held, the Congress will repeat its victories at the polls and once again demonstrate the confidence of the people in their chosen representatives. In the event of the suspension of the Constitution, the British policy towards India will shine out in its true colours and the unwanted Constitution shall found on the rock of British hypocracy.

D. G. DALAL.

Bombay.

To Accept Office Is To Accept Constitution

To accept office is to accept the Constitution. No question of wrecking the constitution can then arise. The clear and emphatic mandate given by the electorate is to make the working of legislatures impossible, because no real power will vest in the people.

The aim and programme of the Congress is clear-cut and definite. They are the attainment of independence for India. If something good can be done for the masses through the present legislatures, then conditionally Ministry may be accepted, but have the workings of the Government ever in the past or present justified such a hope, Is there not also a danger of the Congress degenerating by the acceptance of office?

The suggestion that Governors should be asked for an undertaking not to exercise their emergency powers may be ruled out at once. No such assurance can or will ever be given. The mere acceptance of the franchise does not imply co-operation with Government. The elections were a test of the hold of the Congress on the masses. To accept office even for a day is to accept the Constitution for that period. And to accept the Constitution is to help to perpetuate British domination and Indian slavery.

The reforms have been initiated in a spirit of distrust. The so-called progress is merely fictitious. Therefore, under the present constitution the Congress cannot accept office consistently with self-respect and the splendid record it has established.

H. N. GUPTA.

Bandra.

No Deviation From Principle

I stand for "No". I shall advise the Congressmen to accept office only if they are ignorant of the nature of the new India Act. When they know that the Act is utterly bad and mischievous they will be working it out if they formed the Ministry.

Congress stands for radical change and not for gradual realization of autonomy under foreign rule. Here is the difference between the Congress and any other organization which is fighting for "freedom" Congress aspires for "complete—Self-rule" and as such, it should not accept any foreign domination to any consequence. An immediate and sudden suspension of Imperialistic machinery is what Congress should aim. Therefore, the question of office-acceptance cannot arise on the basis of Congress ideology.

"But for what Congress flocked in Legislatures?" You may ask.

It was not for office, but to obstruct the working of the unwanted Act. The elected Congress candidates were officially put forward due to their sincere hold on the Congress ideal and this was most rationally done, for Congress wants a simple yet prompt "No", wherever the Act has to be worked out.

Within these few fifty years Congress could only prepare the masses for the great task and if India could get some "rewards," that's not Congress success. It is a by-product. The ideal has yet to be achieved.

If Congress accepts office, it means deviation from its principles, for it will not be fighting against the Imperialistic hold, but against the Act because it is bad.

SABIR HUSAIN, B.A.

Aligarh.

Short-Signted Tactics

To accept office is to betray the people of India. Would the Congress be the power it is to-day if it had co-operated with the British Government in the past? Non-co-operation and civil disobedience have made the Congress the spearhead of the National Movement. The masses vote for the Congress because they believe it fights for freedom without compromise

The capture of the legislatures is a gesture to show the world that the Congress speaks for India. It is not a step towards co-operation with the Government. To go further and accept office is to compromise, and compromise, under the Charter of Slavery that Westminster has given us, is a betrayal of the people who came to the polls to vote for Swaraj.

Do the Congressmen who seek office really think they will achieve anything by demonstrating that handcuffs are handcuffs? We will wreck the Act, they say, and create constitutional deadlocks Creating constitutional deadlocks has become a pastime with parlour politicians who regard politics as a game of chess. They imagine that when they have outmanoeuvred the Opposition and cried "Checkmate," the freedom of India will be secured.

Purna Swaraj cannot be won in this way. It has to be fought for by a band of determined patriots who are not interested in their own advancement.

As a matter of principle, the acceptance of office is wrong if Swaraj is the end in view. As a question of tactics, it is short-sighted.

B. APPASAMY.

Dadar, Bombay.

T. U. C. TO CO-OPERATE WITH NATIONAL CONGRESS

Nagpur Union Gives Notice To Mills For Hartal On April 1

NAGPUR, March 14.

The Executive Committee of the Nagpur Textile Union at its meeting held last night under the presidentship of Mr. R. S. Ruiker, decided to support in general the joint statement of Mr. M. N. Roy and Mr. R. S. Ruiker at Bombay regarding the future relations between the Trade Union Congress and the Indian National Congress. It was also resolved to observe a general hartal on April 1 next, in co-operation with the Congress, as anti-constitution day.

Mr. Ruiker has accordingly addressed a letter to-day to the authorities of both the Empress and Model Mills, asking them to close the Mills on April 1. In his letter, Mr. Ruiker also gives notice of the intention of the textile workers to observe hartal, in case the Mills are not closed.—United Press.

DR. HARDIKAR PREVENTED FROM GOING TO DELHI

Fever And Severe Asthmatic Trouble

(From Our Correspondent)

HUBLI: March 15.

Dr Hardikar was prevented from going to Delhi and attending the A.I.C.C. on account of fever and asthma.

VIDARBHA FOR OFFICE ACCEPTANCE

AKOLA, March, 15.

The Hon'ble Mr. Brijlal Biyani was elected President at a meeting of the Vidarbha Provincial Congress Committee held yesterday in Rajasthan Bhawan. The meeting passed a resolution in favour of office acceptance.—A.P.

Orissa, Too, Favours Office Acceptance

CUTTACK: March 15.

The Orissa Provincial Congress Committee, Mr Harekrishna Mahatar, the President, presiding, has decided in favour of office acceptance by Congress under the new Constitution. Nine voted for acceptance and eight against.—A P.

(Continued From Col 7)

periods and it demanded the all skill and far-sightedness that those who cared for art and the leading art institute in the Presidency possessed. He, therefore, expected that young artists and art institutes like the Nootan Kala Mandir and the Indian Artists Union would as Capt Gladstone Solomon had remarked, organise their activities and help to establish his proud independence as artists and the school's position as the leading art institute.

"India: A Growing Entity, Not A Spent Force"

Art Birthright Of Most Mighty Land, Says Gladstone Solomon

The Nootan Kala Mandir and the Indian Artists' Union arranged lunch at the Blavatsky Lodge on Sunday when a farewell address and a silver casket was presented to Capt. Gladstone Solomon, the retiring Director of the School of Art, appreciating his support and guidance to young artists. Syt. Kanalyalal Vakil presiding.

Captain Gladstone Solomon in response to the address, expressed his gratitude for the kind manner in which the young artists had received him and observed that great movements like the Pre-Raphaelite movement in England had always begun with small groups of persons with conviction. They were likely to be, on occasions, described as cranks and more than likely to be confronted with unpleasant and sometimes unsought controversies. But their serving was greater than their individualities and despite these controversies, he speaking for himself, never wished to be somewhere else. One could note enough about India. The sense of wonder grew as one's acquaintance grew with the country. To some India seemed to be a slow teacher, naturally. India had no mucn to offer.

INDIA NOT A SPENT FORCE

He was therefore, glad to serve India even if he did not seem to succeed, personally. India was "a growing entity, not a spent force". The war of "de-bunking" India as well as of speaking about in terms of the country. Four thousand Jews before Christ were the ideas of those who spoke cleverly and superficially or of those who were incapable of taking any other view point except that of the archaeologist—these ideas were to those who come in contact with India exotic. They originated mostly in Europe. The genius of the Indian artist was indisputably distinct.

It could not be forced it may be distracted by London or Paris. But art was "the birth right" of this mighty land and he requested the young men and women who had gathered that afternoon and were on the threshold of their career? as artists to remember that the true had a mission and the true teacher had seldom sought to inflict "style" or "mannerims." Sir John Mildals never developed a manner.

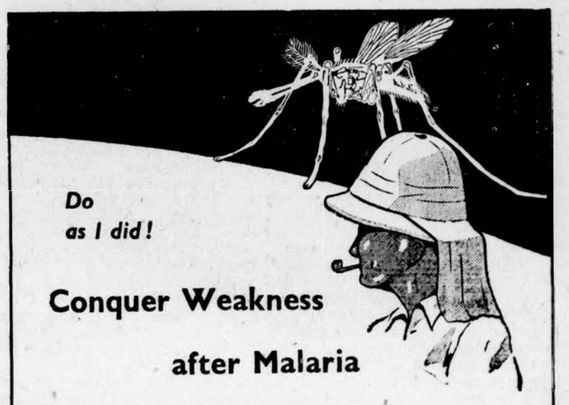
NO FORCED MANNERISMS.

The mature Raphael changed the forced mannerisms of his earlier days. It was true that there were no "salons" or academics in India that set standards in art. They had to evolve those themselves. But they should cultivate the humility inherent in their great vocation—the humility which made Wilson, for example, exchange his masterpiece for a mug of beer. They should not attach undue importance to prizes and medals. They were less than means to an end. Finally he advised them to cultivate "comeraderie," the habit of organised activities and a collective outlook. One outstanding artist was a credit to the community of the artist. He raised the prestige of their vocation and the community of artists as such, no matter what their individual differences might be they ought always to be prepared and willing to welcome him.

Capt. Gladstone Solomon was then garlanded and presented with the silver casket containing the address.

Syt. Kanaiyalal Vakil said it has no small tribute to art in India that Capt. Gladstone Solomon offered when he said that he was happy to serve and proud of his art students if even he seemed not to succeed. The speaker assured Capt. Gladstone Solomon that he had succeeded the crowded function that he had been witnessing for the last fortnight or so were only one of the incontestable proofs. Capt. Gladstone Solomon undertook, enormous ressponsibilities as one of the previous speakers had told. Those who succeeded him no doubt found their path smoothed to a great extent by the courageous championship of the school by Capt. Gladstone Solomon. But these responsibilities were none the less shared by them. India was passing through one of its most critical primitive

(Continued in Col 5)



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"In malaria Sanatogen has a most remarkable effect on the debilitated system. The strength to resist the weakening influence of the malaria parasites returns, the number of red blood corpuscles increases and the patient gains in body weight, and within a short time feels fit and healthy again."

Indian Medical Record.

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Jute Strike Debate Banned In Assembly

VICEROY'S "NO" TO PROF. RANGA'S MOTION

Attack On Finance Bill: Mody's Plea For Revision Of Trade Agreements

In the Assembly, after questions, the President read a message from the Governor-General disallowing Professor Ranga's adjournment motion to discuss the Jute Mill Strike situation in Calcutta.

Sir James Grigg moved that the House elect the four members of the Public Accounts Committee.

Prof Ranga asked why the evidence of the Public Accounts Committee had not been published as usual.

Sir James Grigg stated that the question did not arise from the motion before the House.

Several members expressed disagreement with the Finance Member's statement.

FINANCE MEMBER'S EXPLANATION.

The Finance Member, explaining, pointed out that in the report was incorporated a summary of each day's proceedings and it was thought unnecessary to incur the expense of printing the full short hand notes as well. Practically the majority of the members of the Committee agreed with him in the view that there was no sufficient reason for continuing to print the full evidence. He, however, proposed to consult the Committee formally on this matter. The House agreed to the motion.

ATTACK ON FINANCE BILL.

Mr. M. Mudaliar, resuming his speech on the Finance Bill, said that he had many grievances against the Finance Department, the principal ones being firstly the abrogation of the Gandhi-Irwin Pact, secondly the abolition of the export duty on raw hides and skins, owing to which the tanning industry of Madras had been ruined, and thirdly the method of assessing income, which he claimed was defective.

He bitterly complained of what he called the curtailment of the rights of the members of the House by the Government by passing the New Question Rules, and by disallowing motions of adjournment.

SHADOW OF FEDERATION.

Sir H. P. Mody said that for the first time the shadow of federation hung over the budget and was responsible for the introduction of several new features. With regard to the credit and revenue positions, Sir H. P. Mody reiterated his conviction that the economic condition of the masses had not materially improved. The problem was how wealth could be created. A great deal had been heard of the Socialist plan for the amelioration of the conditions of the masses, but it was, in main, only a plan for the redistribution of wealth rather than a plan for the creation of wealth. He was of the opinion that the only means of increasing the production of wealth was industrialisation.

REVISE TRADE AGREEMENTS.

Sir Homi advocated a more liberal protection policy among the methods for economic development. He urged the appointment of a permanent Tariff Board on the lines of the Import Duties Advisory Committee.

The time had come for a revision of the trade agreements, numbering 44 and in this connection he raised the question whether the cause conceding the most favoured nation treatment did not require modification.

Sir Homi Mody strongly pleaded for the enunciation of a policy more in consonance with world conditions and for the setting up of machinery more adequate for the purpose of Indian development.

UNEMPLOYMENT QUESTION.

Sir Mahommed Yakub advocated the cause of Delhi people in the matter of Government appointments. He said that the Government of India had done nothing to implement the recommendations of the Unemployment Committee of the United Provinces though they had publicly admitted that there was a good deal of substance in it.

Sir Frank Noyce, intervening, asked what had his own province (U. P.) done in the matter.

Mr. Saksena: Both Governments are guilty.

Proceeding Sir Mahomed Yakub suggested the conversion of the universities into industrial institutes.

JOSHI'S COMPLAINT.

Mr. Joshi blamed the Government for spending more money on unproductive services like the army and doing little for industrialisation. He said that Government also taxed those who could not bear taxation, and did not tax the richer classes.

The House adjourned for lunch.

ATTACK ON SALT DUTY

Congress Party's Plans Against Finance Bill

NEW DELHI, March 15.

The "United Press" lobby correspondent learns that the Congress Party have decided to concentrate on three main amendments to the Finance Bill.

In asking for the post card at two pice and the abolition of the increase in Excise duty on sugar they are in common with the members of other parties.

Accordingly these amendments will be carried in the Assembly.

As regards salt duty the Congress Party mean to sponsor an amendment which seeks to exempt from salt duty, the salt manufactured or imported from non-commercial and domestic purposes.

This amendment does not permit the landlords, on whose land salt for domestic consumption may be manufactured, from sharing in the remission of salt duty.—United Press

Our Readers' Views

(Continued From page 7.)

community ought to have led the Congress Party, he is ungraciously eliminated by a mockery of a unanimous vote. Where have vanished the protestations and solicitations of the Congress for the minorities? Our assurances to the minorities become a farce when they are not redeemed worthily as this occasion demands. Will the Working Committee rectify this Himalayan blunder?

Some papers report that Mr. Nariman may not go to Delhi; that he may even retire altogether from politics. Such a suggestion is unworthy of the man. Those who have made it do not know that Mr. Nariman I feel confident that the true soldier of freedom that he is, he will always be in the vanguard of the battle.—Yours, etc.

T. S. BHAGWAT.

Chowpatty, March 14.

VI.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The unceremonious rejection of Mr. Nariman has come as a staggering blow to thousands in Bombay and outside. Friday's gathering was a pantomime show and no meeting.

Mr. Kher after his selection on Friday hoped that the responsibility had fallen on more capable shoulders and whose could they be but those of Mr. Nariman? Mr. Nariman has risen as an independent but shone as a Congressman. It was he who shook the foundations of the Bombay Government by his scathing exposures in the Harvey Case.

Mr. Nariman by his proved integrity and sincerity service and sacrifice was carved out to lead the Congress Party in the Bombay Assembly. If this recognition has not been made by the Congress Parliamentarians of Bombay the discredit is theirs. It has only endeared Mr. Nariman more to the Congress rank and file and the masses of the City and Presidency.—Yours, etc.

U. K. DALAL.

VII

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The public of Bombay is shocked at the revelation of methods to oust a popular hero of the people. In the whole of the Presidency there is no Congressman of the reputation of Nariman, beloved and admired for his courage, selfless service and sacrifice, for his integrity, sincerity and consistency, a patriot, who has given up his health and wealth for his country. He is the victim of personal jealousy. As belonging to the Congress, we are ashamed of those who have lowered the prestige of the Congress, and thus incalculable harm has been done to our sacred cause. We should show our resentment for the injustice done to the People's Leader. His rivals and opponents should know that Nariman is now nobler in the eyes of the public, more beloved in the hearts of the people. Public and political life should be clean, and on that principle we should fight our "Brown Bureaucrats."—Yours, etc.

DISGUSTED CONGRESSMAN.

March 15.

VIII

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—A long controversy has been going on in the Press as well as in the public on the election of Mr. B. G. Kher, as the leader of the Congress party in legislature. The decision of the members in my opinion has done no injustice to Veer Nariman. On the contrary, I think, he has been spared for the election of the higher honourable post of the 'First Elected Speaker' in the reformed legislature.

I think the general public will support me if I say that there is no other fitting man to be the Speaker of late Mr. Vithalbhai's standared than Veer Nariman.—Yours, etc.

V. J. WABLE.

Bombay, March 15.

STUDENTS' PROTEST

The Executive Committee of the National Students' League has passed the following resolution at its meeting held yesterday, writes the Secretary of the National Students' League:—

"This meeting considers that a grave injustice has been done to the Bombay Province and to Mr. Nariman personally in not considering the claims of Mr. Nariman for the leadership of the Congress members of the Bombay Presidency Legislative Assembly.

"This meeting considers that the tendencies that were manifest among leaders regarding this issue, as calculated to throttle the development of free and radical thought among the members of the Congress, and as calculated to oust all persons who hold opinions not approved of by the champions of the outworn Gandhian ideology.

"This meeting further considers that such reprehensible wire-pulling and manoeuvres in the dark as were heard of in connection with this issue will, if left unchallenged, make the radicalisation of the Congress and the development of a militant anti-Imperialist Front inside the Congress absolutely impossible."

WE SALUTE YOU AS BROTHERS!

Cripps Congratulates Jawahar And Warns Against Offices

NEW DELHI, March 14.

The following wablegram has been received by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru from Sir Stafford Cripps: —

"I send you and the Congress very heartiest congratulations of myself and my friends upon your magnificent victories and your splendid success in arousing a united spirit of India against the continued imperialist domination.

"We trust that Indian people will not be led into any compromise over the new Constitution and that elected representatives will use power entrusted to them by people to work for the establishment of freedom by refusing to partake of the empty fruits of office which can do nothing but poison the pure and free spirit of the Congress. We salute as brothers and sisters 'in the common cause of freedom'."—U. P. Convention Special.

CASE AGAINST CONGRESSMEN WITHDRAWN

AMRAOTI, March 15.

Prosecutions against Doctor S. W. Deshpande and J. S. Akarte, Pleader, Congress workers under section 124A, pending in the Special Magistrate's Court, Amraoti, was withdrawn to-day on an order from the local Government. The prosecutions were launched in connection with their speeches during the Assembly election campaign. It is understood all other identical prosecutions have been withdrawn.—A. P

indigestion

For years she used to be hungry but feared to eat. Here she tells the easy, pleasant way in which she obtained welcome relief:

"Your Digestif Rennie Pastilles are the best thing I have ever tried for indigestion. I have had gastric trouble so many times and never really got rid of it, but since taking these Rennie Pastilles I am free, and can eat now what I have been unable to do for years. I used to feel as if I had a rope tied round me tight. I felt very hungry, but was unable to eat for fear of the after-effects, but now I can enjoy anything if I take two Digestif Rennie Pastilles after meals. I shall never be without them."—Mrs. A.M.

Digestif Rennie Pastilles go to the root cause of Indigestion. They contain antacids which neutralise excess acid—a common cause of digestive disorders. When excess acid has been neutralised, indigestion *simply cannot start*. And Digestif Rennie is more than an antacid. It also contains absorbents to free you of stomach gas, and ferments which *actively help to digest food*.

Digestif Rennie Pastilles are pleasant to take, and each one is individually wrapped in paper. They are obtainable of Chemists, Stores and Bazars, packed in hermetically sealed tins.

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Itch Germs Killed in 7 Minutes

Your skin has nearly 50 million tiny seams and pores where germs hide and cause terrible Itching, Cracking, Eczema, Peeling, Burning, Acne, Ringworm, Psoriasis, Blackheads, Pimples, Foot Itch and other blemishes. Ordinary treatments give only temporary relief because they do not kill the germ cause. The new discovery, Nixoderm kills the germs in 7 minutes and is guaranteed to give you a soft, clear, attractive, smooth skin in one week, or money back. Get guaranteed Nixoderm from your chemist today and remove the real cause of skin trouble.

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CAP/104

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 31 POINTS UP

Silver And Base Metals Strong But Wheat Steadier

BOMBAY, March 15

On Monday cross rates ruled quiet.
NEW YORK COTTON FIRM
New York cotton was firm on speculative and foreign trade buying.
SILVER STRONG
London gold was easy but silver was strong.
WHEAT STEADIER
Wheat was steadier. Base metals were very firm.
SECURITIES EASY
The London Stock Exchange was moderately active on scattered buying. Giltedged securities continued to give way under further selling.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MAY 1937
New York, March 15

Previous closing	13.94
To-day's opening	14.12
Difference	plus 18
To-day's closing	14.25
Difference	plus .31

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MAY 1937
Liverpool, March 15

Previous closing	7.75
To-day's opening	7.82
Difference	plus 07
To-day's closing	7.85
Difference	plus 10

BROACH EXPECTATION
April May ..... Rs. 247-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, March 15

Cotton was very active to-day on general speculative and foreign and domestic trade price fixing with prices displaying very steady tendency but at the higher level there was some hesitancy although the underlying strength of the market continued.

Operators in May began at 14.12 i.e. 18 points higher than previous closing. Prices advanced sharply on higher Liverpool cables and domestic and foreign trade buying influenced by more encouraging foreign markets with May steadily rising to 14.19 with a steady tendency.

New York cotton finally closed at 14.25 with a rise of 31 points for May delivery.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, March 15

The following were the opening ranges:—
May (13.90/13.88) 14.15/14.12
July (13.69/13.68) 13.96/13.93
October (13.19/13.19) 13.48/13.45

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, March 15

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—
American March (7.74) 7.82
American May (7.75) 7.83
Egyptian March (11.04) 11.47
Egyptian May (11.20) 11.63

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, March 15

Broach cotton for April May delivery moved between Rs. 244-4 and Rs. 246-5 at night. The rate at 10-0 p.m. was Rs. 245-4.

LONDON MARKETS

London, March 15

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA
Indian Pekoe (1-1 1/4) 1-1 1/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-5) 1-5
Ceylon Pekoe (1-1 1/2) 1-1 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-4 1/2) 2-4 1/2

JUTE
New Crop March April (£19 3/8 buyers) £19 3/8 buyers
Dunlop March (£22 1/4) £22 1/4 sellers.
Lightning March (£20 3/4) £20 3/4 sellers.

RUBBER
Spot (11 9/16 buyers) 11 11/16 value
Forwar April June (11 5/8 paid and buyers) 11 13/16 paid and sellers

LINSEED
Castorseed Bombay March April (£14 1/4 sellers) £14 1/4 sellers
Linseed Calcutta April (£14 sellers) £14 1/16 sellers
Linseed La Plata March (£12 3/16 sellers) £12 3/16 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal April (£15 1/4 sellers) £15 1/4 sellers

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, March 15

Liverpool wheat opened firm with May at 109 1/2. The market was very active on scattered buying influenced by improved sales of plate to Italy while better German enquiries gave further impetus to the market with fairly good business passing.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, March 15

Chicago wheat opened steady with May at 1.35 1/4. Prices advanced on good outside buying and fair absorption influenced by steadier Argentine cables.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, March 15

Liverpool Wheat March closed at 108 7/8 as against the previous closing at 108 3/4

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON
New York, March 15

Previous closing	4.88 17/32
To-day's opening	4.89 21/32
To-day's closing	4.88 5/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK
London, March 15

Previous closing	4.88.60
To-day's opening	4.88.55
To-day's closing	4.88 5/8

FRANC RATE
London, March 15

Previous closing	106.44
To-day's opening	106.42
To-day's closing	106.41
Difference	—.03

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, March 15

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.88.55 and then advanced to 4.88.65 on better enquiry.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.88 5/8

Franc opened 106.42 and then steadied to 106.41 on some speculative buying otherwise movements were small.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 106.41.

CROSS RATES
London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (8.034) 8.032
New York on Bombay (36.92) 36.93
Berlin on Bombay (0.91 3/4) 0.91 3/4
London on Milan (92.80) 92.84
London on Shanghai (1-2 5/8) 1-2 5/8
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

DISCOUNTS
3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent
4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent
6 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent

LONDON METALS
To-day's opening rates were as follows:—
Tin (£290 buyers £291 sellers. Erratic) £311 buyers £311 1/2 sellers. Strong.
Lead (£34 1/16 buyers £34 1/8 sellers. Strong) £34 1/2 buyers. No sellers. Easy
Electrolytic Copper (£77 1/2 to £79 1/2) £79 to £81
Glasgow Iron (£87) £87

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, March 15

The following cable information was received here from London to-night.
"India bought. Small business. Market quietly steady."

LONDON SILVER

	London, March 15 Previous closing Prices	To-day's Prices.
Spot	20 11/16d.	20 3/4d.
Forward	20 5/8d.	20 3/4d.

LONDON GOLD
London, March 15
Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-2-4 1/2) £7-2-2 1/2

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, March 15
11-0 p.m

	Rs.	a.	p.
Silver ready	53	9	0
Silver 1st settlement	51	4	0
Silver 2nd settlement	51	7	0
Gold ready	35	4	6
Gold 1st settlement	35	4	3
Gold 2nd settlement	35	4	3
Sovereigns	22	7	6

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, March 15

	Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat May	5	10	3
Wheat September	5	9	0
Linseed May	7	13	3
Linseed September	8	2	0

The tone was steady.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association.)
Delivery May 1937
Bombay, March 15

	Rs.	a.	p.
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	7	13	6
Rates at 12-0 noon	7	12	9
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	payment.		
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7	12	9

3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotation

Bombay, March 15

The security market was closed today.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, March 15

The 3 1/2 p. c. Indian Sterling Loan closed at £87 1/2 as against the previous closing at £88

INDIAN LOANS

London, March 15
3-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£97 3/4) £97 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Loan (£87 3/4) £87 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (1950-55) (£110 3/4) £110 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£113 1/4) £113 1/4
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£105 3/4) £105 3/4
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£112 1/2) £112 1/2
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£101 1/2) £101 3/4

AUSTRALIAN LOANS
3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£108 5/8) £108 3/4

BRITISH FUNDS
2 1/2 per cent Consols (£76) £76
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£100 5/8) £100 5/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£107) £107 1/8
5 per cent Funding Loan (£111 1/2) £111 1/2
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£101 7/8) £101 3/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£108 3/4) £108 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, March 15
3-30 p.m.

There was rather more doing in home industrials. Otherwise markets generally were quiet with only small business. Giltedgeds and Indian loans were easier Internationals and oil shares were steady to firm.

INDUSTRIALS
British Celanese Second Preference (18-6) 18-9
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (79-9) 80-0
Hydro Electric (11-1 1/2) 11-3
Musical Industries (23-0) 23-0
Princhin Johnson (43-10 1/2) 47-7 1/2 Ex Div
Imperial Chemical (38-4 1/2) 38-9
Woolsworth Ordinary (78-9) 78-9
Realisation 1930 (98-9) 98-9
Dunlop Rubber (33-4 1/2) 34-0
Unilever Ordinary (42-6) 42-6
Ford Motors (31-3) 31-9
Cables and Wireless (£9 1/2) £9 1/2
British American Tobacco (120-0) 120-0
Carreas A (£7 7/8) £7 7/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (147-6) 147-6
P and O S N Company Deferred (33-0) 33-0
Distillers (111-9) 113-0
Bredfords Dyers (£11) £10 5/8
British Celanese (£9 7/8) £9 7/8
J and P Coates Ordinary (50-0) 50-0
Courtaulds Ordinary (52-1 1/2) 52-1 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (11-7 1/2) 11-7 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (34-1 1/2) 33-1 1/2
Inter Nickels (73-4 1/2) 74-1 1/2
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (72-3) 75-7 1/2
Tata Iron and Steel (£105) £105

TEA SHARES
Assam Company (20-0) 20-0
Donaro Tea (49-6) 49-6
Empire of India (32-6) 32-6

RUBBER SHARES
Anglo Dutch Rubber (48-9) 48-9
Gula Kelampong (63-9) 63-6 Ex Div
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (46-9) 46-9

JUTE SHARES
Barnagore (£10 1/2) £10 1/2

MINING SHARES
Nandydrug (65-0) 60-0 Ex Div
Burma Corporation (22-0) 22-7 1/2
Rio Tintos (£31 1/4) £30 3/4
East Rand Proprietors (77-0) 76-4 1/2
Rand Mines (£8 1/8) £8

MINE SHARES
Crown Mines (£14 5/8) £14 3/8
Gedule New (£9 3/4) £9 5/8
New Modders (£30 5/8) £30 5/8
Sub Nigel (£11 3/4) £11 5/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (36-10 1/2) 36-10 1/2
Union Corporation (£10 5/8) £10 5/8

OIL SHARES
Venezuela Persian (62-6) 62-6
Anglo Iranian (125-7 1/2) 123-9
Burma Oil (116-10 1/2) 115-7 1/2
Musical Eagle (24-6) 23-3
Shell Transport (£139 3/8) £138 1/8
Royal Dutch (£48 3/8) £48 3/8

HOME RAIL SHARES
Great Western (£57) £56 1/2
L and S Ordinary (£28) £28
L N E R Defd (£4 3/4) £4 3/4
Southern Paris 5 per cent (£22 3/8) £22 3/8
London Paris 5 per cent (£124) £124 1/2
London Transport 'C' Stock (£90) £90 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, March 15

The following were to-day's opening rates.
General Motors (dol 68 3/4) dol 65 3/4
N Copper Mining (dol 67 1/4) dol 67 7/8
U S Steel Common (dol 124 1/4) dol 122 3/4
U S Steel Preference (dol 147 3/4) unquoted

STOCK EXCHANGE NARROWLY IRREGULAR

Indian Irons Firm

(SPECIAL CABLE)
LONDON, March 15

On the Stock Exchange the start of 3 weeks' account offered little inducement to the extension of commitments consequently the market was narrowly irregular apart from little speculative buying. Indian Iron featured rising from 72/3 to 77/6.

In commodities cotton rose sharply on speculative buying of Giza and Sakellaridis latter advancing over 50 points. Forward rubber touched one shilling but later eased

Wall Street opened narrowly irregular.

JUTE SHARES DULL

Limited Trading In Coals

CALCUTTA, March 15

Jutes were dull with only limited business. In coals trading was only limited but the rates in all instances were kept steady. In miscellaneous Burmas and Indian Irons kept firm. Others kept more or less unchanged. Government securities were steady at decline. Following were the closing quotations:

Securities: Two and three fourth per cent loan 1948/52 99; three per cent loan 1951/54 101/2; three and a half per cent paper 92/8; small lot; four per cent loan 1960/70 110/12; five per cent loan 1940/43 108/8 small lot; three per cent U P Bonds 1961/66 96/12 small lot.

Cottons: Kesoram 6/2; New Victoria pref 4/9.

Coals: Amalgamated 27/12; Bokaro and Ramgur 18/8; Burrakur 17/12; Equitable 36/12; South Karanpura 8/14; Standard 35; Talcher 2/15.

Jutes: Anglo India 402; Bally 201; Barnagore 148; Cheviot 185; Clive 26; Craig 1/9; Dalhousie 332; Empire 31; Hooghly pref 20/14; Howrah 53/4; Indian 354; Kamarhatty 538 small lot; Kanknarrah 435; Lansdowne 170; Lansdowne pref 127; New Central 325 small lot; Orient 180; Rameswara 10/2; Reliance 74/8.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 15/14; Consolidated Tin 10/5; Indian Copper 5/3; Shahjahanpur Electric 10/10; Burn and Co ord 367; British India Electric 8/8; Hukumchand Electric 13/3; Indian Iron 53/8; Indian Standard Wagon ord 85/8; Indian Steel and Wire Products defd 413/8; B I Corporation ord 4/7; Dunlop Rubber ord 25 small odd lot; Indian Turpentine and Rosin B 11/4; Rohtas Industries 22/12 small lot; British Ceylon Corporation 7/10; Midnapore Zemindary 105; Tapah Rubber 2.62 1/2, cts ex div., Fraster and Co 12/14; India General Navigation ord 139/8. —A. P.

KARACHI MARKET REPORT

Karachi, March 15

To-day's closing quotations:—			
Sind Cotton March	25	0	0
May	24	8	9
Panjab March	20	4	3
May	20	6	0
Desi American March	25	5	3
May	25	8	9
Strong.			
Wheat March	32	0	0
July	30	0	9
Strong.			
Gram July	21	9	0
Toria March	40	2	0
May	40	11	0
July	41	6	3
Cottonseed March	17	4	9
May	17	9	9
July	17	15	3

ALL-INDIA WHEAT FORECAST

Calcutta, March 15

The All-India second wheat forecast for 1936-37 is as under:—

The area sown is 32,490,000 acres against 33,331,000 (revised) last year, a decrease of three per cent. The condition and prospects of the crop are fairly good.

OKHA PORT NEWS

BOMBAY, March, 15.

The Port Officer, Okha, wires as follows under date March 15:

S.S. "Falkenfels" of the Hansa Line arrived on the seventh instant and discharged 750 tons of general cargo from Hamburg, Bremen, Antwerp and Port Said, and left on the 8th instant.

S.S. "Warfield" of the British India Line arrived on the 8th instant and discharged 75 tons of general cargo and loaded 312 tons of magnesium chloride for London and left on the 8th instant.—A.P.

NEW ARCHAEOLOGICAL FINDS

TRIVANDRUM, March 14.

An important discovery of certain relics which, it is claimed, will throw considerable light on the progress of art in Travancore in the fourteenth century has been made by Mr. R. V Puduval, Government Archaeologist.

The relics found on the walls of the Thiruvambadi shrine, in Sri Padmanabhaswami Temple in Trivandrum, were presumably made during the reign of Maharaja Aditya Varma Sarvanganatha, the illustrious ruler of Travancore in the fourteenth century. The Sanskrit inscriptions on the relics record that the King constructed the shrine of Krishna, the Gosala, and other places of worship at Savanandur, a place now identified as Trivandrum, in the Saka year 1296 These are expressed by the Chronogram Cholapriya.—United Press.

Sir Maurice Hallett, the new Governor of Bihar, and Lady Hallett made their first public appearance this afternoon when they attended the Bihar Provincial Exhibition.—A. P.

PROGRESS OF INDIANISATION

Government Pursues Policy Previously Determined

NEW DELHI, March 15.

There was an interesting discussion in the Council of State on a resolution moved by Pandit Kunzru urging immediate steps to increase the number of Indians occupying higher posts in every department of the Government of India Secretariat so that the increase may be commensurate with the new constitutional status of India.

He recalled that the Council in 1923 adopted Mr. Sastri's resolution that at least one of the posts of the Secretary, the Joint Secretary and the Deputy Secretaries be held by an Indian in each Department of the Government of India. Since then no appreciable progress had been made. Pandit Kunzru proceeded to deal with the various departments separately and said that it was only in the Education Department that Indians held the post of the Secretary and Joint Secretary, the credit for which was due to the late Sir Fazli Husain.

Pandit Kunzru refused to accept the contention that there were not a sufficient number of Senior Indian Officers to make a selection to fill these posts and from the facts he was led to believe that the exclusion of Indians from these superior posts was due to political considerations.

Mr. Ramdas Pantulu moved an amendment to Pandit Kunzru's resolution omitting any reference to the New Constitution. Mr. Ramdas declared: "Our demand for Indianisation of the services must rest, and can only rest, upon the basis of our right to self-Government, which can only be achieved not by appealing to the British Government, but by concentrated efforts to get rid of this New Constitution which is meant to perpetual slavery upon India."

Mr. P. N. Sapru said that Pandit Kunzru's resolution was the test by which Government should prove that they really meant what they had been saying all these years. He asked Government to say plainly what their policy in the matter was

Syed Hossain Imam, supporting the resolution, put in a plea for larger appointment of Provincial Service men to the listed posts in the Government of India.

Mr. Maxwell, the Home Secretary, at the outset assured the House that Government were taking every possible step to carry out the policy laid down in 1923.

Mr. Maxwell emphasised that no sweeping changes as suggested in the resolution were possible in the matter which depended on the utilization of the actual cadre. The question was simply one of the material available at any moment and if it was denied that at this or any particular moment a certain class of material should preponderate this object could only be obtained as a result of the steps taken long before. The whole matter was a question of time required to realise results of a previously determined policy.

Chinoy Sworn In

NEW DELHI: March 15.

Sir Rahimtoola Chinoy who arrived in Delhi last night from Bombay was this morning sworn in as a member of the Council of State and took his seat in to-day's session.—A. P.

INDIANS IN COLONIES AND PROTECTORATES

NEW DELHI: March 15.

The disabilities of Indians in the colonies and protectorates of the Empire formed the subject matter of a short notice question by Mr. F. E. James in the Assembly to-day.

Mr. James asked: "Will the Government be pleased to state whether they will consider the advisability of (a), authorising their representative at the forthcoming Imperial Conference to enter into direct communication with the Colonial Office of His Majesty's Government regarding the disabilities of Indians in the colonies and protectorates within the British Empire, (b) strengthening their representation in Ceylon and Malaya by appointing more senior officers, and (c) appointing a representative of high standing of the Government of India in Burma after its separation from the Indian Empire?

Sir Girjashanker Bajpai replied to all three questions in the affirmative.—A. P.

Widespread Thunderstorm In Deccan

POONA: March 15.

Thunderstorms have been widespread in South Madras and occurred at a few stations in Deccan, Punjab Hills, Bengal and Assam. Coonoor reports four inches of rain and had Kodaikanal two each.

FORECAST: Thunderstorms will occur locally in Peninsular, Bengal and Assam.—A. P

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

Killick ss City of Parth of 4153 reg tons, Captain E Ring arrived on 13th instant from Liverpool via Suez in ballast.

Killick ss City of Simla of 5955 reg tons, Captain H Percival arrived on 13th instant from Glasgow via Birkenhead and Portsaid with passengers and general cargo.

L Triestino ss Rina Corrado of 3124 reg tons, Captain T Giuseppe arrived on 13th instant from Messina via Massawa, Assab, Aden, Djibouti and Mogadisku in water ballast.

T Morrison ss Islami of 3617 reg tons, Captain T R Dow arrived on 14th instant from Jeddah with passengers, specie and dates cargo.

O S K ss Koshin Maru of 4432 reg tons, Captain T Heral arrived on 14th instant from Nagoya via Yokaichi, Osaka, Kobe, Moji Muke, Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo with general cargo.

L Edwards ss Yomachichi of 3673 reg tons, Captain J M Haifield arrive on 14th instant from Phidalephia via New York, Portsaid, Aden and Karachi with general cargo.

L Edwards ss Wartenfels of 3766 reg tons, Captain A Helers arrived on 14th instant from Hamburg via Bremen, Antwerp, Portsaid and Suez with general cargo.

N Y K ss Calcutta Maru of 5214 reg tons, Captain K Toriumi arrived on 14th instant from Basrah with general cargo

P and O ss Mirzapore of 4135 reg tons, Captain J F Waldrum arrived from Nagoya via Osaka, Kobe, Moji, Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo with passengers and general cargo.

Italian steamer Marine Sanado of 3139 reg tons, Captain F Caslijliwa arrived from Calcutta via Alleppey, Cochin, Calicut, Tellicherry with general cargo.

B I S N ss Warora of 1336 reg tons, Captain P Wright arrived from Mombassa with cargo of cotton and pepper.

B I S N ss Surada of 3381 reg tons, Captain G A Paterson arrived from Rangoon via Colombo, Trivandrum, Alleppey, Cochin, Badagra, Tellicherry with rice and general cargo.

LOADING

The following steamers booked for loading on 15-3-37.

S S Calcutta Maru (N Y K) for China Japan Ports via Singapore,
S S Surada (M M) for Karachi
S S Wartenfels (L E) for Europe and American Ports via Karachi.
S S Tuscania (G T Co) for Europe, and American Ports via Verawal.
S S Silkworth (S S N Co) for Colombo and Tuticorin
Victoria (L T) for Shanghai, Hongkong, Colombo and Manila.

DEPARTURES

B I S N ss Hoogla of 4096 reg tons, Captain J H Hughes sailed for Rangoon via Beypore and Colombo with local cargo.

Burmah Shell Oil S and D ss Badarpur of 4949 reg tons, Captain J Nelson sailed for rangoon with local cargo.

O S K ss Hague Maru of 3452 reg tons, Captain M Inone sailed for Kobe via Penang, and Singapore with local and same bottom cargo.

Vessels In Docks

ALEXANDRA DOCK
1 Kenya 4646 Durban 17-3 M M
2 Koshin Maru 3793 Karachi 20-3 O S K
3 Wartenfels 3766 Karachi 25-3 L Edwards.
5 Mirzapore 4135 N F, N F, M M
6 Elysia 4211 Karachi 19-3 Grahams Trading.
7 City of Simla 5955 Karachi 20-3 K Nixon
8 Quiloa 4750 Bhavnagar 15-3 M M
9 City of Worcester 3430 Calcutta 17-3 F F Campbell
11 Almkerk 4046 Fremantle 15-3 L Edwards
12 Hague Maru 3462 Japan 15-3 O S K
14 Freienfels 4589 Antwerp 16-3 L Edward
15 Kifuku Maru 4259 Japan 16-3 M M
16 City of Perth 4153 N F, N F, K Nixon.
17 Warfield 3805 London 17-3 M M

VICTORIA DOCK
2 Jalapalaka 2630 N F, N F, Scindia.
3 Bandra 1893 P Gulf 17-3 M M
4 Varsova 1955 Busrah 18-3 M M
6 Pagasitikos 2146 Perim 18-3 Oilseeds Trading
7 Yamachichi 3673 Calcutta 16-3 L Edwards
8 Cambay Star 320 Bhavnagar 15-3 S Hassum
9 Calcutta Maru 3214 Yokohama 18-3 N Y K
10-11 Rina Corado 3125 Genoa 18-3 L Triestino
14 Indira 278 Malabar Coast 15-3 Malabar Steamship

PRINCES DOCK
F Islami 3617 Jeddah 15-3 T Morrison
H Haideri 912 M Coast 15-3 S Hassum

STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON
Rajputana 18-3-37 P & O
Narkunda 25-3-37 P & O
Durenda 16-3-37 M M
Rawalpindi 15-4-47 P & O
Kaisar-I-Hind 8-4-37 P & O
Strathmore 22-4-37 P and O
Somali 26-3-37 P and O

FROM LIVERPOOL
Tascania 17-3-37 G Trading.
City of Tokio 16-3-37 K N
Clan Morison 21-3-37 James Finlay

FROM NEW YORK
Chickasaw City 13-3-37 M M
Leavernbank 22-3 F F Campbell
Pres. Hayes 23-3 F F Campbell

FROM GERMANY
Kandelfels 15-3-37 L Edward

FROM TRIESTE
Savoia 17-3-37 Triestino
Arabia 23-3-37 Lloyd Triestino

FROM OSLO
Agra 18-3-37 L Edward

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN
Tokiwa Maru 18-3 N Y K
Kofuku Maru 20-3 N Y K
Buyo Maru 22-3 O S K
Conte Verde 25-3-37 L Triestino
Borneo Maru 26-3 O S K
Bhutan 14-3 P and O
Naldera 19-3-37 P & O

FROM GENOA
India 15-3-37 L Triestino
Victoria 16-3-37 L Triestino
Alberts Trevis 17-3-37 L Triestino

FROM SYDNEY
Maloja 27-3 P and O

FROM BASSEIN
Birk 15-3-37 Scindia

FROM BASRA
Varela 20-3-37 M M
Bamora 18-3-37 M M
Baroda 25-3-37 M M

FROM ABADAN
British Workman 15-3-37 A I Oil

FROM MOULMEIN
Garmula 21-3-37 M M

FROM JEDDAH
Rizwani 19-3-37 T M

FROM DURBAN
Tairea 20-3-37 M M

FROM CALCUTTA
Gogra 20-3 M M

FROM KARACHI
Vita 18-3-37 M M

SAILING DATES

FOR LONDON
Bhutan 16-3-37 M M
Warfield 17-3-37 M M
Maloja 27-3-37 P and O
Naldera 20-3 P & O
Manela 10-3-37 M M

FOR GERMANY
Freunfels 14-3 L Edward

FOR LIVERPOOL
Elysia 31-3-37 Grahams
City of Canterbury 22-3-37 K N
Tascania 25-3-37 G Trading.

FOR TRIESTE
Conte Verde 25-3 L Triestino

FOR NEW YORK
Pres Hayes 24-3-37 F F Campbell
Levern Bank 24-3-37 F F Campbell
City of Worcester 14-3 F F Campbell

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN
Tokiwa Maru 21-3-37 N Y K
Calcutta Maru 23-3-37 N Y K
Koshin Maru 25-3-37 O S K
Kofuku Maru 31-3-37 N Y K
Conte Rosso 30-3-37 L T
Victoria 16-3-37 L Triestino
Rajputana 18-3-37 M M

FOR SYDNEY
Narkunda 25-3-37 P & O

FOR BASRA
Bandra 17-3-37 M M
Varsova 18-3-37 M M

FOR KARACHI
Vita 20-3-37 M M
Elysia 19-3 G Trading
Kendelfels 20-3-37 L Edwards
Tokiwa Maru 21-3-37 N Y K

FOR DURBAN
Tairea 31-3-37 M M
Kanya 17-3-37 M M

GENERAL LANDING DATES
S S Warfield 12-3-37
S S Clan Ogilvy 12-3-37
S S Kalavati 13-3-37
S S Oostcappelle 13-3-37
S S Bandra (boats) 13-3-37
S S Islami 15-3-37

EXPORTS

S S Warfield for London: 260 drums groundgut oil The Swastika Oil Mills.

For Antwerp: 100 bales hemp raw K J Kapadia; 220 bales cotton raw K Devchand; 550 bales cotton raw S Karamshi.

For Dunkirk: 25 bales cotton raw K Devchand; 550 bales cotton raw A Clayton; 110 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

For Havre: 220 bales cotton raw A Podar; 773 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

For Ghent: 330 bales cotton raw H Nensey

S S Elysia for Liverpool: 17 bales cotton twist waste G M Vyas; 34 bales wool raw M Oomersee.

For Glasgow: 10 bales cotton fly L O Vora.

For Manchester: 12 bales cotton waste M Chandulal; 100 bales cotton fly L O Vora; 534 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros; 125 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

For Marseilles: 280 bundles henna leaves S M Shah.

S S City of Perth for Liverpool: 72 bales cotton twist waste L O Vora; 35 bales cotton fly L O Vora; 40 bales wool raw Eastern Wool Trading; 220 bales cotton raw V Ladha; 1000 cotton raw Volkart Bros.

For Manchester: 50 bales cotton twist waste K J Vyas; 153 bales cotton twist waste L O Vora; 100 bales cotton fly L O Vora; 675 bales cotton raw K Devchand; 113 bales cotton raw N Rajaram; 500 bales cotton raw A Clayton; 250 bales cotton raw S R Pocock; 292 bales mowra meal B Ardeshir; 132 bales cotton raw Swastika General Trading; 357 bales cotton raw Vakharia; 78 drums castor oil W Latham; 230 bales cotton raw A H Diab.

S S City of Simla for Liverpool: 1280 bags myrabollams J Moolchand; 90 bales wool raw Eastern Wool Trading.

S S Frienfels for Hamburg: 266 bags groundnut seed R Dhanji; 50 bales cotton waste C Jairam; 50 bales cotton waste G M Vyas.

For Antwerp: 8 bales cotton yarn A Virji.

For Famagasta: 25 bales cotton piece goods A Virji.

S S Wartenfels for Antwerp: 1000 tons manganese ore Cox and Kings.

For Philadelphia: 52 bales goat skins D Abraham.

For Hamburg: 55 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading.

S S Rino Corado for Genoa: 155 bales cotton fly L O Vora; 330 bales cotton raw A Clayton.

For Fiume: 165 bales cotton raw N Rajaram.

For Venice: 110 bales cotton raw N Nagsi; 1372 bags castorseed Oil Seeds Trading; 2123 bags castorseed Cotton Agents

For Marseilles: 408 bags kang grains and mustard S M Rajgar.

For Trieste: 40 bags zedoary roots A Virji; 11 bales cotton raw Bombay Co; 605 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

S S Yomachichi for New York: 900 bags myrabollams J Moolchand.

For Philadelphia: 300 bags myrabollams J Moolchand; 1230 bags myrabollams H Bhagwandas.

S S City of Worcester for Halifax: 30 drums castor oil Swastika Oil Mills.

S S Almkerk for Sydney: 30 bales cotton twist waste Jain and Co.

S S Koshin Maru for Osaka: 200 bales cotton raw Kotak; 800 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha; 200 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading.

IMPORTS

S S Pandit, Agents T Morrison and Co from Rangoon: 17788 bags rice; 1999 bags cotton seeds; 131 bundles teak boards; 223 bundles teak reepers.

From Birmington: 282 pieces logs.

From Port Blair: 44 pieces wood scantlings; 2000 bags splints.

From Alleppey: 145 bags cocoanuts.

From Cochin: 40 bundles rubber.

From Calicut: 20 bales rubber.

From Cannanore: 55 bags copra.

S S Jalarashmi, Agents S S N Co. from Calcutta: 488 drums paint; 10385 pieces cast iron pipes and fittings; 315 bales gunnies; 109 bags betelnuts; 506 chests tea; 210 cases safety matches; 25 cases camphor; 2500 bags rice.

From Colombo: 43 tons scrap iron.

From Tuticorin: 66 bales yellow cotton; 20 bales cotton waste; 17 bales cardamoms; 18 bags oorid husk dust.

Trade Buying In Old Crop Cotton Months

HIGH RATE OF U. S. A. MILL CONSUMPTION

Beneficial Rains In Western Belt

Bombay, March 15

Markets throughout America on Saturday were apprehensive of a possible action by the Government to stem an undue inflationary movement either in stocks or commodities.

Operators on Wall Street were nervous due to prevalent labour trouble despite an agreement of the general motors with the Workers' Union. The session finished steady. The cotton market was very cautious owing to more reactionary sentiment, nevertheless large consumption figures for February assisted near positions and new crop deliveries stood firm despite rains in the Western belt. The market opened barely steady and was hesitant owing to overnight and some hedge selling orders. However selling was not aggressive and prices hardened on covering and good trade buying of near months together with scattered commission house and foreign buying of new crop months.

REUTER'S WEEKLY REVIEW

Demand was the most active for several years with heavy foreign, trade and speculative demand carrying price from 8 to 9 dollars per bale above the February low levels. Heavy realising caused shortlived reactions until the week-end, when the reactionary sentiment was more pronounced. Continental buying was partly attributed to the developments in France, while rearmament inflationary possibilities were factors in the upswing.

More favourable views of the statistical position are developing. The New York cotton exchange service estimations of the season's distribution of the American cotton being from 12,700,000 to 13,100,000 bales, entailing a reduction in the carryover from 400,000 to 800,000 bales.

Mills booking of cloth orders for delivery in the third and fourth quarters are aggressive, the demand being stimulated by the outlook of higher labour and raw material costs.

Estimates of the acreage increase range from 8 to 15 per cent with ideas veering round a big figure based on the belief that the advance will encourage heavier planting. Meanwhile after the recent extended upswing a temporary reaction would be regarded as healthy.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton futures market opened at a rise of one point with May 13.88. Prices declined one point to 13.87 and again advanced to 13.96 and finally closed at a net rise of 7 to 6 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 7 points at 14.54c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was very steady and closed at a rise of 7 to 5 points. Spot cotton prices were 7 points up at 14.27c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 6 points with May 7.75. There was buying from Egyptian section and scattered speculative support met Bombay selling. The market closed steady at a rise of 6 to 7 points. Middling American spot cotton prices were 7 points up at 8.01d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton market was firm with active buying. Sakels futures closed 36 to 50 points with Spot cotton 27 points up at 11.45d. Uppers futures gained 13 to 11 points.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

The Alexandria cotton futures market was feverish and Sakels futures advanced 60 to 45 points. Ashmouni futures closed at a rise of 41 to 19 points.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York May highest 13.96 plus 09 (11-45 a.m.)

New York May lowest 13.87 — (10-15 a.m.)

Liverpool May highest 7.76 plus 07

Liverpool May lowest 7.73 plus 04

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

New York: Trade buying offset profit taking and hedging.

New York: Oversubscription French loan and continued heavy consumption encouraging trade and speculative accumulation of contracts on setbacks. Market acts as if going higher.

New York: Quieter market. Foreign buying less aggressive. Some liquidation. Believe reaction needed. Cloth market extremely active, double to triple production sold during week.

New York: Fundamentals continue strong. Favour buying.

New York: High rate of domestic consumption and very good spot demand point to continuance of upward tendency of old crop months. To-day's buying mostly for trade. Beneficial rains in Western Belt but new crop months following the advance.

Messrs. Langley and Co have received the following cables from their foreign friends:—

Cotton: Impressive domestic consumption looks like continuing as spinner appear to have made sale upto end 1937.

Messrs. Ratilal and Co. have received the following cable:—

Garside: Domestic cloth sales big. Loan sales estimated 850,000 bales. Middling port level around 16 needed to cover loan plus charges. Cotton moderately below predepression relationships other commodities.

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, March 15

Linseed May	7	12	3
Linseed September	8	1	0
Wheat May	5	9	6
Wheat September	5	7	9

Tone: Steady.

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, March 15

Groundnuts May—			
Opening	43	6	0
Highest	43	12	6
Lowest	43	2	0
Closing	43	11	0
Cottonseed May—			
Opening	21	2	6
Highest	21	5	0
Lowest	21	0	6
May	21	4	0
Castorseeds May—			
Opening	37	2	0
Highest	37	4	3
Lowest	36	14	0
Closing	37	2	0

COTTON STRADDLES

Bombay, March 15

	To-day	Total
Bengal	1100	4200
Oomra	550	850

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, March 15

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G—					
Bengal U P	198	195	192	189	
Punjab	198	195	192	189	
Oomra No. 3	233	230	227	224	...
C P No. 1	246	243	240	237	...
C P No. 2	238	235	232	229	...
Broach No. 2	243	241	238	235	
Khandesh	227	224	221	218	...

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, March 15

Bengal Superfine	196/98
Bengal Fine	193/94
O P 1	236/38
C P 2	228/29
Arvi	228/29
Ellichpur	228/29
Berar	226/28
Khamgaon	228/29
Mulkapur	226/27
Khandesh	221/24
Jalna/Sailu	222/24
Burwah Sanavad	227/29
Broach Fine	240/42
Punjab American	235/45
Sind N T	290/90
Punjab 289 F	296/305
Jagadia Ankleshwar	287/88
Kim-Kosamba	292/93
Surat	297/98
Navsari	307/80
Kampala	405/10

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, March 15

March 256.30 plus 300
May 257.00 plus 260
June 258.00 plus 270
July 258.70 plus 280
September 260.30 plus 280

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, March 15

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales	13-3-37.	This year.
Khandesh	...	192,691
Central India	1,164	281,321
Barsi and Nagar	...	141,235
Hyderabad Gaorani	...	72,769
Berar	205	473,419
Central Provinces	101	98,655
Total Oomras	1,470	1,260,100
Dholera	1,054	40,013
N W Provinces	51	6,812
Rajputana	221	55,584
Sind Punjab	323	256,097
Broach	2,673	143,481
Coompta and Dharwar	...	12,065
Westerns Northerns	108	15,881
Cocoanada	...	124
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	...	3,341
Persian	...	10
American	...	4,560
Egyptian and African	3,842	184,493
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	5
Total	9,742	1,982,571

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 11th Mar

In full-pressed bales	13-3-37.	This year.
Europe	5,216	242,081
Japan and China	14,879	820,400
Coast Ports	...	15,355
Up-country by Rail	...	145,350
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	...	64,388
Total	20,095	1,287,574

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 15-3-1937.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus .010 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.0 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 70.9 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 84.8 degrees 0.7 (below normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 73.8 degrees 2.9 (above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 73 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. N

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 5 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 208 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of ...wind during 24 hours 28 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 0

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 15-3-37.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 80.0 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.09 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.90 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, March 15

B. C. RATES— T T D D	1/6 1/16
LONDON—	
Banks selling T T D D	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 3/16
Banks buying 3 mos.	1/6 7/32
NEW YORK	
B C Rate T T	274 1/8
Banks selling T T	272 1/8
Banks buying T T	270
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	/99
Banks buying T T	813
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T (1/8 lower from April)	77 1/2
Banks buying T T	76 3/4
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D	67
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D	66 5/8
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	83 3/8
SHANGHAI	
Banks selling D D	81 1/2
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	156 1/4
BERLIN—	
Banks selling D D	90 1/2
CROSS RATE—	
New York/London 13th instant	4.88 17/32
Japan London— 15th instant	1/2 1/32
Java London— 15th instant	8.89 1/4
Hongkong London— 15th instant	1/3
Shanghai London— 15th instant	1/2 5/8
London/Paris 13th instant	106.44
London/Belgium 13th instant	28.99 3/4
London/Switzerland 13th instant	21.45
London Berlin 13th instant	12.14 1/4
London Stockholm 13th instant	19.39 1/2
London New York 13th instant	4.88.60
London Amsterdam 13th instant	8.93 3/4
London Italy 13th instant	92.80
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.	
Gold	
12th instant	£7-2-5 1/2
13th instant	£7-2-4 1/2
Silver London Ready	
12th instant	20 11/16
13th instant	20 11/16
Silver London Forward	
12th instant	20 11/16
13th instant	20 5/8
Silver New York Ready	
12th instant	45
13th instant	nominal 45
London Discounts 3 months	
12th instant	9/16 p.c.
13th instant	9/16 p.c.
London Discounts 6 months	
12th instant	11/16 p.c.
13th instant	11/16 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	3 p.c.
Bank of England Rate	2 p.c.
Money:—	
Call	1/2 p.c.
3 Months	1 1/4 p.c.
6 Months	1 1/4 p.c.

Tone:—Easy.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, March 13

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Ame Power and Light Com	13
Ame Power and Light Pfd 5 per cent A	57
Ame Forn Power Com	12
Electric P and Light 7 per cent Pfd	80
Electric Bond 5 dol Pfd	76
Columbia Gas	17
United Power and Light	8
Int Tel and Tel	14
American Tel and Tel	173 1/2
Western Union Telg	74
Baltimore and Ohio Rly	37
Canadian Pacific Rly	16
Great North Pfd Rly	53
New York Central Rly	51 3/4
Southern Pacific Rly	62
Central Foundry	16
Amr Super Power	2
Northern S. Power A	31
N Y N Hartford H R R	74
Bethelehem Steel	101
Republican Steel	46 1/2
United States Steel	122 3/4
Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt	19
Amr Car Foundry	67
Anaconda Copper Mining	67
Int Nickel of Canada	71 1/4
Chrysler	128
General Motors	65 1/2
General Electric	59 1/2
Socony	18 7/8
Chase Bank	58 1/2
National City Bank	55 1/2
Sun Life of Canada	720
Crucible Steel	77
National Steel	87
Youngstown Sheet	96
National Distillers	32

Pittsburgh has declared a dividend of 15 cents. Unimportant market to-day. We look for better market next week.

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN

London, March 11

	This week. £
Total Bullion	314,600,000
Public Deposits	17,000,000
(a) Other deposits	131,500,000
Government securities	90,100,000
(b) Other securities	26,500,000
Notes and coin	50,100,000
Notes in circulation	464,500,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	33.74 p.c.
(a) Other deposits include bankers	93,800,000
(b) Other securities include discounts and advances	4,200,000

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, March 13

March £15-1-3

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, March 13

March 106 3/4d.
May 108 1/2d.
July 110d.

Stock Exchange Business Suspended

BOMBAY: March 15.

The local Share Bazar remained closed to-day as a mark of resentment against the Morison Committee Report.

In the Report it is recommended that,

". . . . . in the event of the Board of the Association proving itself incapable of discharging its functions with a due sense of responsibility. In such an eventuality, we suggest that Government should have the power to appoint its own Directors. . . . . ."

It is believed that this is the recommendation in the Report that has chiefly roused the ire of the members.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, March 15

Following a small rise of 7 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 239 for Broach A/M delivery and prices steadily advanced to Rs. 240/8 under improved buying as our prices are attractive compared with foreign growths. The undertone of the market was good with scarcity of sellers.

Liverpool market opened at a rise of 7 points and later on was quoted 9 points up. There was active buying in the local market and Broach A/M delivery was quoted at Rs. 243. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M	243	12	0
Broach J/A	249	4	0
Oomra March	230	12	0
Oomra May	228	8	0
Oomra July	230	4	0
Bengal March	193	8	0
Bengal May	194	8	0

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: May 187 July 206 at cross rate 4.88 17/32

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1937 239; Liverpool May 7.77 Rs. 99 1/2 at exchange 1/6

Bombay Liverpool: Broach J/A 1937 244/4; Liverpool May 7.77 Rs. 94 1/4 at exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1937 239; New York May 13.94 Rs. 78 1/2 at cross rate 4.88 17/32

Bombay New York: Broach J/A 1937 244/4 New York July 13.75 Rs. 69 at cross rate 4.88 17/32.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, March 13

Broach A/M 1937 opening 238 1/2, highest 239 1/2; lowest 238; closing 239

Broach J/A opening 243 3/4; highest 245; lowest 243 3/4; closing 244 1/4

Oomra March opening 223 1/2; highest 225 1/4; lowest 223 1/2; closing 225 1/4

Oomra May opening 222; highest 224; lowest 222; closing 224

Oomra July opening 224; highest 225 3/4; lowest 224; closing 225 3/4

Bengal March opening 190 1/2; highest 191; lowest 190; closing 190 1/2

Bengal May opening 191; highest 191 3/4; lowest 191; closing 191 1/2

Tejimandi for Broach A/M Settlement (21-3-37) Rs. 4 1/2

Tejimandi for Broach AIM (31-3-37) Rs. 6 1/2

Tejimandi for Broach J/A (30-6-37) Rs. 18 1/2

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 11th March 28,694 bales

Receipts into Bombay to-date since 1-9-1936 1,972,829 bales

Receipts into Bombay same time last season 1,586,266 bales

Increase 386,563 bales.

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, March 15

May 80.10 plus 60
June 80.90 plus 70

STERLING SHARE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, March 12

Messrs. Forbes and Lund have received the following quotations by special cablegram from London to-day:—

Name of Company	Latest prices £
Assam Bengal Railway Ordy Stock	84 0 0
Atlas Elect and Genl Trust Ordinary	0 8 6
Bank of London and S. America	6 10 0
B. B. and C. I. Railway Ordinary Stock	£114 0 0
Cables and Wireless 7 1/2 per cent Ordinary A Stock	30 0 0
Cawnpore Electric Sup Ord	2 10 0
Cellulose Acetate (Silk) Ord	0 16 0
Cross and Blackwell New Ord	0 7 6
Delhi Electric Sup Ord	2 19 0
Foreign Rly Inv Trust 5 per cent Prf Stk	48 0 0
Genl and Coml Invest Trust Defd Stk	100 0 0
East India Distilleries and S F Ordinary	1 4 9
Eastern Bank Ltd.	7 17 6
Indian Copper Corporation Ordinary	0 7 6
J. Lyons and Co 'A' Ord	6 5 0
C and E Morton 7 per cent Preference	0 11 6
Rangoon Electric Tram and S Ordinary	2 10 9
Salt Saltaires Deferred Ord	0 11 0
Shahdara Saharanpur L Rly 4 1/2 per cent Deb	96 0 0
United Premier Oil and Cake Ordinary	0 11 0

BOMBAY COTTON STATISTICS

Bombay, March 15

Receipts from 1st Sept 1936 to 11th March 1937	1,958,482
Same time previous season	1,566,271
Exports from 1st Sept 1936 to 11th March 1937	

	1936-37	1935-36
United Kingdom	40,080	53,537
Continent	198,066	215,610
China	6,100	12,600
Japan	814,202	506,236

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, March 15

On Saturday London gold prices declined one penny to £7-2-4 1/2. London Paris Exchange rate was 3 points down at 106.44 and Dollar sterling cross rate was quoted 4.88 17/32. London silver prices were unchanged with Indian buying and speculative selling. Montreal futures were 5 to 15 points down. The local market was quiet but steady with a moderate business and prices fluctuated within a narrow range.

GOLD			
Ready	35	4	3
Fagan	35	4	3
Chaitra	35	4	0
SILVER			
Ready	52	14	0
Fagan	50	11	0
Chaitra	50	14	0

Montreal Silver

Montreal, March 13

March 45.70 —15
May 45.60 —15
July 45.50 —05

TRADE TENDENCIES

Bombay, March 15

Messrs. M and B Stern state:—

The following cables are to hand:—

Cotton: "Liquidation well taken and although larger acreage possible contracts may be temporarily very scarce and believe trade and speculation will force prices higher."

Liverpool wheat: "Continue to hold a favourable opinion."

Metals: "All metals present healthier appearance after heavy liquidation Friday but although expect gradual rise violent fluctuations probable and would take profits in strong markets."

London Sugar: "Heavy long interest and would liquidate on advances."

Rubber: "Think higher prices justified on consumption."

Bromhall cables as follows:—

Linseed: Closing quieter, previously firm owing to fair U. K. trade new Indian, also, regular Continental trade Plate; pause in demand now probable; may cause a reaction.

Wheat: After the strength on heavy German buying also, good U. K. trade trend easier on profit taking; Favour bull side market.

Last closing prices:—Sugar December sh 6/7 3/4.

Wheat July sh 9/2, October sh 8/9

Copper £74-15-0 Tin £295-10-0. Lead £35-11-3. Spelter £36-15-0.

We have received the following unofficial metal quotations on Saturday from our H. Office. Copper £75-5. Spelter £36-15. Lead £35-15. Tin £300. N. Y. Electrolytic copper closed on Saturday at 17 3/8 cents an advance of 3/8th cent.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, March 13

May dol 1.34 1/4
July dol 1.17 7/8
September dol 1.15 7/8

New York Sugar

New York, March 13

July 2.54 plus 2
September 2.54 plus 3
December 2.62 plus 5
January 2.50 plus 4

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, March 15

Ready Javas Rs. 13-4
Shipment March Rs. 4-7
Shipment July September Rs. 4-12
Shipment October December Rs. 4-13
Kesar Rs. 11-7
Saraya Rs. 10-13
Java Spot F. 5.62 1/2

Produce Receipts

Bombay, March 15

Wheat	4,154	cwts.
Linseed	10,467	cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	109	cwts.
Gingellyseed	1,014	cwts.
Poppyseed	7	cwts.
Groundnuts	8,483	cwts.
Castorseed	9,833	cwts.
Rice	14,951	cwts.
Myrabollams	4,518	cwts.
Cottonseed	4,297	cwts.
Gram	705	cwts.
Joowar	487	cwts.
Barley	480	cwts.
Bajree	1,987	cwts.
Indian sugar	11,050	cwts.
Coal	950	tons.

Coast Ports	15,355	16,088
U. S. A	3,935	1,683
Total	1,077,836	894,598
Total exports by rail from 1st Sept 1936 to 11th March 1937		145,350
Estimated Mill consumption from 1st Sept 1936 to 11th March 1937		375,973
Same period last year		418,356
Estimated stock of raw cotton held by Exporters, Dealers and Mills in Bombay on 11th March 1937		1,081,360
Same time previous season		661,821

KARACHI STATISTICS

Total receipts from Up-country from 1st Sept 1936 to 4th March 1937	1,693,018
Same time previous year	1,276,685
Total cotton shipped from 1st Sept 1936 to 25th February 1937	955,112
Same period last season	961,724

Over 50,000 Affected In Budge Budge Jute Strike

Workers Demand Enquiry Into Conduct Of Police And Mill Authorities, Move For Assembly Adjournment Motion

Budge-Budge Jute workers downed their tools soon after the termination of the Howrah strike. To-day is the 15th day of the Budge-Budge strike. One by one, mills from Chtriganj to Shyamganj and Chengail to Rajganj have followed the lead given by Budge-Budge strikers. Workers of Wellington Jute Mill of Rishra have also struck work. Over 50,000 Jute workes are affected and the area is also quite extensive. Birla Jute Mill is partially working.

Workers are greatly agitated over the news of replacing local Bengali workers by Hindustanis, though it is not at all a practicable proposal. The entire area is under strong Police pickets.

In successive mass meetings of Budge-Budge workers held during the last several days thousands of workers registered their strong protest against the continuation and extension of orders under Section 144 and demanded their immediate withdrawal.

A number of workers put questions in the meetings enquiring again and again whether the Government would not allow them to combine peacefully and fight for their rights constitutionally in the spirit of the Trade Union Act. Workers also demanded of the Government to make a searching enquiry into the circumstances under which workers were injured at Shyamganj Soon after this Sj. Sib Nath Pathak, Joint editor, "Calcutta Industrial Gazette", was sent up for trial under Section 144 and 153. Sj Sudhindra Pramanik, the leader of the local strike, presided over these meetings and Sjts Rajani Mukherji, Dayaram Beri Sib Nath Pathak, Devendra Nath Sukul, Balai Das Mahaptra and others addressed the gathering.

It is understood that prominent members of the Assembly including Prof. N. G. Ranga, Mohan Lal Saxena, Satyamurti and Pt. Lakmi-Kanta Moitra have been requested to put searching questions and to move an adjournment motion in connection with the Budge-Budge strike and subsequent action of the police and mill authorities.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President, has been informed of the situation.

RURAL ELECTRIFICATION FOR IRRIGATIONAL & INDUSTRIAL PURPOSE IN BIHAR

Experimental Measure To Be Taken By Rohtas Sugar Mills

(From Our Correspondent.)

PATNA: March 15.

The possibility of introduction of rural electrification in Bihar for irrigational and industrial purposes, it is understood, have been brought within the range of practical proposition by the public spirited offer of the authorities of the Rohtas Sugar Mills at Dehrionsone to supply power at almost the same cost as available in United Provinces under latter's hydro-electric grid scheme from the new power stations. They are setting up for their new papers and cement factories

It appears that the question of electrification on some such lines as in United Provinces been before Government for some time and offer of Rohtas Sugar Mills has helped to bring the discussions to focus. The matter was discussed at some length at an informal conference on the 12th instant, and was presided over by the Chief Engineer to local Government.

It is stated that the conference discussed the feasibility of introducing tube-well irrigation in the area around Rohtas Sugar Mills as an experimental measure and it is reported to have been agreed that the scheme was feasible.

It appears that the Rohtas Sugar Mills are prepared to supply electric current in that area at half anna per unit bulk-supply at the generating station, with an additional charge of quarter of an anna for transmission of the distributing station and they are prepared to enter into a legal contract for supply of current at this rate for twenty years without any guarantee in return from local Government.

As to the quantity of current they must consume, it is reported, to have been decided at the conference to take steps to consult people in the area concerned as to their willingness to take current for irrigational purposes and to have a survey of the area with a view to find out where the proposed tubewells can be located.

The idea seems to be a small beginning as an experimental measure, with the capital outlay of within five lakhs of rupees which it is expected will be realised in course of about six to seven years and yield to Government a profit of about four to five per cent.

Working on U. P. basis it is expected that the cost of irrigation from the proposed tubewells should not exceed Rs. 12 per acre for sugarcane, Rs. 3 per acre for wheat and Rs. 6 per acre for potatoes. It is believed that the entire scheme is engaging the serious attention of the Government.

BOMBAY YARN & SILK MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION

The Second General meeting of the said Association was held in the hall of the Bullion Exchange Limited at Zaveri Bazar under the presidentship of Sheth Punamchandbhai Jechandbhai of Messrs. Chimanlal Poonamchand.

The report of the work done by the Managing Committee during the year 1936 and the audited balance sheet upto 31st December 1936 were moved by the Chair and were passed unanimously. Afterwards speeches were delivered by the president and the vice-president.

Thereafter the result of the voting papers were declared and the managing committee consisting of 16 members (including 5 office-bearers) was appointed for the year 1937, including Seth Purshotamdas Popatlal, President Sheth Sagarmall Modi, Vice-President Mr. Keshavlal Fulchand representing the firm of Messrs Haji Jiva Haji Khamisa & Co. Secretary, Sheth Vadilal Raghavji representing the firm of Messrs. Dharamsey Raghavji Gandhi, Secretary, Sheth Nathalal Maganlal representing the firm of Messrs. Nathalal Shivlal. Treasurer

The firm of Messrs. Himatlal M. Shah & Co. were appointed Auditors unanimously for the year 1937. When the above work was completed the ordinary general meeting was held under the presidentship of Sheth Purshotamdas Popatlal. The meeting passed a resolution giving power to co-operate three members in the managing committee. Then the Arbitration Board of eleven members was elected.

It was resolved that the market should be closed on every Sunday.

RAMAKRISHNA MISSION CHARITABLE DISPENSARY

The hon. secretary, Ramakrishna Mission, Khar, Bombay, writes:—

The charitable dispensary run by the Mission has completed its eighth year of service to the poor. During the year ended December 1936, the dispensary treated 17,255 patients without the distinction of caste, creed or colour. The total receipts for the period were Rs. 803-4-3 and the expenditure was Rs. 1,552-12-11, leaving a deficit of Rs. 749-8-8 which has still to be made up. We extend our heartfelt thanks to the Bandra Municipality for their grant of Rs. 600 and other donors for their help in cash and Mr. Bujanga Rao of Bombay Surgical Company for the free supply of medicines, Mrs. Mrinalini Banerji, Mrs. Kamla Nimbkar and Mr. D. V. Rama Rao, for supplying us with materials for building and equipments. Our sincere thanks are also due to the Doctors V. D. Merchant, S. B. Dharadhar, D. V. Rama Rao, G. B. Rane and K. S. Dharadhar for their honorary services to us. As the demand for medicines, both Allopathic and Homoeopathic, is increasing day by day and the income is too little to meet the same, we look forward to the generous and charitable minded public of Bombay and suburbs for their quota to carry on this noble cause. Contributions, however small, both in cash and kind, will be thankfully received and acknowledged by the hon. secretary.

NIZAM'S SILVER JUBILEE GIFT

49 Institutions Get Rs. 74,000

(From Our Correspondent.)

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) March 14.

About 49 institutions have been in receipt of donations valued at Rs. 74,000 from the Nizam's Silver Jubilee Fund as sanctioned by His Exalted Highness the Nizam.

From these donations Muslim institutions receive Rs. 20,000 Hindu institutions Rs. 5,000 Christians Rs. 7500; Women's movement Rs. 7000, educational institutions Rs. 27,000 Hospital Rs. 1,500, Libraries Rs. 500, others Rs 5,500, excluding the donation of Rs. 1000 to Karanja Maternity Home of Akola in Berar.

Hyderabad Lawn Tennis Championship

Strafordonavon.—The English National Cross-country, run over ten miles, was won by H. D. Clarke (York Harriers) in 60 minutes 19 seconds. Birchfield Harriers won the team event.

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The Bombay Chronicle

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BOMBAY: TUESDAY, MARCH 16, 1937

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Gandhiji Reaches Delhi

Mrs. Naidu, Nehru, Gaffar Khan Walk On Footpath With Him

(From Our Own Correspondent).

NEW DELHI: March 15.

Farmer Gandhi of Sheraon on whom centred attention of the whole country to-day, as his advice will be the deciding factor on how the Working Committee will draft the resolution on the office acceptance question, arrived in the Imperial City unobserved, excepting for a few of his friends and followers.

He got down at a wayside station ten miles away from Delhi as usual and motored upto the old Viceregal Lodge where he got down and began walking towards the Harijan Colony, nearly two and a half miles away. The usual long bamboo stick which he is used to carry was missed as he had replaced it with a long thick cane.

Gandhiji with half a dozen friends, walked on foot path unnoticed by many and few realised that the greatest politician of the day was trodding along to the abode he loved best. The only other dominating figure walking along Gandhiji was the Frontier Gandhi.

On the Royal Road, then rushed a car with breakneck speed and suddenly came to stop blowing lot of dust. Out emerged Mrs. Sarojini Naidu and Gandhiji made a beeline towards her and patted her on the back with toothless laugh on the face.

Mrs. Sarojini remarked pointing her leg "I cannot walk. I am not as young as you are". The reply from Gandhiji was a further smile as he was observing silence.

He opened the door of the car and motioned her into it. It was just then that Mrs. Naidu realised that he was observing silence and putting her finger to her mouth remarked " shhooo to-day its ishooo is it".

Mrs. Naidu passed on and within a few minutes another car dashed along only to stop after proceeding few yards.

Pt. Jawaharlal, the occupant of the car noticed Gandhiji and got down. He did "Namaste" to which Gandhiji made a sign by hand which he possibly meant. "How are things getting on?"

Pt. Jawaharlal with his usual smile on the face also replied by a sign getting on so so".

Gandhiji and Pt. Jawaharlal walked side by side to the Harijan Colony and when both were about to inspect the Harijan boys who had lined up with Jamnalal Bajaj shouted out from a distance " Rashtrapathiji it is past nine" and that was enough for the always punctual President.

He dashed towards the building where the Working Committee Meeting was to be held and where most of the members had assembled.

Gandhiji will be joining the Working Committee by eleven.

Apart from the members of the Working Committee, Mrs. Rukmini Laxmipathi, Rafi Ahmad Kidwai, Miss Sarabhai and C. Rajagopalachari attended the meeting.

It appears that the Committee will not be able to come to the final decision on office question before to-morrow as all the Provincial views have not been received officially as yet.

As I indicated yesterday, the Committee will arrive at unanimous decision on the question.

Working Committee Meet At Harijan Colony

NEW DELHI, March 15.

Mahatma Gandhi accompanied by Mr. Rajagopalachariar, Seth Jamnalal Bajaj, Mr. Mahadev Desai, Mr. Pyarelal and Mr. and Mrs. K. M. Munshi arrived here this morning by the Grand Trunk Express.

With a view to avoiding rush Gandhiji and party detrained at Niazmuddin Railway Station about 5 miles ahead of the Delhi Central Station and from there motored straight to Harijan Colony, King's Way.

The first meeting of the Congress Working Committee commenced at Harijan Colony this morning at 9 a.m. with 12 out of 15 members of the Committee attending.

Those who participated in the morning sitting of the Working Committee included Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Babu Rajendra Prasad, Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, Acharya Narendra Dev, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Mr. Achyut Patwardhan, Acharya Kripalani, Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram, Seth Jamnalal Bajaj, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, and Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant.

Mahatma Gandhi and Sjt. Rajagopalachariar will be attending the meeting by special invitation.—United Press.

GANDHIJI AND OFFICES

NEW DELHI, March 15.

According to most reliable information available in the Harijan Colony conditions incorporated in Gandhiji's leeter to Babu Rajendra Prasad in connection with Congress accepting Ministry, may be summed up as follows:—

1. A written assurance—and not mere verbal assurance—to be given by Provincial Governors to leaders of Congress Parties in Provincial Legislatures, not to use their special powers with a view to thwarting Congress programme.

2. Only contingency where Congress Parties may tolerate exercise of special powers by Governors will arise in case of Britishers in India are treated on a footing different from that of their Indian fellow subjects.—United Press Convention Special.

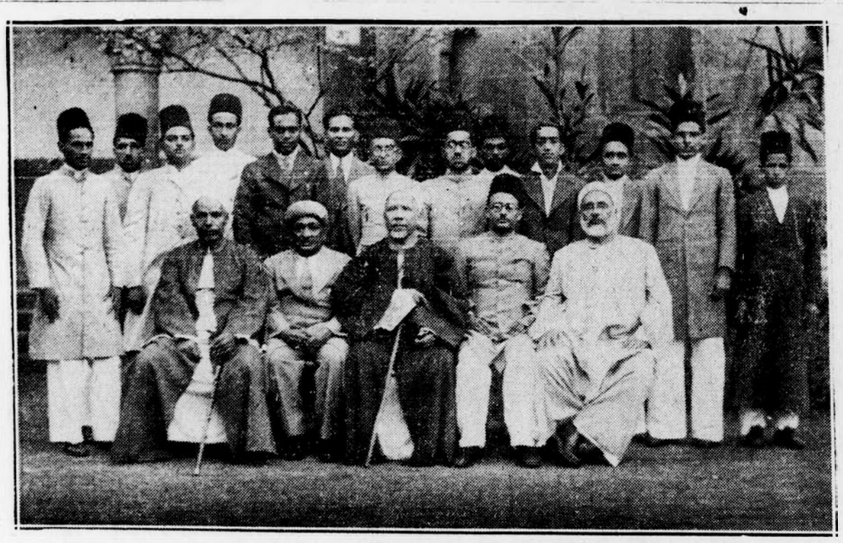
CONVENTION CONFINED TO CONGRESSMEN ONLY

NEW DELHI, March 15.

The "United Press" learns that the National Convention has been confined to only Congressmen.

Among the ex-presidents of the Congress who are not members of the Working Committee, invitations have been issued to Pandit Malaviya, Mr. C. Vijayaraghavacharya, Mahatma Gandhi and Mr. S. Srinivasa Iyengar.

293 members of the A. I. C. C. and 823 Congress Members elected to the Central and Provincial Legislatures have been also invited to the Convention, to take the oath of loyalty to the Congress and the country.—United Press.



Under the auspices of the Jamiat Shubhan Al Muslimeen, Bombay, a meeting was held on Friday last to bid farewell to the president and members of the Al-Azhar mission, Egypt. Photo shows the Delegation with the hosts.

PRESIDENT HAS BUSY TIME AT DELHI

NEW DELHI, March 14.

Pandit Jawaharlal had a busy time after the arrival at the meeting of the local Congress workers and members of the Reception Committee. He also met some Socialists who are organising an anti-constitution demonstration.

Acharya Kripalani, General Secretary of the Congress, visited Pandit Nehru soon after his arrival and had a talk with him presumably in connection with the arrangements regarding the Working Committee and to-morrow's subsequent meetings of the All-India Congress Committee and the All-India Convention.

The All-India Congress Committee meets on the afternoon of March 17, while the Convention meets on the afternoon of March 19.—A. P.

Baluchistan's Representative At Coronation

QUETTA, March 15.

The Zhob Militia and irregular forces will be represented at the Coronation of the King Emperor by Subedar Major Mian Mastan Gulbahadur, who will be the only representative of Baluchistan attending the Coronation.—A. P.

The Soviet's gold reserves are now the highest in the world, barring the United States.

This statement is made officially yesterday. The exact figure is not given but officials state that it exceeds £1,400,000,000.

ADVOCATE ARRESTED

Sequel To Leakage Of Matric And Intermediate Question Paper

AJMERE, March 14.

The arrest of Mr. Chandra Prakash, Advocate of Ajmere, and Mr. Sree Narain, a clerk of the local Bar Association, in connection, it is alleged, with the leakage of question paper set for the Matriculation and Intermediate Examinations organised by the Rajputana and Central India High School and Intermediate Education Board provided principal sensation of the day here.

A bail petition moved on behalf of Mr. Chandra Prakash before the District Magistrate was rejected.

It may be recalled that almost all the Matriculation and Intermediate examination papers were out and the Board at an emergent meeting held on Friday last resolvde that examinations held so far this year be taken as cancelled and that fresh examinations be held in all subjects at a date to be announced by the Board in due time.

Vigorous police investigation is proceeding and further arrests are likely to be made in this connection.—United Press.

INDO-BRITISH TRADE

Non-Official Advisers In Delhi

NEW DELHI, March 14.

Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas, Seth Kasturbhai Lalbhai, Sir Rahimtoola Chinoy and Mr. T. Maloney, Secretary of the Bombay Millowners' Association, all non-official advisers of the Government of India in the Indo-British and Indo-Japanese trade negotiations arrived this evening.

The Indo-British trade negotiations will be resumed to-morrow when it is believed, the date of the departure of the whole panel to London will be discussed.

Sir Mohamed Zafrullah Khan is leaving for London on April 10.—A.P.

JINNAH WELCOMES CO-OPERATION OF ALL MUSLIMS

LUCKNOW: March 15

In the course of a statement to the Associated Press Mr. Jinnah said.—

"I was invited by various members who have been elected as independents and on the ticket of the National Agriculturist Party. After hearing their views and discussing with them the question of achieving unity and solidarity which was pressed upon me by them I placed their views before the Muslim League Parliamentary Party and they were willing to reciprocate the desire for complete unity and passed the resolution.

The Muslim League stands for a policy programme and certain principles and those who are sincerely willing to stand by them to sign our pledge and follow our policy, to all those the door is open and they are welcome"

After completing some work here Mr Jinnah leaves for Delhi.

LEAGUE TO FIGHT CONGRESS

Opposition To Rafi Ahmed Kidwai

LUCKNOW, March 14.

An agreement on which Independents and members of the Nationalist Agriculturist Party would be allowed to join the Muslim League Party in the Assembly appears to be in sight.

After five hours of heated discussion at Salempur House, Mr. Jinnah went to the residence of Nawab Sir Muhammed Yusuf where non-Leaguers were anxiously awaiting the decision of the League Party regarding the terms on which they would be allowed to join the League.

At a joint meeting of the Working Committee of the Muslim League and the League M.L.A.'s strong opposition was offered by a section against the inclusion of non-Leaguers now in their fold in the Assembly. The fear was expressed by this section that the League had only 27 members in the Assembly and if all the other Muslim members joined the League Party in a body they would outnumber the League members and be in a majority in the Party.

The meeting unanimously elected Chaudhry Khaliq-uz-Zaman as leader of the Muslim League Party in the Assembly and Mubashir Hussain Kidwai as Secretary. The League also decided to contest the bye-election for the Bahraich seat rendered vacant by the death of Mr. Asghar Ali. The Congress Party is putting up Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai.—A. P.

BARODA, Mar. 14.—News has been received here from Botad in Bhavnagar State to the effect that a clerk of the State Treasury Branch has been sentenced to 7½ years' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 200 on a charge of defalcation of Rs. 15,000.—United Press.

Working Committee Faced With Difficulties

Three Conflicting Opinions Pitted Against One Another

NEW DELHI: March 15.

The Working Committee adjourned at half past twelve to meet again at 2 p.m., when it is expected that Gandhiji will join the deliberations.

"There is nothing for the Press. We are still discussing very important matters, but we shall try to issue a statement this evening," said Mr. Kripalani, General Secretary, to the Associated Press, when asked if there was any statement for the Press.—A. P.

The Working Committee meeting commenced at 9/30 A.M. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru presiding.

The following members were present:—Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Babu Rajendra Prasad, Khan Abdul Gafarkhan Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Seth Jamnalal Bajaj, Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram, Acharya Kripalani, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Pandit Govand Ballabh Pant, Acharya Narendra Dev, and Achut Patwardhan, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, and Mr. Chankarrao Deo are absent, but Maulana Abul Kalam Azad and Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose are expected this evening.

The following members attended by special invitation:— Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, Mrs. Laxmipathi and Miss Mridula Sarabai.

What the Committee is expected to do to-day and to-morrow is to evolve a formula with the help of Gandhiji which will be acceptable to all sections of opinion in the Congress.

There are three distinct schools of thought within Congress namely, those who want acceptance of office without any conditions such as an assurance from the Government about the non-exercise of the Governor's Special Powers, those who are totally opposed to office acceptance, either conditional or otherwise, and the third section which favours office acceptance for a limited period under specific conditions, including an assurance that the Governor's Special Powers will not be brought into action when Congress Ministers try to give effect to the Congress programme.

It is expected that out of these conflicting views a "via media" will be found which, if the All-India Congress Committee favours office acceptance, will enable Congress majorities in provinces to form ministries for specified period under stringent conditions but will throw the responsibility of initiating Congress Ministries on the Government.

That is to say the resolution that the Working Committee will frame on office question will be such as will throw the responsibility of accepting or rejecting Congress offer to form ministries on the Government.—A. P.

WORKING COMMITTEE MEETING

NEW DELHI: March 15.

After about three hours' deliberations, the Working Committee adjourned at 12-30 noon to re-assemble at 2 p.m. when Mahatma Gandhi will attend and take active part in the discussions on Office Acceptance issue.

It is understood that the morning sitting of the Committee was devoted only to hear the arguments against Acceptance of Office from the point of view of a straight and frontal attack on the Constitution.

Besides 12 regular members of the Working Committee three outsiders participated in the morning sitting on special invitation, namely, Srimati Rukmani Luxmipati, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari and Mr. Jai-Prakash Narain.—United Press.

JAWAHARLAL AND SWEEPER BOY

NEW DELHI: March 13.

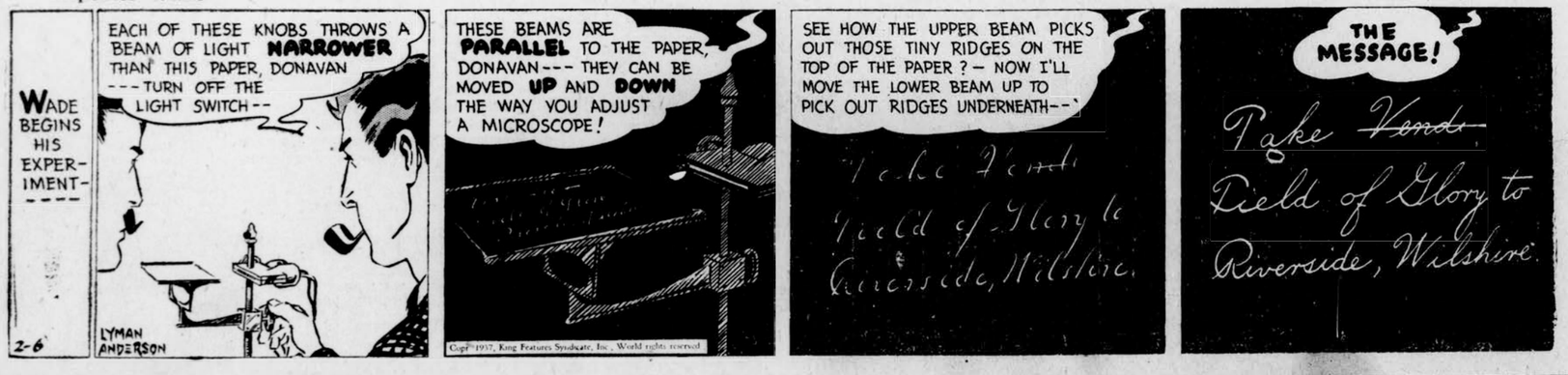
A small incident that speaks out the Congress President's abundant sympathy with the down-trodden and unfortunate masses of this country took place this morning at Ghaziabad Station.

As Panditji alighted from the train at this station, a cameraman wanted to take a snap photo, but Panditji refused to pose for him. Shortly after, as Panditji and party were crossing the railway overbridge, his attention was drawn to a sweeper cleaning the staircase evidently not daring to come near Panditji and share the enthusiasm, which the big crowd felt on account of Panditji's presence.

Panditji suddenly broke away from his party, went to the sweeper and started talking to him about his affairs. Here, he invited the cameraman, whom he had refused to be obliged a few moments back, to take a snap of him along with his sweeper friend. And this was readily done.—United Press Convention Special.

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade— "The Green Ribbon"


WADE BEGINS HIS EXPERIMENT----
EACH OF THESE KNOBS THROWS A BEAM OF LIGHT NARROWER THAN THIS PAPER, DONAVAN ---TURN OFF THE LIGHT SWITCH--
LYMAN ANDERSON
2-6
THESE BEAMS ARE PARALLEL TO THE PAPER, DONAVAN--- THEY CAN BE MOVED UP AND DOWN THE WAY YOU ADJUST A MICROSCOPE!
SEE HOW THE UPPER BEAM PICKS OUT THOSE TINY RIDGES ON THE TOP OF THE PAPER?— NOW I'LL MOVE THE LOWER BEAM UP TO PICK OUT RIDGES UNDERNEATH--
Take Yard Field of Glory to Riverside, Wiltshire.
THE MESSAGE!
Take Yard Field of Glory to Riverside, Wiltshire.

TO PROTEST AGAINST FASCISM

President Jawaharlal Asked To Send Speech To England

NEW DELHI, March 14.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has received a cable from England asking him to send a written speech for a meeting of all parties to be held in London on April 9 to protest against Fascism in Spain.—U. P. Convention Special.

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